# **Yaandina Community Services Limited**ABN 40 284 552 805

**Annual Report - 30 June 2021** 

### Yaandina Community Services Limited Directors' Report 30 June 2021

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

#### **Directors**

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Garry Bailey
Ruth Ellis
Fiona White-Hartig
Ross Humphries
Bronwyn Leon (resigned 23 March 2021)
Miranda Cecich (Appointed 15 December 2020, Elected 24 March 2021)

#### **Objectives**

Yaandina Community Services Ltd (Yaandina) is a multi-functional, multi-funded community services organisation that has been in operation for 46 years. Through the provision of life education; recreation; therapeutic interventions; practical support; and allied health care to children, youth, families and the elderly, Yaandina delivers localised wrap-around, client-centred services from birth to old age for the predominantly Aboriginal population of Roebourne and its surrounding communities.

In 2020/2021 Yaandina employed 120 staff, and provided a comprehensive suite of services whilst maintaining a focus on supporting the workforce development, employment and social and emotional well-being requirements of individuals, families and communities of Roebourne and its surrounds.

Yaandina's short term objective for 2020/2021 was to consolidate its well-credentialed Client Centric publicly funded and fee-for-service programs such as NDIS, Community Care and Residential Aged Care. In addition, funds were sourced to improve the assets of Yaandina by building or renovating 'Fit for Purpose' facilities to further enhance Yaandina's service offerings.

The long-term objective is to ensure Yaandina is well-positioned to respond to the needs and aspirations of the communities within its catchment area. Yaandina's ultimate objective is to be recognised as a leading provider of the services that it delivers and the positive impact those services have on community health and well-being.

# Strategy for achieving the objectives

Yaandina will continue to monitor its systems, policies and procedures to ensure compliance with all legislation impacting its services, through commitment to 'Continuous Improvement' practices and by obtaining and maintaining required accreditations.

Through its human resources management practices, Yaandina will ensure that at all times it employs competent, skilled and culturally sensitive personnel and that staff are upskilled to meet the on-going demands of their position.

Yaandina will continue to:

- network and maintain close relationships with its various Commonwealth, State and local government funders;
- advocate for support from other funding sources such as major businesses and industry groups; and
- seek to be represented on any relevant community and/or government committees dealing with the delivery of community services.

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#### **Principal activities**

Yaandina's principal activities are in Aged and Community Care services, Disability services, Alcohol and Other Drug services and Youth and Family services.

Funding is critical to the ongoing provision of these services. Consequently, the CEO and respective Service Managers maintain very close relationships with the relevant funders to ensure that Yaandina is recognised by its performance and compliance to regulatory requirements as a provider of choice.

#### **Performance Measures**

Yaandina's performance is measured in a number of ways, but principally its main indicator is its service delivery. This is measured by outcomes and community feedback. Internally, financial management, human resources, safety and legislative compliance are measured and reported upon at each Board meeting.

#### Information on directors

Name: Garry Bailey Title: Chairperson

Experience and expertise: Garry is a City of Karratha Councillor, Post Master and Justice of the Peace. He has

extensive experience in local government, local business and corporate relations. Garry has lived in Roebourne for over 30 years and has vast local knowledge and understands the unique issues and challenges the community are faced with. He and his wife Jenny have raised their 3 sons here while managing and operating the

Roebourne Post Office.

Name: Ruth Ellis
Title: Deputy Chair

Experience and expertise: Ruth has lived in Roebourne for over 50 years, where she has married and raised her

family. Ruth has worked in many roles in the community, including as Manager of the Sobering Up Shelter & Roebourne Visitor Centre. She has also been on the Committee of Roebourne Primary School P&C, Roebourne Advisory Group, St John Ambulance and currently, the Wickham Community Association, Yirramagardu Community

Association and the Pilbara Aboriginal Church.

Name: Fiona White-Hartig
Title: Non-Executive Director

Qualifications: AICD

Experience and expertise: Fiona worked in the political arena in Canberra before working in the community sector

for many years. Fiona has a boundless interest in community service and works hard to support her local community through the Wickham Community Association and the

Roebourne Advisory Committee.

