ABN 30 768 872 928

**Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

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# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

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# **Committee Members' Report**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

Your committee members present this report on the association for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

#### **Committee members**

The names of each person who has been a committee member during the year and to the date of this report are:

Margaret Clinton (in office all year)
 Bill Fortier (in office all year)

- Mike Jupp (in office up to June 2014)

Vanessa Martin (in office all year)
 Bill Thompson (in office all year)
 Merrilee Verhoeven (in office all year)
 Stuart Esler (in office all year)

David McKinnon (in office up to October 2013)

- Kim Strong (in office all year)

Jim Watt (in office from October 2013)
 Anthony Howe (in office from June 2014)

Committee members have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the association during the financial year was the provision of wildlife information and rescue services throughout the State of New South Wales.

### Meetings of committee members

During the financial year, 17 meetings of committee members were held. Attendances by each committee member were as follows:

	Committee Members' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Margaret Clinton	17	17	
Bill Fortier	12	17	
Mike Jupp	1	17	
Vanessa Martin	16	17	
Bill Thompson	17	17	
Merrilee Verhoeven	16	17	
Stuart Esler	17	17	
David McKinnon	2	2	
Kim Strong	16	17	
Jim Watt	12	12	
Anthony Howe	1	1	

The association operates as an incorporated association registered under the Associations Incorporation Act 2009 and the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010 in the Australian State of New South Wales.

### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2014 has been received and can be found on page 3 of the financial report.

# **Committee Members' Report**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

Signed in accord	lance with a resolution of	the committee members:
Bill Fortier Committee Mem	ber	
Stuart Esler Committee Mem	ber	
Dated this	day of	2014

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE MEMBERS OF WIRES INC

We declare that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, during the financial year ended 30 June 2014, there have been no contraventions of any auditor independence requirements as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* in relation to the audit.

Name of Firm:	THOMAS HOPPER & PARTNERS Chartered Accountants
Name of Auditor:	Steven Dadich
Address:	1/68 Alfred Street Milsons Point NSW 2061
Dated this	_ day of, 2014.

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014	2013
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	2	2,171,617	2,571,041
Advertising expenses		(2,530)	(7,389)
Auditor's remuneration	3	(31,430)	(41,885)
Employee costs		(1,278,080)	(1,123,184)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		(73,670)	(97,340)
Service and administrative expenses		(1,065,633)	(1,023,275)
Profit / (loss) before income tax	_	(279,726)	277,968
Income tax expense	1j _	-	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	4	(279,726)	277,968
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	=	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(279,726)	277,968

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# As at 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	1,991,099	2,186,735
Trade and other receivables	6	146,518	110,419
Inventories	8 _	60,298	62,548
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	2,197,915	2,359,702
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9 _	174,774	179,814
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	174,774	179,814
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,372,689	2,539,516
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Provisions Financial liabilities Other current liabilities	10 11 12 13	95,528 118,524 10,640 75,458	30,414 116,441 7,240 33,156
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	300,150	187,251
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES	- - =	300,150	187,251
NET ASSETS	=	2,072,539	2,352,265
EQUITY			
Retained earnings	14	2,072,539	2,352,265
TOTAL EQUITY	_	2,072,539	2,352,265

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2012		2,074,297	2,074,297
Total comprehensive income for the year		277,968	277,968
Balance at 30 June 2013		2,352,265	2,352,265
Balance at 1 July 2013		2,352,265	2,352,265
Total comprehensive income for the year		(279,726)	(279,726)
Balance at 30 June 2014	14	2,072,539	2,072,539

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from supporters		2,093,332	2,494,394
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,328,553)	(2,259,371)
Interest received	_	68,177	95,973
Net cash flows from operating activities	15	(167,044)	330,996
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment		24,085 (52,677)	42,947 (79,676)
Net cash flows from investing activities	·	(28,592)	(36,729)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Net cash used in financing activities	-	-	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held	<u>-</u>	(195,636)	294,267
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		2,186,735	1,892,468
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	5	1,991,099	2,186,735

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

The financial statements cover WIRES Inc as an individual entity. WIRES Inc is an association incorporated in New South Wales under the *Associations Incorporation Act 2009* and the *Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010*.

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Associations Incorporation Act 2009 and the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### a) Revenue

Grant revenue is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the association obtains control of the grant and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the association and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before it is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the association incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, this is considered a reciprocal transaction and the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

Where the association receives non-reciprocal contributions of assets from the government and other parties for zero or a nominal value, these assets are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition in the statement of financial position, with a corresponding amount of income recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Income from donations, fundraising and beguests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

#### b) Inventories

Any inventories held by the association are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Inventories held for distribution are measured at cost adjusted, when applicable, for any loss of service potential.

