A.B.N. 71 012 467 609

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2015

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Committee present their report on the financial statements of the Association for the year ended 30 June 2015.

The names of Committee members at any time during the financial year, or at the date of this report, are:

PCYC CEO:

Stephen Imrie (Acting CEO)

AFP representative:

Robert Wilson

Community Appointments:

President:

David McLean

Vice President:

Peter Askew

Treasurer:

[Vacant]

Committee Member:

Tony Campbell

Community Member:

Jayson Hinder

Community Member:

Rachel Harris

Principal Activities for the Association for the year ended 30 June 2015

During the financial year the Club's principal activities were in accordance with the Objects and Purposes listed in Part II of the Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated Constitution. There has been no significant change in the nature of those activities during this financial year.

Results

The Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated had a deficit of (\$79,029) for the year ended 30 June 2015 (2014: profit \$1,869).

Register of Members

In accordance with Section 67 of the *Associations Incorporations Act 1991*, the registers of members for the Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated are available for inspection by members at reasonable times.

Erindale Centre Register

Erindale PCYC Gratton Court

Erindale ACT 2903

On behalf of the Club

Signed a

this day of

NOVEMBER201

ELEAN

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Grant Income | | 1,195,868 | 1,220,506 |
| Fundraising | | 520,800 | 546,084 |
| Fee for Service Program Income | | 142,615 | 196,370 |
| Other Income | | 91,117 | 121,370 |
| REVENUE | 2 | 1,950,400 | 2,084,330 |
| Accounting & Auditing Fees | | 26,760 | 23,844 |
| General Expenses | | 31,993 | 15,830 |
| Computer and Software | | 5,155 | 5,843 |
| Meetings and Conferences | | 5,452 | 11,368 |
| Amenities & Office Supplies | | 63,091 | 80,642 |
| Depreciation | | 75,399 | 32,551 |
| Asset Write Off | | 50,307 | - |
| Communication | | 28,529 | 34,143 |
| Insurance | | 19,775 | 53,608 |
| Legal Fees | | 61,561 | 5,786 |
| Program Costs | | 38,173 | 50,779 |
| Rent | | 98,977 | 99,185 |
| Employee Expenses | | 984,873 | 1,108,272 |
| Motor Vehicle Expense | | 50,058 | 67,677 |
| In Kind Expense | | 3,000 | |
| Doubtful Debt Expense | | 6,018 | - |
| Fundraising Expense | | 319,094 | 429,357 |
| Other Expense | | 164,445 | 63,549 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | 2,032,660 | 2,082,434 |
| Current year (Deficit) / Surplus before income tax | | (82,260) | 1,896 |
| Income tax expense | | _ | - |
| Current Year (Deficit) / Surplus | | (82,260) | 1,896 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Revaluation of Land and Buildings | - | 946,071 | _ |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Period | works | 863,811 | 1,896 |
| | - | | |

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

| | | 2015 | 2014 |
|-------------------------------|------|------------|-----------|
| | Note | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash assets | 3 | 153,412 | 178,670 |
| Held-to-maturity investments | 4 | 133,704 | - |
| Receivables | 5 | 8,050 | 13,469 |
| Other assets | 6 | 16,860 | 34,987 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 312,026 | 227,126 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 7 | 2,560,702 | 1,730,177 |
| Intangibles | 8 | | 17,896 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,560,702 | 1,748,073 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 2,872,728 | 1,975,199 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Payables | 9 | 16,968 | 7,500 |
| Other Liabilities | 10 | 97,417 | 68,324 |
| Unearned Income | 11 | 39,236 | - ' |
| Financial Liabilities | 12 | 34,246 | 57,638 |
| Provisions | 13 | 89,359 | 110,505 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 277,226 | 243,967 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | 12 | 459 | 1- |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 459 | ** |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 277,685 | 243,967 |
| NET ASSETS | : | 2,595, 043 | 1,731,232 |
| EQUITY | : | | |
| Reserves | | 1,389,089 | 443,018 |
| Retained profits | | 1,205,954 | 1,288,214 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | : | 2,595,043 | 1,731,232 |