Name: Ross Humphries
Title: Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise: Ross currently works as a Specialist in the Community Engagement team at Rio Tinto.

He is of Nyoongar heritage and has experience working within the resources, local government and education sectors as well as volunteering with various local sporting

and community groups.

Name: Bronwyn Leon

Title: Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise: Bronwyn is an Aboriginal woman from the Gumbaynggirri Nation. She has over 33

years' experience working in both Aboriginal Affairs and the health sector. Bronwyn's specialities include community development, community engagement, policy & strategic development, business planning, working in Aboriginal communities and

across non-government & government sectors.

### Yaandina Community Services Limited Directors' Report 30 June 2021

Name: Miranda Cecich
Title: Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise: Miranda specialises in the delivery of transformational human resource and

organisational development projects. She has managed engagements to develop operating models, aligning operations to strategic objectives and identifying

performance improvements in large, complex organisations.

Miranda has extensive experience managing senior stakeholders and large teams and has worked within the Resource, Community and 'Not for Profit' sectors. Miranda currently sits on community boards and currently operates as CEO of a not-for-profit

legal organisation.

#### Company secretary

Emma Dumbrell has held the role of Company Secretary since January 2016. Emma is an experienced practice manager with years of experience in bookkeeping, staff supervision and business development who brings a broad cross-section of skills to Yaandina.

#### Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2021, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board		
	Attended	Held	
Garry Bailey	4	4	
Ruth Ellis	4	4	
Fiona White-Hartig	4	4	
Ross Humphries	4	4	
Bronwyn Leon	1	4	
Miranda Cecich (elected 24/03/2021)	2	4	

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the Board member was a member of the Board.

#### Contributions on winding up

The company is a public company limited by guarantee. The liability of each member is limited. Each member guarantees to contribute up to a maximum of one dollar to the assets of the company if it is wound up while the member is a member, or within one year afterwards, and at the time of winding up the debts and liabilities of the company exceed its assets. The liability of each member is limited to making such contributions and no more.

The total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$7, based on 7 current ordinary members.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is included on page 4 in the annual report and forms part of this report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Yaandina Community Services Limited Directors' report 30 June 2021

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Garry Bailey Non-executive Chairman

12 November 2021 PERTH



To The Board of Directors

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Charities and Not for Profits Commission Act 2012 Section 60-40

As the lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of Yaandina Community Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the Australian Charities and Not for Profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours Faithfully

HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Hall Chadwick

CHRIS NICOLOFF CA

**Partner** 

Dated this 12th day of November 2021



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#### **General information**

The financial statements cover Yaandina Community Services Limited as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Yaandina Community Services Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Yaandina Community Services Limited is a not-for-profit unlisted public company limited by guarantee.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 12 November 2021. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

# Yaandina Community Services Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue	3	11,932,379	15,242,086
Expenses Other operating expenses Employee benefits expense	4	(4,801,812) (6,365,344) (11,167,156)	(3,985,553) (6,265,510) (10,251,063)
Operating Surplus for the year		765,223	4,991,023
Less: Unexpended grants carried forward Less: Unexpended client fees Less: Return of unexpended funds	18 9	(970,691) (92,616) (242,790)	(1,293,969) (104,235)
Net (Deficit) / Surplus for the year		(540,874)	3,592,819

# Yaandina Community Services Limited Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Total current assets	5 6	1,950,484 381,520 2,332,004	1,944,023 176,236 2,120,259
Non-current assets Right-of-use assets Property, plant and equipment Total non-current assets  Total assets	7 8	369,861 31,126,011 31,495,872 33,827,876	348,993 31,745,298 32,094,291 34,214,550
Total assets	,	33,027,070	34,214,330
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Provision for employee benefits Provision for legal expenses Unexpended grants Lease liabilities Total current liabilities	9 12 18 10	1,028,576 244,963 139,000 970,691 218,601 2,601,831	554,413 306,362 1,293,968 177,537 2,332,280
Non-current liabilities Provision for long service leave Provision for capital expenditure Lease liabilities Total non-current liabilities	10	88,286 - 167,330 255,616	57,089 10,834 177,227 245,150
Total liabilities		2,857,447	2,577,430
Net assets		30,970,429	31,637,120
Equity Reserves Retained surpluses	11	30,970,429	125,817 31,511,303
Total equity	:	30,970,429	31,637,120