Inventories acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are valued at the current replacement cost as at the date of acquisition.

### c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of property, plant and equipment are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation surplus in equity. Revaluation decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of assets are recognised in other comprehensive income under the heading of revaluation surplus. All other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the asset's useful life to the association commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

### **Class of Fixed Asset**

**Depreciation Rate** 

Plant and equipment

4 - 33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Each asset class's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the class's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

### d) Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset but not the legal ownership are transferred to the association, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised, recording an asset and a liability equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the association will obtain ownership of the asset. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### e) Financial Instruments

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the association becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the association commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss" in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- i. the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- ii. less principal repayments;
- iii. plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and
- iv. less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

### i. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, or where they are derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

#### ii. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, except for those which are not expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. (All other loans and receivables are classified as non-current assets.)

#### iii. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the association's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. (All other investments are classified as current assets.)

If during the period the association sold or reclassified more than an insignificant amount of the held-to-maturity investments before maturity, the entire held-to-maturity investments category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

### iv. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to be disposed of within 12 months after the end of the end of the reporting period. (All other financial assets are classified as current assets.)

### v. Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

#### **Impairment**

At the end of each reporting period, the association assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the association no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party, and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### f) Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the association reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and when the association would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of a class of assets, the association estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is debited against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

#### g) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the association's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash outflows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

Contributions are made by the association to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred.

### h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

#### i) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO. The GST component of financing and investing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as a part of operating cash flows. Accordingly, investing and financing cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows net of the GST that is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO.

### j) Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the association is exempt from income tax under Div 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

### k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the association has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

### I) Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year. When an association applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period must be disclosed.

### m) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the association during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

#### n) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the association.

### o) Economic Dependence

WIRES Inc is largely dependent on the donations given to the association by the public for the purposes of facilitating the carrying out of wildlife information and rescue services by the WIRES association as a whole. At the date of this report the committee members have no reason to believe the general public will not continue to support WIRES Inc.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

### p) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

### q) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

During the current year, the association adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations applicable to its operations which became mandatory. The adoption of these Standards has impacted the recognition, measurement and disclosure of certain transactions.

Specifically, WIRES Inc had elected to early adopt AASB 2012–7, which includes amendments to disclosure requirements arising from the Tier 1 (full-disclosure) Standard AASB 2011–9: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income that became mandatorily applicable from 1 July 2012. Furthermore the adoption of AASB 2011–9 only changed the presentation of the financial statements and did not have any impact on the amounts reported for the current period or for any prior period in the financial statements.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
NOTE 2: REVENUE			
Australian Government Grants to Voluntary Environment & Heritage			
Organisations (GVEHO) program		-	3,300
Bequests		405,459	942,340
Department of Primary Industries Grant		15,500	15,500
Donations (Branch)		118,408	110,918
Fundraising		149,965	141,206
Grants		19,527	72,894
Interest income		68,177	95,973
Membership fees		33,871	43,308
NSW Office of Environment & Heritage Environmental Trust Grant		50,000	-
Other income		11,005	-
Sales of stock and merchandise		23,510	21,744
Sales of Branch stock		81,349	79,646
Sales of manuals		2,372	3,576
Sales other		34,475	5,461
Sir Robert & Lady Askin Trust Grant		46,500	-
Sponsorship income		800	-
Subsidies to Branches		48,872	44,227
Training fees		148,318	141,175
WIRES Public Gift Fund disbursements to WIRES Inc		913,509	849,773
	-	2,171,617	2,571,041
NOTE 3: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION			
Audit		26,000	26,000
Other services		5,430	15,885
e and recommend	•	31,430	41,885
NOTE 4: EXPENSES AND PROFIT	-		
a) Operating expenses			
Advertising expenses		(2,530)	(7,389)
Auditor's remuneration	3	(31,430)	(41,885)
Employee costs		(1,278,080)	(1,123,184)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		(73,670)	(97,340)
Service and administrative expenses		(1,065,633)	(1,023,275)
·	•	(2,451,343)	(2,293,073)

