SIR ROBERT & LADY MOLLIE ASKIN CHARITIES TRUST

ABN 18 335 871 034

FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
INCOME		
Interest received	1,160	1,440
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of investments	101,507	-
Distributions received	619,497	543,983
Net changes in fair value of investments	(206,286)	99,771
Refund of franking credits	114,429	
Product issuer rebates	94	-
Refund of goods and services tax	2,851	3,066
	633,252	648,260
LESS EXPENDITURE		
Accountancy fees	4,831	3,439
Auditors' remuneration	796	796
Donations paid	343,157	263,509
Management & administration costs	23,913	18,780
Co-trustee fees and commissions		43,362
	372,697	329,886
NET OPERATING SURPLUS	260,555	318,374
Transfer to Trust Funds	260,555	318,374
TOTAL AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION	-	-
RETAINED SURPLUS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	182,974	48,836
Other receivables	5 _	497,317	365,015
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	680,291	413,851
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets	6 _	8,503,547	8,508,326
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		8,503,547	8,508,326
TOTAL ASSETS	_	9,183,838	8,922,177
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables	7 _	4,673	3,567
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,673	3,567
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,673	3,567
NET ASSETS	_	9,179,165	8,918,610
TRUST FUNDS			
Reserves	8 _	9,179,165	8,918,610

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Investment income received		545,201	520,682
Other income received		60,527	69,239
Donations paid		(343,157)	(263,508)
Trustee fees paid		(23,913)	(18,780)
Accounting and audit fees paid		(4,520)	(4,215)
Co-trustees and commissions paid	_		(43,362)
Net cash provided by operating activities	10 _	234,138	260,056
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for purchase of investments		(2,430,000)	(300,000)
Proceeds from sale of investments	_	2,330,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(100,000)	(300,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		134,138	(39,944)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	_	48,836	88,781
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	10	182,974	48,837

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 Basis of Preparation

In the opinion of the trustees, the trust is not a reporting entity. The financial statements of the trust have been prepared as special purpose financial statements for use by the trustee and to fulfil the trustee's duties under the trust deed to prepare financial statements.

(a) Statement of Compliance

This special purpose financial statement has been prepared for distribution to the Trustee and to satisfy the requirements of the Trust Deed, and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. The accounting policies used in the preparation of this report are, in the opinion of the Trustee, appropriate to meet the needs of the Trustee.

The requirements of Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and other professional reporting requirements do not have mandatory applicability to the Trust in relation to the year ended because the Trustee has determined that the Trust is not a reporting entity. However, the Trustee has determined that in order for the financial statements to present fairly the Trust's results of operations and state of affairs, the requirements relating to the measurement, recognition and classification of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses should be complied with, except as noted in these policies as a result of the requirements of the Trust Deed.

The financial report does not include the disclosure requirements of the following pronouncements having a material effect:

- > AASB7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- > AASB110: Events after the Reporting Period
- > AASB132: Financial Instruments: Presentation

As the Trust is not a reporting entity, the Trust does not comply with IFRS. The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. The financial statements were approved by the Trustee on the date of signing of the Trustees' Declaration.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs unless otherwise stated in the notes.

(c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the trust's functional currency.

It was concluded that judgements made by management in the application of Australian Accounting Standards did not have a significant effect on the financial report. No estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year were noted.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies that have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are as follows:

(a) Income Tax

The Trust is exempt from income tax as it is a Charity established under an instrument of trust or a will for a charitable purpose and is registered with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

(b) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The trust measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standard.

Fair value is the price the trust would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (ie unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (ie the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (ie the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

(c) Other Receivables

Other receivables comprise refund of the GST and franking credits for the current reporting period but received post year-end.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term and highly liquid financial assets with maturities of twelve months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts

(e) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised when the Trust is legally entitled to the income and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Investment income comprises interest, dividends and distributions from managed funds. All investment income is recognised on an accruals basis, with the exception of dividends which is recognised when the dividend has been paid, or in the case of dividend reinvestment schemes, when the dividend is credited to the benefit of the Trust.

Refunds of imputation credits are recognised as they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

(f) Other Payables

Other payables comprise fees for professional services rendered for the current reporting period but paid post year-end.

(g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and and the cost of the acquisition of assets are recognised gross of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), with the refundable component of the GST disclosed as a separate revenue item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(h) Rounding of Amounts

Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest dollar.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2018	2017
\$	\$

3 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The financial statements are a special purpose report prepared for use by the trustee and the beneficiary. The trustee has determined that the trust is not a reporting entity.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current valuations of non-current assets.