# Yaandina Community Services Limited Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Capital Replacement Reserve \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2019	125,817	27,918,484	28,044,301
Transfer to reserve	-	-	-
Net Surplus for the year	-	3,592,819	3,592,819
Balance at 30 June 2020	125,817	31,511,303	31,637,120
	Capital Replacement Reserve \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2020	125,817	31,511,303	31,637,120
Transfer (from) reserve	(125,817)	-	(125,817)
Net (Deficit) for the year	-	(540,874)	(540,874)
Balance at 30 June 2021		30,970,429	30,970,429

# Yaandina Community Services Limited Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		10,571,687 (9,650,350) 7,487	13,354,944 (9,173,426) 20,547
Net cash from operating activities	-	928,824	4,202,065
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		(682,769)	(4,846,076) 24,402
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(682,769)	(4,821,674)
Cash flows from financing activities Lease payments		(239,594)	(183,275)
Net cash used in financing activities	=	(239,594)	(183,275)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		6,461 1,944,023	(802,884) 2,746,907
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	1,950,484	1,944,023

### Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Company.

The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations are most relevant to the Company:

#### AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 has been adopted from 1 July 2019. The standard replaces AASB 117 'Leases' and for lessees eliminates the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition is replaced with a depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liabilities (included in finance costs). In the earlier periods of the lease, the expenses associated with the lease under AASB 16 will be higher when compared to lease expenses under AASB 117. For classification within the statement of cash flows, the interest portion is disclosed in operating activities and the principal portion of the lease payments are separately disclosed in financing activities. For lessor accounting, the standard does not substantially change how a lessor accounts for leases.

AASB 1058 'Income of Not-for-Profit Entities' & AASB 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' AASB 1058 'Income of Not-for-Profit Entities'

The Company has adopted AASB 1058 from 1 July 2019. This standard establishes principles for not-for-profit entities that apply to transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than fair value principally to enable a not-for-profit entity to further its objectives and the receipt of volunteer services. This standard also applies to contracts with customers that do not meet the criteria to be recognised under AASB 15.

Funding from government grants that are within the scope of AASB 1058 are recognised as income when the Company has contractual rights to receive the funding. All invoices are issued in accordance with a predetermined schedule detailed in the specific funding agreement.

#### AASB 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The Company has adopted AASB 15 from 1 July 2019. The standard provides a single comprehensive model for revenue recognition. The core principle of the standard is that an entity shall recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Funding from governments are accounted in accordance with AASB 15 if the promises to be delivered are sufficiently specific.

# **Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB'), the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and associated regulations and the *Corporations Act 2001*, as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

#### Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### In the current year:

#### Operating Grants, Donations and Bequests

When the entity receives operating grant revenue, donations or bequests, it assesses whether the contract is enforceable and has sufficiently specific performance obligations in accordance to AASB 15,

All revenue is stated net of goods and services tax (GST).

When both these conditions are satisfied, the Entity:

- identifies each performance obligation relating to the grant;
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the agreement; and
- recognises revenue as it satisfies its performance obligations.

Where the contract is not enforceable or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, the Entity:

- recognises the asset received in accordance with the recognition requirements of other applicable accounting standards (eg AASB 9. AASB 16, AASB 116 and AASB 138);
- recognises related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liability, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liability arising from a contract with a customer); and
- recognises income immediately in profit or loss as the difference between the initial carrying amount of the asset and the related amount.