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | Retained Surplus | Asset Revaluation Reserve | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2013 | 1,286,936 | 443,018 | 1,729,954 |
| Prior year adjustment | (618) | - | (618) |
| Net surplus for the year | 1,896 | | 1,896 |
| Balance at 30 June 2014 | 1,288,214 | 443,018 | 1,731,232 |
| Balance at 1 July 2014 | 1,288,214 | 443,018 | 1,731,232 |
| Operating deficit for the year | (82,260) | - | (82,260) |
| Revaluation increment | - | 946,071 | 946,071 |
| Balance at 30 June 2015 | 1,205,954 | 1,389,089 | 2,595, 043 |

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | Note | 2015 \$ | 2014 |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Grants received | | 1,354,691 | 1,356,501 |
| Revenue | | 73,303 | 321,013 |
| Fundraising | | 520,800 | 546,083 |
| Payments to customers, suppliers and employees | | (1,994,009) | (2,046,847) |
| Interest received | | 6,240 | 3,861 |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | 14 | 151,592 | 180,611 |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payment for assets | | (34,040) | - |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | | 4,600 | - |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities | - | (29,440) | - 1 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Transfers to investments | | (124,477) | - |
| Repayments from borrowings | | (77,009) | (79,499) |
| Proceeds from borrowings | | 54,075 | - |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities | | (147,411) | (79,499) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash held | | (25,259) | 101,112 |
| Cash at the beginning of the year | 500 | 178,670 | 77,558 |
| Cash at the end of the year | 3 | 153,411 | 178,670 |

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The financial report of Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated (PCYC) for the year ended 30 June 2015 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 2 November 2016.

The following significant policies have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB), and the Associations Incorporated Act (ACT) 1991. The association is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. The financial report has also been prepared on a historical basis.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the incorporated association's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated.

Accounting Policies

a. Income Tax

The Association is a tax exempt body under relevant provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act, 1997.

b. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property

Property is carried at fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land and Buildings are revalued every three to five years.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the association includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the association and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets, is depreciated on a diminishing basis over the asset's useful life commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they occur. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation relating to that asset are transferred to retained surplus.

c. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the association assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (eg in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the association estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is recognised against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that class of asset.

d. Employee Provisions

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Long service leave benefits

Long service leave benefits included in the provision for employee benefits represent the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date. The provision is calculated using expected future increases in wage and salary rates including related on-costs and expected settlement dates based on turnover history. When material, the benefit is discounted to determine its present value.

Wages, salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled with 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

f. Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts receivable from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

non-current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(f) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

g. Revenue and Other Income

Non-reciprocal grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the association obtains control of the grant, it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the association and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before it is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the association incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, this is considered a reciprocal transaction and the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

The association receives non-reciprocal contributions of assets from the government and other parties for zero or a nominal value. These assets are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition in the statement of financial position, with a corresponding amount of income recognised in profit or loss.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

h. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

i. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

j. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

k. Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Accounts payable and other payables represent the liabilities outstanding at the end of the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

reporting period for goods and services received by the association during the reporting period that remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the association has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

m. Key Estimates

(i) Impairment

The association assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the association that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using historical knowledge and current available information.

n. Key Judgments

(i) Provision for impairment of receivables

The committee believes that receivables will be paid within 12 months and therefore no provision for impairment has been made.

(ii) Employee benefits

For the purpose of measurement, AASB 119: *Employee Benefits* (September 2011) defines obligations for short-term employee benefits as obligations expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related services. As the association expects that all of its employees would use all of their annual leave entitlements earned during a reporting period before 12 months after the end of the reporting period, the association believes that obligations for annual leave entitlements satisfy the definition of short-term employee benefits and, therefore, can be measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid to employees when the obligations are settled.

New standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of this financial report the following standards and interpretations, which may impact the entity in the period of initial application, have been issued but are not yet effective:

| Reference | Title | Summary | Application date (financial years beginning) | Expected Impact |
|-------------|--|---|--|--------------------|
| AASB 2014-4 | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards — Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation | This Standard amends AASB 116 and AASB 138 to establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset, and to clarify that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for that purpose. | 1 January 2016 | Minimal Impact |
| AASB 2015-1 | Amendments to Australian Accounting | The Standard makes amendments to various Australian Accounting Standards arising from the IASB's | 1 January 2016 | Minimal Impact |

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012- 2014 Cycle | Annual Improvements process, and editorial corrections. | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------|------------------|
| AASB 2015-2 | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards — Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 | The Standard makes amendments to AASB 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> arising from the IASB's Disclosure Initiative project. | 1 January 2016 | Disclosures Only |
| AASB 2015-6 | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities | The amendments specify consistent related party disclosure requirements for the Australian Government, State Governments, local councils and other not-for-profit public sector entities. | 1 July 2016 | Minimal Impact |
| AASB 15 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers | This Standard establishes principles (including disclosure requirements) for reporting useful information about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. | 1 January 2017 | Minimal Impact |
| AASB 9 | Financial Instruments | This Standard supersedes both AASB 9 (December 2010) and AASB 9 (December 2009) when applied. It introduces a "fair value through other comprehensive income" category for debt instruments, contains requirements for impairment of financial assets, etc. | 1 January 2018 | Minimal Impact |
| AASB 2014-7 | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2014) | Consequential amendments arising from the issuance of AASB 9 | 1 January 2018 | Minimal Impact |

| NOTE 2. DEVENUE AND OTHER INCOME | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME | \$ | \$ |
| REVENUE | | |
| Grant Income | 1,195,868 | 1,220,506 |
| Fundraising | 520,800 | 546,084 |
| Fee for Service | 142,615 | 196,370 |
| Parking Fees | 31,182 | 26,982 |
| Membership | 7,020 | 12,288 |
| In Kind | 3,000 | , |
| Interest Received | 6,240 | 3,861 |
| Other Income | 43,675 | 78,239 |
| TOTAL REVENUE | 1,950,400 | 2,084,330 |
| | | |
| | | |
| NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | |
| Cash on Hand | 100 | - |
| Term Deposits | - | 124,478 |
| Bendigo Bank Accounts | 152,393 | 47,438 |
| Westpac Art Union Account | 919 | 1,754 |
| Legal Fee's Trust Account | .= | 5,000 |
| | 153,412 | 178,670 |
| | | |
| NOTE 4: HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS | | |
| 3 Month Term Deposit | 20,948 | - |
| 6 Month Term Deposits | 112,756 | _ |
| | 133,704 | - |
| | | |
| | | * |
| NOTE 5: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE | | |
| Accounts Receivable | 14,068 | 13,469 |
| Less: Provision for Doubtful Debt | (6,018) | ~ |
| | 8,050 | 13,469 |
| | | |

| NOTE 6: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--|---|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Prepayments | 7,571 | 17,487 |
| Other Debtors | 2,104 | - |
| Interest Income Accrual | 1,185 | £_ |
| Rental Bond | 6,000 | 17,500 |
| | 16,860 | 34,987 |
| NOTE 7. DEODEDTY DI ANT AND TOURS | | |
| NOTE 7: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| Erindale Property – At Valuation | | |
| Land | 110,000 | - |
| Building | 1,270,000 | 1,470,000 |
| | 1,380,000 | 1,470,000 |
| Turner Property – At Valuation | MERCHANICAL PROPERTY OF THE PR | |
| Land | 380,000 | - |
| Building | 710,000 | 129,906 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | - | (45,570) |
| | 1,090,000 | 84,336 |
| The buildings were revalued upwards to \$1,980,000 as at 30 June 2015 \$490,000 as at 30 June 2015. The valuation amounts were based on coindependent valuation was carried out by Herron Todd White. | urrent market value. | The |
| Gym Equipment At cost | | |
| 711 0031 | 200 | |
| Accumulated Depreciation | 34,426 | 144,410 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (27,378) | (106,765) |
| | | |
| Motor Vehicles | (27,378) 7,048 | (106,765) 37,645 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 |
| Motor Vehicles | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 65,781 (49,641) | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 (388,794) |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost Accumulated Depreciation | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost Accumulated Depreciation Rock wall | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 65,781 (49,641) 16,140 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 (388,794) 48,063 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost Accumulated Depreciation Rock wall At cost | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 65,781 (49,641) 16,140 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 (388,794) 48,063 54,010 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost Accumulated Depreciation Rock wall | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 65,781 (49,641) 16,140 54,010 (47,844) | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 (388,794) 48,063 54,010 (46,257) |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Accumulated Depreciation Office Plant & Equipment At cost Accumulated Depreciation Rock wall At cost | (27,378) 7,048 228,793 (167,445) 61,348 65,781 (49,641) 16,140 | (106,765) 37,645 250,679 (168,299) 82,380 436,857 (388,794) 48,063 54,010 |

