# THE BILLY GRAHAM EVANGELISTIC ASSOCIATION LIMITED

ABN: 25 000 268 333

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2022

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# Financial Report For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **Directors**

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

W. Franklin Graham III Karl E. Faase Wendy J. Francis Paul L. Molyneux Paul T. Saber

Gary W. Lundstorm - Alternate Director for W. Franklin Graham III

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were to foster evangelistic efforts throughout Australia.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the company's principal activities during the current financial year.

#### **Short-term and Long-term Objectives**

The entity's short-term objectives are to foster evangelistic efforts throughout Australia, distribute Decision monthly magazines and work with churches to spread the gospel of Jesus Christ.

The entity's long-term objectives are to support and extend the evangelistic calling and ministry of Franklin Graham by proclaiming the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ by every effective means available and by equipping the church and others to do the same.

#### **Strategies**

To achieve its stated objectives, the entity has adopted the following strategies:

- Transmit, spread, propagate and communicate the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ by any means the directors decide including, but without limitation by:
  - (a) television, film, video, internet, computer, tape, disc or digital recordings, or any electronic, telephonic or digital methods of recording, reproduction or communication;
  - (b) newspapers, periodicals, advertisements, posters, books or leaflets or other printed materials; and
  - (c) public meetings, rallies, lectures, conferences, forums, services, sermons, addresses, speeches, interviews, appearances, missions or other public or private means of communication in person.
- By having a responsible Board of Directors who meet to establish policies, approve budgets, and review operational results and ministry accomplishments.

#### **Key Performance Measures**

The entity measures its performance through the use of both quantitative and qualitative benchmarks. The benchmarks are used by the directors to assess the financial sustainability of the company and whether the entity's short-term and long-term objectives are being achieved.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Information on Directors

#### W. Franklin Graham III - Director

#### Experience

Board Member since 21 March 2002

#### Qualifications

- International President & CEO of the Billy Graham Evangelistic Association (BGEA) and Samaritan's Purse
- Since 1989, the keynote speaker for BGEA evangelistic rallies in 47 countries and all 50 states in the USA
- Since 1979, the President of Samaritan's Purse which provides emergency relief and development assistance to suffering people around the world
- Speaker & author who regularly addresses current moral and social issues, calling Christians to stand for Biblical values and challenging them to make a difference in the world
- Fourth of five children of the late evangelist, Billy Graham, and his wife, Ruth Bell Graham

#### Karl E. Faase

- Director and Chairman of the Board

#### Experience

Board Member since 20 January 1958

#### Qualifications

- Australian Christian communicator, media presenter, leader & social commentator
- CEO of Olive Tree Media
- Board member of Sydney Prayer Breakfast
- Host of Jesus the Game Changer TV/DVD series
- Presenter of Daily Nudge radio spots
- Professional speaker & former Senior Pastor of Gymea Baptist Church

#### Wendy J. Francis

- Director

#### Experience

Board Member since 3 October 2008

#### Qualifications

- Graduate of Griffith University & Qualified Justice of the Peace
- National Director of Politics for the Australian Christian Lobby
- Recognised spokesperson for women and children
- Author of 4 children's books
- Former Marketing Manager for Queensland Baptists
- Former Manager of Griffith University Centre for Public Culture.

#### Paul L. Molyneux

- Director

#### Experience

Board Member since 28 May 2013

#### Qualifications

- Masters of Church Practice & Masters of Business (MBA)
- Lead Pastor at Knox CityLife Church in Melbourne
- Former Chaplaincy Executive for Mission Australia, supporting the well-being of staff and clients
- Former Minister at CityLife Church in Melbourne
- Festival Director for Franklin Graham's 2005 Festival in Melbourne