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
NOTE 4: EXPENSES AND PROFIT (continued)			
b) Profit			
Revenue	2	2,171,617	2,571,041
Operating expenses	4a	(2,451,343)	(2,293,073)
Income tax	1j _	-	
Profit / (loss) after income tax		(279,726)	277,968
NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash on hand		9,338	10,408
Cash at bank		509,216	572,912
Term deposits	_	1,472,545	1,603,415
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	1,991,099	2,186,735
NOTE 6: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current			
Trade debtors		30,961	24,844
GST receivable		91,531	67,790
Other debtors	_	24,026	17,785
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	146,518	110,419
NOTE 7: FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Current			
Cash on deposit	_	1,472,545	1,603,415
NOTE 8: INVENTORIES			
Stock on hand	<del>-</del>	60,298	62,548
NOTE 9: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Plant and equipment			
At cost		310,399	269,015
Accumulated depreciation	_	(135,625)	(89,201)
Total plant and equipment	_	174,774	179,814

A review of all fixed assets across all branches was performed by management during the year in which various fully written down items of plant and equipment were removed due to them not having any depreciation applicable. As a result, the current year balance reflects the written down value of all actively depreciating assets as at year end.

Current

Branch payables

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 9: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued	)	
Movements in carrying amounts	Plant and equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2012	180,311	180,311
Additions	79,676	79,676
Disposals	(42,947)	(42,947)
Depreciation expense	(37,226)	(37,226)
Balance at 30 June 2013	179,814	179,814
Balance at 1 July 2013	179,814	179,814
Additions	52,677	52,677
Disposals	(24,085)	(24,085)
Depreciation expense	(33,632)	(33,632)
Balance at 30 June 2014	174,774	174,774
NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current		
Trade creditors	69,11	7 14,388
Other creditors	26,41	<b>1</b> 16,026
	95,52	30,414
NOTE 11: PROVISIONS		
Current	440 50	4 446 444
Employee entitlements provision	118,52	
	118,52	<b>4</b> 116,441
A provision has been recognised for employee entitlements of future cash flows, the probability of long service leave measurement and recognition criteria relating to employee be	being taken is based on histo	orical data. The
NOTE 12: FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		

2014

\$

Note

2013

\$

7,240

7,240

10,640

10,640

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
NOTE 13: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current			
Sundry payables		75,458	33,156
	_	75,458	33,156
NOTE 14: RETAINED EARNINGS			
Retained earnings at beginning of financial year		2,352,265	2,074,297
Total comprehensive income for the year		(279,726)	277,968
Retained earnings at end of financial year	_	2,072,539	2,352,265
NOTE 15: CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Reconciliation of cash flows from operations with profit			
Profit / (loss) after income tax	_	(279,726)	277,968
Adjust for non-cash flows in profit:			
- Depreciation		73,670	97,340
- Other non-cash items		(40,038)	(60,114)
Adjust for changes in assets and liabilities:			
- (Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables		(36,099)	(16,863)
- (Increase)/Decrease in inventories		2,250	17,529
- Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		65,114	(8,753)
- Increase/(decrease) in provisions		2,083	19,631
- Increase/(decrease) in other creditors		45,702	4,258
	_	(167,044)	330,996

## **NOTE 16: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	2014	2013
Note	\$	\$

### **NOTE 17: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The association's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, and leases. The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,991,099	2,186,735
	1,991,099	2,186,735
Financial liabilities		_
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:		
Financial liabilities	10,640	7,240
	10,640	7,240

#### **Net Fair Values**

For listed available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss the fair values have been based on closing quoted bid prices at the end of the reporting period. In determining the fair values of the unlisted available-for-sale financial assets, the directors have used inputs that are observable either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices). Fair values of held-to-maturity investments are based on quoted market prices at the ending of the reporting period. The fair values of finance leases are determined using a discounted cash flow model incorporating current commercial borrowing rates.

### **NOTE 18: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

Management control the capital of the association to ensure that adequate cash flows are generated to fund its operations. They also aim to provide a return on the association's investments that is in line with current market conditions.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	2014	2013
Note	\$	\$

### **NOTE 19: CHARITABLE FUNDRAISING DISCLOSURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991*, the following disclosures are included with respect to the financial information presented in this financial report:

### a) Types of fundraising revenues received during the year:

- Appeals (Spring, Summer, Autumn & Winter)
- Donations
- Pledges
- Fundraising Activities (Stalls, Barbeques, etc.) WIRES Inc Only

The Charitable Fundraising disclosures included within this note do not include revenues from grants and bequests.