NOTE 7: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Land & Buildings | Gym Equipt | Motor Vehicles | Office Plant & Equipt | Rockwall | Total |
|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2014 | 1,554,336 | 37,645 | 82,380 | 48,063 | 7,753 | 1,730,177 |
| Additions | | 22,000 | - | 12,040 | - | 34,040 |
| Disposals | - | (132,496) | (21,874) | (385,626) | - | (539,996) |
| Revaluation | 870,094 | - | - | - | - | 870,094 |
| Depreciation expense | (36,761) | (6,840) | (20,539) | (7,808) | (1,587) | (73,535) |
| Depreciation addback on disposals | - | 86,239 | 21,381 | 349,971 | - | 457,591 |
| Depreciation add back revaluation | 82,331 | - | - | - | _ | 82,331 |
| Carrying amount 30 June 2015 | 2,470,000 | 6,548 | 61,348 | 16,640 | 6,166 | 2,560,702 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2015 | | 2014 |
| NOTE 8: INTANGIBLE ASSETS | | | | \$ | | \$ |
| Trademarks | | | | | 4,825 | 14,825 |
| Other | | | | | 3,071 | 3,071 |
| Impairment of Intangible Assets | | | | | ,896) | -,-,- |
| | | | - | | - | 17,896 |
| NOTE 9: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Trade Creditors | | | _ | 16, 1 | 968 9 68 | 7,500 7,500 |
| NOTE 10: OTHER LIABILITIES Audit Fee Superannuation Payable GST Payable Deposits held Payroll Liabilities | | | | 9,5 | 321 544 500 742 | 14,519 1,500 52,305 68,324 |
| NOTE 11: UNEARNED INCOME Unexpanded Grant | | | - | 39,2 39 ,2 | | |

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|---|----------|
| NOTE 12: FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Macquarie Insurance Loan | 13,267 | - |
| Overdraft Loan | 5,443 | 1 |
| Bank Loan | 15,536 | 57,638 |
| | 34,246 | 57,638 |
| NON CURRENT | | |
| Overdraft Loan | 459 | |
| | 459 | |
| | 34,705 | 57,638 |
| | | 07,000 |
| NOTE 13: EMPLOYEE PROVISIONS | | |
| CURRENT | 61 206 | 102.055 |
| Annual Leave | 61,306 | 103,955 |
| Long Service Leave – Portable Long Service Leave – Non Portable | 3,080 | 6,550 |
| | 2,021 | - |
| Provision for Redundancy | 22,952 | _ |
| | 89,359 | 110,505 |
| NOTE 14: CASH FLOW INFORMATION | | |
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH | | |
| Cash on hand | 100 | |
| Cash at bank | 153,312 | 178,670 |
| | 153,412 | 178,670 |
| | | 110,010 |
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS AFTER INCOME TAX | | |
| Profit / (Loss) after income tax | (79,029) | 1,896 |
| Non-cash flows in result | | |
| Depreciation | 75,399 | 32,551 |
| Net (gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 53,702 | |
| Impairment of assets | 23,913 | = |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries | | |
| Increase / (Decrease) in employee provisions | (20,507) | (12,929) |
| Increase / (Decrease) in creditors, accruals and tax liabilities | 74,566 | 108,133 |
| Decrease / (Increase) in receivables and prepayments | 23,548 | 50,960 |
| Total cash flows from operations | 151,592 | 180,611 |
| | , | , |

| | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| NOTE 15: FUTURE COMMITTMENTS | | |
| Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows: | | |
| Within One Year | 70,917 | 74,030 |
| After One Year but not more than Five Years | 356,431 | 362,848 |
| After more than Five Years | 75,000 | 150,000 |
| | 502,348 | 586,878 |

PCYC leases office space, and office equipment under non-cancellable operating leases expiring from one year to six years.