#### Paul T. Saber

Director

#### Experience

Board Member since 26 September 2008

#### Qualifications

- Bachelor of Science (Michigan University)
- Since 2002, President & CEO of the Manna Development Group LLC which operates restaurants across seven states in the USA
- Former Senior VP (USA Corporation Division) of McDonald's & owner/operator of 14 McDonald's restaurants
- Chairman of the 1998 Franklin Graham Festival in Albuquerque & Executive Committee member for the 2003 Billy Graham Crusade in San Diego
- Director of Samaritan's Purse (SP) and Billy Graham Evangelistic Association (BGEA) in the USA and of the SP/BGEA affiliate Boards in Australia, Canada, Germany and the United Kingdom

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Gary W. Lundstorm - Alternate Director for W. Franklin Graham III

Experience

Board Member since 23 June 2021

#### Qualifications

- Bachelor of Science (Evangel University, Springfield, Missouri)
- Has served with Billy Graham Evangelistic Association and Samaritan's Purse for over 20 years
- Currently serves as International Vice President for both organisations, providing executive leadership and planning strategically initiatives on a global level
- Previously served as Executive Vice President, and International Director of both Projects and Operation Christmas Child
- Serves as Director/Alternate Director on the Boards of Affiliate Offices in Australia, Canada, Germany, and the United Kingdom

#### **Meeting of Directors**

During the financial year, 4 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
W. Franklin Graham III	4	-	
Karl E. Faase	4	4	
Wendy J. Francis	4	3	
Paul L. Molyneux	4	3	
Paul T. Saber	4	3	
Gary W. Lundstorm - Alternate Director for W. Franklin Graham III	4	4	

The entity is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the entity is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$4 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the entity. At 31 December 2022, the total amount that members of the entity are liable to contribute if the entity is wound up is \$36 (2021:\$36).

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 31 December 2022 has been received and can be found on page 4 of the financial report.

The directors' report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director	Docusigned by:  East Faase  B4E3DF12D33C407
	DocuSigned by:  Paul Molyneux
Director	1F3EA582FF9C42F  Paul L. Molyneux
Dated this	26th day of May 2023

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER S 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE BILLY GRAHAM EVANGELISTIC ASSOCIATION LIMITED

In accordance with Subdivision 60-C of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited. As the lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2022 there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Name of Partner

Frank Catanzariti

Name of Firm

FRANK CLUNE & SON - Chartered Accountants

Address

Level 8, 60 Carrington Street, SYDNEY, NSW, 2000

Date

315 day of May 2023

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	494,785	322,673
Other Income	2	641,196	448,255
Employee Benefits Expense	3	(466,958)	(460,388)
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	3	(32,318)	(29,262)
Direct Project Costs		(1,735)	(151)
Other Expenses		(605,115)	(216,175)
Current Year Surplus Before Income Tax		29,854	64,952
Income Tax Expense		-	-
Net Current Year Surplus	_	29,854	64,952
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		29,854	64,952
Surplus Attributable to the Entity	<u> </u>	29,854	64,952
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to the members of the Entity	_	29,854	64,952

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	496,826	417,751
Trade and Other Receivables	5	27,453	19,969
Inventories	6	10,997	9,677
Other Current Assets	7	2,128	16,558
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		537,404	463,956
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Plant and Equipment	8	57,711	48,467
Right-of-Use Assets	9	93,352	78,487
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		151,063	126,954
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	688,467	590,910
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	10	149,998	47,865
Lease Liabilities	11	23,782	14,846
Employee Provisions	12	64,480	57,626
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		238,260	120,337
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	10	-	57,758
Lease Liabilities	11	73,940	66,403
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		73,940	124,161
TOTAL LIABILITIES		312,200	244,498
NET ASSETS	<u> </u>	376,266	346,412
EQUITY			
Retained Surplus		376,266	346,412
TOTAL EQUITY	_	376,266	346,412

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Retained Surplus
	<b>\$</b>
Balance at 1 January 2021	281,460
Comprehensive Income	
Surplus (Deficit) Attributable to the Entity	64,952
Balance at 31 December 2021	346,412
Balance at 1 January 2022	346,412
Comprehensive Income	
Surplus (Deficit) Attributable to the Entity	29,854
Balance at 31 December 2022	376,266