### b) Aggregated gross fundraising income and expense details:

Fundraising income – WIRES Inc (including all Branches) - All sources	179,667	159,982
Fundraising income – WIRES Public Gift Fund		
- Appeals	471,035	317,193
- Donations (including all Branches)	445,885	308,493
- Pledges	156,222	146,932
	1,252,809	932,600
Related fundraising expenses – WIRES Inc (including all Branches)	(442,807)	(257,739)
Related fundraising expenses – WIRES Public Gift Fund	-	-
- -	(442,807)	(257,739)
Net surplus from fundraising activities	810,002	674,861

WIRES aims to actively rehabilitate and preserve Australian wildlife and inspire others to do the same. Accordingly, all proceeds from fundraising activities were applied in accordance with this Mission of the organisation.

### c) Comparative figures and ratios:

- Comparison of total fundraising costs to gross fundraising income:	35.35%	27.64%
- Comparison of net fundraising surplus to gross fundraising income:	64.65%	72.36%

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	2014	2013
Note	\$	\$

### NOTE 19: CHARITABLE FUNDRAISING DISCLOSURES (continued)

### d) Aggregated income and expense details relating to traders:

Aggregate gross income and aggregate direct expenditure incurred in appeals in which traders were engaged:

Online income from various websites	38,527	23,788
Direct expenses relating to online income from various websites	(1,107)	(742)
	37,420	23,046

WIRES aims to actively rehabilitate and preserve Australian wildlife and inspire others to do the same. Accordingly, all proceeds from fundraising activities were applied in accordance with this Mission of the organisation.

#### **NOTE 20: SEGMENT REPORTING**

The association operates predominately in the animal welfare services sector and derives the majority of its income from public recognition of the activities carried out. Accordingly, the association's core services are facilitated through the utilisation of revenues generated from fundraising and donations to provide wildlife information and rescue services across New South Wales.

Summarised balance sheet and profit and loss figures relating to each of the branches have been set out in the following table.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES ADMIN	WIRES AMT	WIRES OFFICE	WIRES BAT	WIRES BM
Total Revenues	625	5,340	1,542,221	7,363	38,455
Total Expenses	-	(9,490)	(1,917,429)	(3,504)	(19,781)
Net Profit/(Loss)	625	(4,150)	(375,208)	3,859	18,674
Total Assets	(183)	(5,166)	1,298,209	14,455	32,664
Total Liabilities	537	(472)	(317,677)	363	451
Net Assets	354	(5,638)	980,532	14,818	33,115

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES CC	WIRES CN	WIRES COMBINED	WIRES CV	WIRES CW
Total Revenues	20,302	20,856	3,817	30,481	6,230
Total Expenses	(13,540)	(19,195)	(547)	(24,921)	(17,027)
Net Profit/(Loss)	6,762	1,661	3,270	5,560	(10,797)
Total Assets	39,555	59,706	6,649	57,294	16,852
Total Liabilities	408	884	29	145	1,176
Net Assets	39,963	60,590	6,678	57,439	18,028

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES DB	WIRES ES	WIRES FSE	WIRES GFT	WIRES HB
Total Revenues	26,181	6,265	16,154	-	13,814
Total Expenses	(30,085)	(3,756)	(14,826)	-	(13,697)
Net Profit/(Loss)	(3,904)	2,509	1,328	-	117
Total Assets	12,512	16,215	19,622	6,470	27,654
Total Liabilities	2,235	(208)	1,046	-	774
Net Assets	14,747	16,007	20,668	6,470	28,428

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES ILLA	WIRES IW	WIRES LMMT	WIRES MN	WIRES MR
Total Revenues	26,382	53,232	4,693	61,061	8,292
Total Expenses	(31,933)	(45,076)	(5,232)	(37,356)	(5,923)
Net Profit/(Loss)	(5,551)	8,156	(539)	23,705	2,369
Total Assets	25,916	12,394	5,398	282,842	7,734
Total Liabilities	73	911	380	715	83
Net Assets	25,989	13,305	5,778	283,557	7,817

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES MSTH	WIRES NB	WIRES NE	WIRES NR	WIRES NS
Total Revenues	11,845	21,699	5,835	52,315	18,788
Total Expenses	(11,799)	(18,728)	(8,293)	(36,697)	(15,077)
Net Profit/(Loss)	46	2,971	(2,458)	15,618	3,711
Total Assets	11,288	23,055	8,663	94,755	30,649
Total Liabilities	(329)	102	730	1,000	(2,658)
Net Assets	10,959	23,157	9,393	95,755	27,991