Leases generally provide PCYC with a right to renewal at which time all terms are negotiated

NOTE 16: RELATED PARTIES

The names of each person holding the position of director of Canberra Police Community Youth Club during the financial year were:

David McLean Peter Askew
Tony Campbell Jayson Hinder
Rachel Harris Justin Barry
David Pryce

Staff Member Stephen Imrie is also a Director of Youth Coalition of the ACT. During the financial year, transactions with Youth Coalition amounted to \$350 for a PCYC membership fee. Canberra PCYC received the membership at usual market price.

Director Peter Askew also owns Tuggeranong Business Park, an office rental property that PCYC rents for admin space. The property is managed by Advanced Business Connections, also part owned by Peter Askew. During the financial year, transactions with Advanced Business Connections amounted to \$93,425. All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Director Jayson Hinder is also owner of Jayson Hinder & Associates, a law firm that PCYC utilises for legal services. Jayson provides pro bono services for PCYC, and occasionally provides paid services. During the financial year, transactions with Jayson Hinder & Associates amounted to \$43,379. All paid transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Director Jayson Hinder is also a Director at Bendigo Bank. Bendigo Bank is a previous sponsor of the company, and PCYC's main banking institute. In the Current financial year, all transactions were within the consideration of normal business banking and no additional funding was received from Bendigo bank.

Director Anthony Campbell is also Director at Supportlink. Support link have provided in kind support to PCYC by way of provision of client management resource and technical support for client management resource. This has been valued at \$3,000.00.

Director David McLean is also a staff member at Australian Federal Police. David's presidential role in PCYC is separate to AFP involvement.

Director Andrea Quinn is also a staff member at Australian Federal Police. Andrea's role in PCYC is appointed by AFP as per PCYC's constitution.

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 17: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The directors and key management personnel compensations during the year ended 30 June 2015 was:

| | Short term benefits | Long term benefits | Post-retirement benefits | Total |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| | - | | | |
| 2015 | | | | |
| Total Compensation | 116,005 | - | 8,324 | 124,329 |
| 2014 | | | | |
| Total Compensation | 121,742 | - | 9,911 | 131,653 |

NOTE 18: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The committee is not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The association's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, and leases.

Note 20: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

PCYC is dependent on contributions and other revenue received from its grants. The grant funding is received from Australian Federal Police and Community Services Directorate.

A.B.N. 71 012 467 609 STATEMENT BY MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

In the opinion of the Committee:

- The attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards -Reduced Disclosure Requirements;
- The attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- There are reasonable grounds to believe that Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee by:

Signed at Er. d-le this 2nd day of November 2016

Steven Merenta

On behalf of the Association



RSM Australia Pty Ltd

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF

CANBERRA POLICE COMMUNITY YOUTH CLUB INCORPORATED

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated ("the entity"), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and statement by Members of the Committee.

Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Committee members are is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Associations Incorporation Act 1991, and for such internal control as the committee members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the committee members, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

Bases for qualified opinion

Opening Balance Qualification

The financial report of Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated for the year ended 30 June 2014 has been audited, however we are unable to place reliance on the work completed by the previous auditor. We were appointed as auditors of the company on 11 September 2015. We were unable to satisfy ourselves by alternative means concerning the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2014, disclosed as corresponding figures. As a result, we have been unable to determine whether adjustments to these amounts might have been necessary.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Bases for Qualified Opinion paragraphs, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canberra Police Community Youth Club Incorporated as at 30 June 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Associations Incorporation Act 1991.

Rom Australia Partners

RSM Australia Pty Ltd

RODNEY MILLER

Director

Canberra, ACT Dated:23rd November 2016