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$
Receipts from Operations		1,128,407	806,451
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(1,061,277)	(674,697)
Interest Received		68	10
Interest Paid		(2,652)	(2,665)
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	_	64,545	129,099
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from Sale of Plant and Equipment		-	-
Payment for Plant and Equipment		(21,499)	(19,884)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	_	(21,499)	(19,884)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase / (Decrease) Lease Liabilities		(18,011)	(13,918)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Liabilities		(57,758)	(13,910)
Receipts of Intercompany Loans		111,798	7,842
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	_	36,029	(6,076)
· ·	_	·	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net Increase in Cash Held		79,075	103,139
Cash on Hand at Beginning of the Financial year		417,751	314,612
Cash on Hand at End of the Financial Year	4	496,826	417,751

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements covers for The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited as an individual religious Not-for-Profit entity and incorporates New Zealand Branch operations. The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited is a Not-for-Profit company limited by quarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The principal activities of the company during the course of the year were to foster evangelistic efforts throughout Australia, distribute Decision monthly magazines and work with churches to spread the gospel of Jesus Christ.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012. The entity is a Not-for-Profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 26th May 2023 by the directors of the company.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### (a) Revenue

The Entity is first required to determine whether amounts received are accounted for as Revenue per AASB 15 or Income per AASB 1058. Funding arrangements which are enforceable and contain sufficiently specific performance obligations are recognised as revenue under AASB 15. Otherwise, such arrangements are accounted for under AASB 1058, where upon initial recognition of an asset, the Entity is required to consider whether any other financial statement elements should be recognised, with any difference being recognised immediately in profit or loss as income.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

When project revenue is received whereby the entity incurs an obligation to deliver economic value for the project, the revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered for that project. Otherwise, project revenue is recognised as income on receipt.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

#### (b) Plant and Equipment

Each class of Plant and Equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

#### **Plant and Equipment**

Plant and Equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of Plant and Equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset.

Plant and Equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed AssetDepreciation RateFurniture and Equipment20 - 40 %Motor Vehicles22.50%Software20 - 40 %

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Gains are not classified as revenue.

#### (c) Leases

#### The Entity as Lessee

At inception of a contract, the entity assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a Right-of-Use Asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the entity where the entity is a lessee. However all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (lease with remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the entity uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- lease payments under extension options if lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The Right-of-Use Assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the Right-of-Use Assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-Use Assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the Right-of-Use Asset reflects that the entity anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### (d) Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (e) Employee Benefits

#### **Short-Term Employee Benefits**

Provision is made for the company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

#### Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

The entity classifies employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements as other long-term employee benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Provision is made for the company's obligation for other long-term employee benefits, which are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss classified under employee benefits expense.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current liabilities in its statement of financial position, except where the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current liabilities.

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### (g) Inventories

Inventories held for sale are goods carried at the lower of cost allocated and net realisable value.

#### (h) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

#### (i) Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the entity is exempt from income tax under Div 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.* 

#### (j) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

#### **Key Estimates**

#### (i) Project Funds Held

The project funds held have been reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that any of the projects funds have not been utilised or already expended. The project funds liability stated is based on the best information at reporting date of unused or unexpended services.

#### (ii) Useful Lives of Plant and Equipment

As described in Note 1, the Entity reviews the estimated useful lives of Plant and Equipment at the end of each annual reporting period.

#### **Key Judgements**

#### (i) Lease Term and Option to Extend under AASB 16

The lease term is defined as the non-cancellable period of a lease together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and also periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. The options that are reasonably going to be exercised is a key management judgement that the entity will make. The entity determines the likeliness to exercise the options on a lease-by-lease basis looking at various factors such as which assets are strategic and which are key to future strategy of the entity.