If a contract liability is recognised as a related amount above, the Entity recognises income in profit or loss when or as it satisfies its obligations under the contract.

#### Capital Grant

When the Entity receives a capital grant, it recognises a liability for the excess of the initial carrying amount of the financial asset received over any related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liability, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liability arising from a contract with a customer) recognised under other Australian Accounting Standards.

The Entity recognises income in profit or loss when or as the Entity satisfies its obligations under terms of the grant.

#### Interest Income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### Dividend Income

The Entity recognises dividends in profit or loss only when the Entity's right to receive payment of the dividend is established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

#### Unearned revenue

Amounts received in advance when the Company has not met all the conditions to obtain the control of the funding are accounted for as unearned revenue and are classified in the statement of financial position as a current liability.

#### Income tax

As the company is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

#### **Current and non-current classification**

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Trade and other receivables

Other Receivables are recognised at amortised cost less any Expected Credit Losses (ECL). The company has reviewed its impairment methodology under AASB 9 for financial assets under the new ECL model for all its assets held at amortised cost. There has been no change in the impairment impacts on the financial statements as a result of this change in methodology.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a diminishing value basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) using expected depreciation rates as follows:

Buildings 2% - 2.5%
Property improvements 5% - 10%
Plant and equipment 15% - 100%
Motor vehicles 18% - 25%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

#### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### **Employee benefits**

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

#### Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Leases

#### The Entity as lessee

At inception of a contract, the Entity assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the Entity where the Entity is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (lease with remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

Initially, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Entity uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- lease payments under extension options if lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Concessionary Leases

For leases that have significantly below-market terms and conditions principally to enable the Entity to further its objectives (commonly known as peppercorn/concessionary leases), the Entity has adopted the temporary relief under AASB 2018-8 and measures the right of use assets at cost on initial recognition.

#### Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

# Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

#### **Comparative Figures**

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial period.

#### Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### Performance obligations under AASB 15

To identify a performance obligation under AASB 15, the promise must be sufficiently specific to be able to determine when the obligation is satisfied. Management exercises judgement to determine whether the promise is sufficiently specific by taking into account any conditions specified in the arrangement, explicit or implicit, regarding the promised goods or services. In making this assessment, management includes the nature/ type, cost/ value, quantity and the period of transfer related to the goods or services promised.

#### Lease term and Option to Extend under AASB 16

The lease term is defined as the non-cancellable period of a lease together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and also periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. The options that are reasonably going to be exercised is a key management judgement that the entity will make. The entity determines the likeliness to exercise the options on a lease-by-lease basis looking at various factors such as which assets are strategic and which are key to future strategy of the entity.

#### Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

# Employee benefits provision

As discussed in note 1, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

# Note 3. Revenue

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue		
Grants received	8,975,825	12,417,654
Interest received	7,487	20,547
Other revenue	2,949,067	2,803,885
Revenue	11,932,379	15,242,086
Note 4. Expenses		
Note 4. Expenses		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Surplus before income tax includes the following specific expenses:		
Other operating expenses		
Accounting fees	60,865	61,782
Bad debts	6,490	4,635
Client consumables	19,280	25,390
Depreciation	1,288,828	1,141,278
Depreciation – right of use asset	249,894	189,046
Legal expenses Occupancy costs	139,000 446,121	382,706
Program expenses	1,064,952	644,330
Repairs and maintenance	274,634	325,454
Other operating expenses	1,251,748	1,210,932
Other operating expenses	4,801,812	3,985,553
Employee benefits expense		
Wages	5,657,554	5,573,131
Superannuation	494,420	498,673
Staff training and welfare	213,370	193,706
Employee benefits expense	6,365,344	6,265,510
Note 5. Current assets – cash and cash equivalents		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	1,950,484	1,944,023
Cash balance per statement of cash flows	1,950,484	1,944,023