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES NW	WIRES RAP	WIRES REP	WIRES RV	WIRES SMMT
Total Revenues	16,000	1,470	8,730	26,247	5,160
Total Expenses	(15,485)	(1,148)	(7,049)	(26,610)	(4,367)
Net Profit/(Loss)	515	322	1,681	(363)	793
Total Assets	27,441	2,496	18,929	6,564	25,181
Total Liabilities	726	(173)	(947)	1,670	(378)
Net Assets	28,167	2,323	17,982	8,234	24,803

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES SNOWY	WIRES STBL	WIRES STH	WIRES SW	WIRES WED
Total Revenues	2,680	23,600	16,763	14,104	12,865
Total Expenses	(1,313)	(23,121)	(21,597)	(11,241)	(11,876)
Net Profit/(Loss)	1,367	479	(4,834)	2,863	989
Total Assets	12,522	22,118	37,769	20,937	6,853
Total Liabilities	(45)	2,106	(734)	128	1,596
Net Assets	12,477	24,224	37,035	21,065	8,449

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

	WIRES WING	WIRES WOLLON	BRANCH TOTALS
Total Revenues	30,798	10,954	2,171,617
Total Expenses	(14,408)	(9,216)	(2,451,343)
Net Profit/(Loss)	16,390	1,738	(279,726)
Total Assets	62,830	23,847	2,372,689
Total Liabilities	4,634	569	(300,150)
Net Assets	67,464	24,416	2,072,539

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

2014 2013 Note \$ \$

### **NOTE 21: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the association, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the association in future financial years.

The financial report was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the committee members.

### **NOTE 22: ASSOCIATION DETAILS**

The registered office of the association is:

WIRES Inc 9 Cook Street FORESTVILLE NSW 2087

The principal place of business is:

WIRES Inc 9 Cook Street FORESTVILLE NSW 2087

# **Committee Members' Statement**

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

In the opinion of the committee the financial report as set out on pages 1 to 30:

- 1) Presents a true and fair view of the financial position of WIRES Inc as at 30 June 2014 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.
- 2) Gives a true and fair view of all income and expenditure and also the state of affairs of WIRES Inc with respect to fundraising appeals.
- 3) The provisions of the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991*, the associated Regulations also the Conditions attached to the Authority have been complied with by WIRES Inc.
- 4) The internal controls exercised by WIRES Inc are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by WIRES Inc from fundraising appeals.
- 5) At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that WIRES Inc will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the committee and is signed for and on behalf of the committee by:

Bill Fortier		
Committee Member		
<del></del>		
Stuart Esler		
Committee Member		
Dated this	day of	. 2014.
Datea tili3	uuv vi	. 4vit.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WIRES INC

#### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of WIRES Inc, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the committee members' statement.

### Committee Members' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The committee members are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Associations Incorporation Act 2009* and the *Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010*, and for such internal control as the committee members determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*. We confirm that the independence declaration which has been given to the directors of WIRES Inc, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of the auditor's report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WIRES INC

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

Income received by individual branches from appeals, donations and pledges are a significant source of fundraising revenue for WIRES Inc. WIRES Inc has determined that it is impracticable to establish control over the collection of the various types of fundraising revenue across all the different branches prior to entry into its financial records. Accordingly, as the evidence available to us regarding fundraising revenue from the various sources was limited, our audit procedures with respect to fundraising revenue had to be restricted to the amounts recorded in the financial records. We therefore are unable to express an opinion on whether the various types of fundraising revenue of WIRES Inc recorded are complete.

### **Qualified Opinion**

Name of Firm:

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial report of WIRES Inc, presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WIRES Inc as at 30 June 2014, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Associations Incorporation Act 2009 and the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, we also report that:

- a) the financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial result of fundraising appeal activities for the financial year ended 30 June 2014;
- b) the financial report has been properly drawn up, and the associated records have been properly kept for the period from 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014, in accordance with the *Charitable Fundraising Act* 1991 and Regulations;
- c) money received as a result of fundraising appeal activities conducted during the period from 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014 has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991* and Regulations; and
- d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that WIRES Inc will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

	Chartered Accountants
Name of Auditor:	Steven Dadich
Address:	1/68 Alfred Street Milsons Point NSW 2061
Dated this	_ day of, 2014.

THOMAS HOPPER & PARTNERS

Stuart Esler

Committee Member

# **Committee Members' Certificate**

I, Bill Fortier, and I, Stuart Esler, certify that:

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

a)	I am a member of the committee of WIRES Inc.
b)	I attended the annual general meeting of the association.
c)	I am authorised by the attached resolution of the committee to sign this certificate.
d)	This annual statement was submitted to the members of the association at its annual general meeting.
For mmi	tier ttee Member

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2014.