#### (ii) Employee Benefits

For the purpose of measurement, AASB 119: Employee Benefits defines obligations for short-term employee benefits as obligations expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. As the entity expects that most employees will not use all of their annual leave entitlements in the same year in which they are earned or during the 12-month period that follows (despite an informal internal policy that requires annual leave to be used within 18 months), the directors believe that obligations for annual leave entitlements satisfy the definition of other long-term employee benefits and, therefore, are required to be measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees.

#### (k) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Foreign Currency transactions during the period are converted to Australian currency at the rates of exchange applicable at the dates of the transaction. Amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies at balance date are converted to the rates of exchange at that date.

The gains and losses from conversion of short-term assets and liabilities, whether realised or unrealised, are included in operating profit as they arise.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Note 2	Revenue and Other Income		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
Reve			
Reve	nue from Donations	000 440	000.070
_	Projects Bequests & Legacies	392,112 102,673	322,673
<del>_</del>	Dequests & Legacies	494,785	322,673
	<del></del>	404,700	322,073
Othe	r income		
_	Interest Received	68	10
_	Other Grants	627,473	411,532
_	ATO COVID-19 Business Grant	-	15,000
_	ATO JobKeeper Payments	-	17,250
	ATO JobSaver Payments	3,054	- (0.004)
_	Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)	(2,059) 196	(8,964) 497
	Sale of Merchandise Other Operating Income	12,465	12,930
	Other Operating Income	641,196	448,255
	<del></del>	1,135,981	770,928
	<del>-</del>	1,100,301	110,320
Note 3	Surplus for the Year		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
Surplus from	continuing operations includes the following specific expenses:-		
_			
Expe			
Empi	oyee Benefits Expense: Salary & Wages	414,342	411,724
	Superannuation	42,708	41,724
_	Employee Leave Entitlements	8,114	6,221
_	Staff Amenities	1,794	1,109
	_	466,958	460,388
	<del>-</del>		
Depre	eciation and Amortisation Expense:		
_	Furniture and Equipment	3,412	4,016
_	Motor Vehicles	-	2,169
	Donor Management Software	8,843	4,433
_	Right of Use - Rent Lease Low Value Asset Write Off	19,620 443	16,239 2,406
_	Low value Asset Write Oil	32,318	29,262
	<del>-</del>	32,310	25,202
Note 4	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
Cash at Banl	k		
_	Westpac Cheque Account	480,063	387,824
_	Westpac NZ Bank Account	16,763	29,927
	<u> </u>	496,826	417,751
Note 5	Trade and Other Receivables		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
Trade Receiv	vables	23,669	13,755
GST Refund	able	3,784	6,214
	<u> </u>	27,453	19,969

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Note 6 Inventories		
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Stock on Hand	10,997	9,677
<del>-</del>	10,997	9,677
Note 7 Other Current Assets		
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Prepayments	2,128	16,558
	2,128	16,558
Note 8 Plant & Equipment		
• •	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Furniture and Equipment		
at Cost	35,380	30,061
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(27,225)	(23,813)
_	8,155	6,248
Motor Vehicles		
at Cost	38,749	38,749
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(38,749)	(38,749)
	-	-
Donor Management Software	88,483	72,303
at Cost	(38,927)	(30,083)
Less Accumulated Depreciation	49,557	42,220
	57,711	48,467

#### **Movements in Carrying Amounts**

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of Plant and Equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Furniture and Equipment \$	Motor Vehicle \$	Donor Management Software \$	Total \$
2021				
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	6,560	2,169	30,472	39,201
Additions at Cost	3,704	-	16,180	19,884
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	(4,016)	(2,169)	(4,433)	(10,618)
Carrying Amount at the End of the Year	6,248	-	42,220	48,467
2022				
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	6,248	-	42,220	48,467
Additions at Cost	5,319	-	16,180	21,499
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	(3,412)	-	(8,843)	(12,256)
Carrying Amount at the End of the Year	8,155	-	49,557	57,711

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Note 9 Right-of-Use-Assets

The Entity's lease portfolio includes buildings. These leases have an average of 3 years as their lease term.