# Note 6. Current assets - trade and other receivables

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Trade receivables Deposit – Solar Panels	148,122 233,398	95,375 80,861
	381,520	176,236
During the year, the following losses were recognised in the profit or loss in relation to impaire	ed receivables.	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Impairment losses - Individually impaired receivables		4,635
		4,635
As at 30 June 2021, trade receivables of \$1,957 were past due but not impaired. The ageing of as follows:	of these trade rec	eivables is
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Up to 3 months Greater than 3 months	146,165 1,957	63,644 4,389
	148,122	68,033
Note 7. Non-current assets – right-of-use assets		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Right-of-use assets	369,861	348,993

# Note 8. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Land and buildings – at cost	37,960,380	37,652,370
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(7,647,420)	(6,507,380)
	30,312,960	31,144,990
Property improvements – at cost	192,852	204,582
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(29,692)	(20,334)
2033. Accumulated depreciation	163,160	184,248
	100,100	104,240
Plant and equipment – at cost	1,317,094	1,131,582
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(911,898)	(826,742)
·	405,196	304,840
Motor vehicles – at cost	619,366	441,819
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(374,671)	(330,599)
	244,695	111,220
	31,126,011	31,745,298

# Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$	Property improvements \$	Plant and equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation expense	31,144,990 308,010 - (1,140,040)	184,248 - (11,722) (9,366)	304,840 197,212 (1,506) (95,350)	111,220 177,547 - (44,072)	31,745,298 682,769 (13,228) (1,288,828)
Balance at 30 June 2021	30,312,960	163,160	405,196	244,695	31,126,011

# Note 9. Current liabilities - trade and other payables

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Client fees accrued	67	67
Sundry creditors	24,517	336
Other creditors	344,293	220,646
PAYG Payable	76,094	74,851
Superannuation Payable	45,896	41,889
Home Care – Unexpended Funds	92,616	104,235
Refundable Accommodation Deposit	501,657	245,556
Tax clearing account	(56,564)	(133, 167)
		_
	1,028,576	554,413

#### Note 10. Lease liabilities

#### **Current Liabilities**

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Lease liabilities	218,601	177,537
Non-Current Liabilities		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Lease liabilities	167,330	177,227
Note 11. Equity – Reserves		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Opening Balance Less: Capital assets acquired Capital replacement reserve	125,817 (125,817)	125,817 - 125,817

The capital replacement reserve records funds set aside for the future replacement of the company's plant, property and equipment.

#### Note 12. Legal Fees - Provision

Yaandina Community Services Limited has been prosecuted by an ex-resident that resided at its Turner River Centre for the loss and damage suffered as a result of an Assault that occurred during the course of her residence by one of the male nurses back in 2015. As the nurse cannot be located, Yaandina was held liable for the charges due to its negligence for not having adequate procedures at the Centre to prevent the Assault from happening. A pre-trial will be held during November 2021 to determine the settlement amount required for the loss and damage claim. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. An estimate made by DLA Piper Australia based on receipt of Claimant's Particulars of up to \$139,000 will be required to settle the obligation. These claims will be covered by Yaandina's Medical Malpractice Insurance and the Company expects some or all of the provision to be reimbursed. The Company has not recognised a separate asset and will only do so when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

#### Note 13. Key management personnel disclosures

# Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to Directors and other members of key management personnel of the company is set out below:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Aggregate compensation	297,781	484,970

#### Note 14. Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 30 June 2021.

#### Note 15. Commitments

The company had no commitments for expenditure as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

### Yaandina Family Centre Limited Notes to the financial statements 30 June 2020

# Note 16. Related party transactions

#### Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 13.

#### Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

# Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

#### Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

# Note 17. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 18. Schedule of unexpended grants

	1 July 2020 Balance	1 July 2020 to 30 Released	June 2021 Expended	30 June 2021 Balance
Roebourne Youth Services				
CofK Communit Grant 2020	_	25,000	33,160	_
DC - YS		457,029	502,316	_
Woodside Covid-19	14,359		14,970	_
CCPF LYFE	22,406	_	22,500	_
Connect Kids	5,310	10,000	10,045	5,265
MHC Youth AOD	186,227	19,822	163,617	42,432
PM & C	100,221	150,000	150,000	
T W G O	228,302	661,851	896,608	47,697
Administration Fund			·	·
IPS Training	_	15,000	10,790	4,210
		15,000	10,790	4,210
Childrens Counsellor				
	400.000	074.000		
DCP Healing Centre - Operating	122,026	251,908	250,559	123,375
Rio Tinto Book Funding	-	19,821	-	19,821
Safe Children Make Stronger Children	10,000	-	10,122	-
	132,026	271,729	260,681	143,196
Family Support				
Grant Income - DCS	30,906	253,232	239,393	44,745
Lotterywest Emergency Relief FY2019	94,346	-	94,346	-
Mission ER	3,391	13,550	17,546	_
Woodside Donation	-	9,000	2,605	6,395
	128,643	275,782	353,890	51,140
MHC 477 Mingga Patrol funding-DAA	130,845 130,845	912,816 295,601 1,208,417	982,533 285,629 1,268,162	140,817 140,817
Furner River Centre				·
Dept PM & C		2,458,008	2,349,426	108,582
TRC 19/20 Underspend	- 23,296	190,875	214,458	-
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD	3,639	190,875 150,000	214,458 88,329	65,310
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO	3,639 15,772	190,875 150,000 143,572	214,458 88,329 103,598	- 65,310 55,746
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD	3,639 15,772 55,016	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795	65,310 55,746 83,244
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO	3,639 15,772	190,875 150,000 143,572	214,458 88,329 103,598	65,310 55,746 83,244
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC	3,639 15,772 55,016	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795	65,310
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC	3,639 15,772 55,016	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel	3,639 15,772 55,016	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRRIG	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628 - 120,337
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699 135,401 52,160	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562	11,610 36,628 - 120,337
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233	11,610 36,628 120,337
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care  DOH - NATSIFACP	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233	11,610 36,628 - 120,337 - 168,574
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233	11,610 36,628 120,337
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care  DOH - NATSIFACP DOH - CHSP	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233 349,114 418,937	11,610 36,628 - 120,337 - 168,574
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care  DOH - NATSIFACP DOH - CHSP	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699 135,401 52,160 897,770 409,426 448,208 857,634	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233 349,114 418,937 768,051	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628 - 120,337 - 168,574 60,312 29,271 89,583
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care  DOH - NATSIFACP DOH - CHSP	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699 135,401 52,160 897,770 409,426 448,208 857,634	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233 349,114 418,937 768,051	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628 - 120,337 - 168,574 60,312 29,271 89,583
TRC 19/20 Underspend WAPHA After Hours AOD WAPHA ALO WAPHA AHPC  Aged Care Hostel  IEI Jobs Creation ACRRIG ACAR Grant Business Improvement Lotterywest Vehicle Grant Workforce Retention Bonus  Home and Community Care  DOH - NATSIFACP DOH - CHSP	3,639 15,772 55,016 97,723	190,875 150,000 143,572 103,023 3,045,478 257,880 - 108,630 343,699 135,401 52,160 897,770 409,426 448,208 857,634	214,458 88,329 103,598 74,795 2,830,606 246,270 152,537 314,783 223,362 143,719 72,562 1,153,233 349,114 418,937 768,051	65,310 55,746 83,244 312,882 11,610 36,628 - 120,337 - 168,574 60,312 29,271 89,583

Yaandina Community Services Limited Directors Declaration 30 June 2021

In the opinion of the directors:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Australian Accounting Standards
   Reduced Disclosure Requirements, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and associated regulations, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

Garry Bailey

Non-executive chairman

12 November 2021 PERTH



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YAANDINA COMMUNITY SERVICES LIMITED

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Yaandina Community Services Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

# In our opinion:

- a. the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001 and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act* 2012, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.





Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Act 2001*, the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
  or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial report. We are
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain
  solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

HALL CHADWICK WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Hall Chadwick

CHRIS NICOLOFF CA

**Partner** 

Dated this 12th day of November 2021