4.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Perpetual Cash Account F03560	182,974	48,836
5 .	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	CURRENT		
	Good and services tax	1,667 55,179	-
	Franking credit refund receivable Distributions receivable	440,471	365,015
	Distribution to tost value	497,317	365,015
			
6.	FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	NON-CURRENT		
	Financial investments:		
	Investments in managed funds	8,503,547	8,508,326
7.	OTHER PAYABLES		
	CURRENT		
	Accountancy fees payable	3,080	2,771
	Auditor's remuneration payable	1,593_	796
		4,673	3,567
8.	RESERVES		
	Analysis of Each Class of Reserve:		
	Trust Funds	9,179,165	8,918,610

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Trust Funds:		
Movements during the year:		
Opening Balance Net change in fair value of investments	8,918,610 (206,286)	8,600,237 99,771
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of investments Net surplus/ (loss) for the year	101,507 365,334_	218,602
	9,179,165	8,918,610

Trust Funds records cumulative revaluations of non-current assets and retained net surpluses since inception of the Trust.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Parties

(a) Trustee

One of the co-trustees, Perpetual Trustee Company Limited (ABN 42 000 001 007), is a wholly owned subsidiary of Perpetual Limited (ACN 000 431 827). The Trustee has entered into agreements with a number of Perpetual Limited subsidiaries who will perform services for the Foundation. The fee for these services is paid out of the management fee paid to the Trustee.

(b) Key management personnel

Key management personnel includes persons who were Directors of Perpetual Trustee Company Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Directors during the year were:

Andrew Baker Andrew Wallace Chris Green (resigned 17 October 2018) Rebecca Nash Mark Smith (appointed 17 October 2018)

(c) Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Trust has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(d) Other transactions within the Trust

Apart from those details discussed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a contract with the Trust since the end of the previous financial year and there were no contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

(e) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

			2018 \$	2017 \$
		The following transactions occurred with related parties:		
	i	Trustee fees		
		The Trustee fees are calculated in accordance with the Trust Deed. The Trustee's fee is set at 0.28% on the first \$236,000 plus 5.50% per annum on the income earned by the Trust (after taking account of GST and reduced input tax credits) and is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income.		
		Value of related party transaction	23,913	18,780
		Investments		
	"	The Trust also held investments in schemes which are also managed by the Trustee or its related parties and the aggregate		
		market value of these investments at reporting date is disclosed in this note. Income receivable from these investments are not included in this disclosure.		
		Value of related party transaction	8,503,547	8,508,326
10.		CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
	(a) Reconciliation of Cash Cash at the end of financial year as included in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:		
		Perpetual Cash Account F03560	182,974	48,836
			182,974	48,836
	(b) Reconciliation of profit attributable to beneficiaries to net cash provided by operating activities		
		Profit for the year	260,555	318,374
		Non-cash flows in profit:		
		(Gain)/loss on disposal of investments	(101,507)	(00.770)
		Movements in fair value of investments	206,286	(99,770)
		Changes in assets and liabilities: Other receivables	(122.202)	41,431
		Other payables	(132,302) 1,106	21
		Net cash provided by operating activities	234,138	260,056

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION OF THE TRUSTEE COMPANY

The directors of the trustee company declare that the trust is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 2 to the financial statements.

In accordance with a resolution of the directors, the directors of the trustee company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes present fairly the trust's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2 to the financial statements;
- 2. in the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Deed, the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commission Act 2012 and the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Director

18 mil 2019

Dated:



Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of Sir Robert & Lady Mollie Askin Charities Trust (Hospitals)

Conclusion

We have reviewed the *Financial Report* of the Sir Robert & Lady Mollie Askin Charities Trust (Hospitals) (the Trust).

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the *Financial Report* of the Trust is not in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting
 Standards to the extent described in
 Note 1 and Division 60 of the Australian
 Charities and Not-for-profits Commission
 Regulation 2013.

The Financial Report comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018.
- ii. Statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flows for the year then ended.
- iii. Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- iv. Directors' Declaration of the Trust.

Basis for conclusion

We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ACNC Act 2012 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our review of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Emphasis of matter – basis of preparation and restriction on use

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of preparation.

The Financial Report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Trustees' financial reporting responsibilities under the ACNC Act 2012 and the Trust Deed. As a result, the Financial Report and this Auditor's Report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the members of the Trust and ACNC and should not be used by any other party. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this Auditor's Report, or on the Financial Report to which it relates to any person other than the members of the Trust and ACNC. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Financial Report

The Trustees are responsible for:

- i. the preparation of the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and the ACNC; and
- ii. such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with *Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2415 Review of a Financial Report: Company Limited by Guarantee or an Entity Reporting under the ACNC Act or Other Applicable Legislation or Regulation*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the ACNC, including: giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and complying with the *Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1* and the ACNC. *ASRE 2415* requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the review of the financial report.

A review of a financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

KIMG

KPMG

Andrew Reeves

Partner

Sydney

26 March 2019



Auditor's Independence Declaration under subdivision 60-C section 60-40 of Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To: the trustees of Sir Robert & Lady Mollie Askin Charities Trust (Hospitals)

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the review for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the review; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

KIMG

KPMG

Andrew Reeves

Partner

Sydney

26 March 2019