#### **Options to Extend or Terminate**

The option to extend or terminate are contained in several of the property leases of the Entity. These clauses provide the Entity opportunities to manage leases in order to align with its strategies. All of the extension or termination options are only exercisable by the Entity. The extension options or termination options which were probable to be exercised have been included in the calculation of the Right-of-Use Asset.

This lease is measured at cost in accordance with the Entity's accounting policy as outlined in Note 1.

The issue is measured at each in accordance than the Emily c according po	one) as caminea in riole in	
AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Right-of-Use Assets	2022	2021
_ <del>-</del>	\$	\$
Leased Building	131,917	94,726
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(38,565)	(16,239)
-	93,352	78,487
-	·	·
Note 10 Trade and Other Payables		
·	2022	2021
	\$	\$
CURRENT	·	·
Trade Payables	27,517	37,182
Intercompany Accounts	122,481	10,683
	149,998	47,865
NON-CURRENT		11,000
Flying Blind Account (IHQ)	<u>-</u>	57,758
Trying Billia Account (ITIQ)		57,758
=		07,700
Note 11 Lease Liabilities		
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
CURRENT	<b>*</b>	•
Lease Liability - Right of Use Assets	23,782	14,846
-	23,782	14,846
-	23,102	14,040
NON-CURRENT		
Lease Liability - Right of Use Assets	73,940	66,403
	73,940	66,403
-	, 0,0 10	
_	97,722	81,249
		_
Note 12 Employee Provisions		
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Provisions for Employee Benefits: Annual Leave	46,312	41,697
Provisions for Employee Benefits: Long Service Leave	18,168	15,929
- Totalone for Employee Benefite. Early corvice Estate	64,480	57,626
=	0 1, 100	01,020
	Employee	Employee
	Benefits	Benefits
Analysis of Total Provisions	Bonomo	Dononto
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	57,626	49,363
Additional provisions raised during the year	37,026 35,752	49,303 32,517
	•	·
Amounts used	(28,898)	(24,254)
Balance at the End of the Year	64,480	57,626

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### **Provision for Employee Benefits**

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Base on past experience, the entity does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based upon historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1(e).

#### Note 13 Events After the Reporting Period

Other than the following, the directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

The company expects to continue to receive funding and grants from the USA which will absorb some expected expenditures during the coming year.

#### Note 14 Remuneration of Directors

All the directors act in an honorary capacity and receive no paid compensation for their services.

#### Note 15 Economic Dependency

The company is dependent on public donations from appeals, specific and general fundraising, sponsorships and projects in Australia and New Zealand. The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association in the United States does contribute to the organisation from time to time.

#### Note 16 Entity Details

The registered office of the entity is:

The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited 13 Binney Road Kings Park NSW 2148

The principal place of business is:

The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited 13 Binney Road Kings Park NSW 2148

#### Note 17 Members' Guarantee

The entity is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the entity is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$4 towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the entity. At 31 December 2022 the number of members was 9. (31 December 2021, 9).

#### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited, the directors of the Entity declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 5 to 15, are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012 and:
  - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures applicable to the entity; and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the registered entity as at 31 December 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the registered entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is signed in accordance with subs 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Regulation 2013.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BILLY GRAHAM EVANGELISTIC ASSOCIATION LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The Billy Graham Evangelistic Association Limited (the registered entity), which compromises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of profit or loss, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the registered entity is in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012, including:-

- giving a true and fair view of the Registered Entity's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Regulation 2013

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Registered Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ACNC Act, the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Registered Entity's financial reporting responsibilities under the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the registered entity's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Registered Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profit Commission Act 2012 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Registered Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Registered Entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BILLY GRAHAM EVANGELISTIC ASSOCIATION LIMITED

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
  in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Registered Entity's
  internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Registered Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Registered Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Auditor's name and signature:

Frank Čatanzariti

Name of firm:

FRANK CLUNE & SON - Chartered Accountants

Address:

Level 8, 60 Carrington Street, SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dated this

day of May 2023