

AUSTRALIAN INDIGENOUS EDUCATION FOUNDATION

ABN 13 127 908 187

Financial Report - 31 March 2021

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the Australian Indigenous Education Foundation ("the Foundation") for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the Foundation during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Carlie-Ann Bender Robert Coombe Gregory Cooper Michelle Gray Emily Hill Helen McCabe Nyunggai Warren Mundine AO Andrew Penfold AM

Objectives

The short-term objective of the Foundation is to provide scholarships to Indigenous secondary school and university students to attend boarding schools and universities around Australia and to support such students to successfully transition into sustainable careers.

The long-term objective of the Foundation is to provide scholarships for up to 7,000 Indigenous students over 20 years and to support such students to successfully transition into sustainable careers.

Strategy for achieving the objectives

The Foundation entered into a contract with the Australian Government in May 2009 whereby the Australian Government committed to investing \$20 million over three years and this was subsequently increased to \$22 million in 2012, \$32 million in 2013, \$38 million in 2015, \$53 million in 2016, \$83 million in 2017 and \$116.2 million in 2020. The Foundation committed to using its best endeavours to match this with an additional \$116.2 million from the private sector over a period of 20 years.

AIEF will continue to seek donations from both corporate and individuals in the corporate and philanthropic sector to sustain or expand the number of students who will receive scholarships and to support such students to successfully transition into sustainable careers.

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the Foundation involved the funding and managing a program for education scholarships to Indigenous students to attend high performing boarding schools and universities and to support such students to successfully transition into sustainable careers.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the financial year.

Performance measures

The Foundation measures its performance each year through the number of Indigenous students staying at school or university and completing their studies and making a successful transition to a sustainable career, and other measures relating to stakeholder engagement.

Information on directors

Name: Title: Qualifications: Experience and expertise:	Carlie-Ann Bender Non-Executive Director Bachelor of Arts (Criminology) and Bachelor of Laws Carlie-Ann is a proud Gumbaynggirr woman from Bowraville on the north coast of NSW. She has been a Legal Counsel at the Special Broadcasting Service (SBS) since 2019, focusing on pre-publication advice, contracts and legal research. Carlie-Ann is an admitted Solicitor of the Supreme Court of NSW and previously spent six years as a Lawyer at SBS after joining the broadcaster in 2014. In 2018, she was part of the team that won the Association of Corporate Counsel award for In-House Legal Team of the Year. Carlie-Ann worked throughout her time at university, undertaking roles at AIEF, Allens Linklaters, SBS and the UNSW Faculty of Law. She is a past recipient of an AIEF Scholarship having completed her secondary education at St Vincent's College, Potts Point and graduating from the University of New South Wales with degrees in Law and Criminology.
Special responsibilities:	None
Name: Title: Qualifications: Experience and expertise:	Robert Coombe Non-Executive Director Bachelor of Laws (Hons) Rob is executive chairman of Colonial First State and Chairman of Generation Development Group ("GDG") an ASX listed financial services company which owns Generation Life and Ascalon Capital. Rob is also Chairman of Tibra Capital and a Director of CIMB Group, one of the largest universal banks in the ASEAN region. He chairs CIMB's Global Risk and Compliance Committee and is the Board's sustainability sponsor and Chair. Rob is Deputy Chairman of Surfing Australia and chairs the AIEF Investment Committee. Rob served as Chair of Craveable Brands until 2019 and was previous CEO from 2013 to 2017. Rob was formerly Chairman of MLC Wealth, Head of Retail, Business and Agri banking at Westpac and spent six years as the CEO of BT Financial Group. In 2011 Rob was awarded the prestigious UTS Alumni of the Year for Excellence in recognition of his achievements in the business community and social sector. Rob has over 40 years' corporate experience in both Australia and Asia, primarily in financial services.
Name:	Gregory Cooper
Title: Qualifications:	Non-Executive Director Bachelor of Economics (Actuarial Studies) Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia and the UK
Experience and expertise:	Greg is the Chair of the Colonial First State Investments Limited Board and a Director of NSW Treasury Corporation, Catholic Church Insurance, Perpetual Limited and a number of small technology and investment related firms. Until December 2018 he was Chief Executive Officer of Schroder Investment Management Australia Limited, a position he had held since September 2006. Greg was also responsible for Schroders' Institutional Business globally. He was a Board Member of the Financial Services Council for 10 years until December 2018 and its Chair for three years. Prior to joining Schroders in 2000, Greg was Head of Actuarial and Asset Consulting for Towers Perrin. Greg has over 35 years' corporate experience across Australia, the UK, Hong Kong and Singapore.
Special responsibilities:	Investment Committee

Information on directors (continued)

Name: Title: Qualifications: Experience and expertise: Special responsibilities:	Michelle Gray Executive Director Bachelor of Arts (Communications) Michelle is a Director of AIEF having co-founded the organisation following the successful establishment of the St Joseph's College Indigenous Fund. Michelle is responsible for all stakeholder relationships and engagement, as well as internal and external communications including media, marketing and events. Michelle is a former CEO (1995-2003) of the Australian Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong (AustCham), the largest Australian business organisation outside of Australia, representing over 1,400 corporate members, more than 500 Australian and local companies and 100,000 strong community. Prior to this, Michelle spent eight years working in hospitality management in Sydney, London and Hong Kong. None
Name: Title: Qualifications Experience and Expertise:	Emily Hill Non-Executive Director Bachelor of International Studies and Bachelor of Laws Emily is a proud Dunghutti/Yuin woman, from the coastal regions of NSW. She is a Director at the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) and previously worked in the Office of the Foreign Minister. Emily has held roles as DFAT's Indigenous
Special responsibilities:	Human Resources Adviser and at the Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet. From 2013-2016 Emily was posted as a diplomat to the Australian Permanent Mission to the United Nations in Geneva, Switzerland. Emily completed her secondary education at St Catherine's School, Waverley, (an AIEF Partner School). None
Name: Title:	Helen McCabe Non-Executive Director
Qualifications: Experience and Expertise:	Bachelor of Arts (Journalism) Helen is the Founder and Managing Director of Future Women, a premium content site aimed at professional women. Helen was formerly the Digital Content Director at Nine Entertainment Co and the editor-in-chief of The Australian Women's Weekly which she joined after 12 years in newspapers working as the Deputy Editor of The Sunday Telegraph, Night Editor of The Australian and a number of roles at The Daily Telegraph. She has also reported from London where she was the European Correspondent for News Ltd. Helen began her career in Adelaide television before moving to the Canberra Press Gallery with the Seven Network. She is also on the board of the Garvan Research Foundation and is an Ambassador for Adopt Change.
Special responsibilities:	None
Name:	Nyunggai Warren Mundine AO
Title: Qualifications:	Non-Executive Chairman Doctor of the University Fellow, Australian Institute of Management; Member, Australian
Qualifications.	Institute of Company Directors MAICD
Experience and expertise:	Warren is from the First Australian Nations of the Bundjalung, Gumbaynggirr and Yuin people of coastal NSW. He is the Governor of the Committee for Economic Development of Australia (DCA), Executive Chairman of Nyungga Black Group and Chairman of JobTrail. Warren is an entrepreneur, company director, advisor to governments and businesses, media commentator, TV and webinar show host, author and opinion writer. In 2020 he joined the Board of the Special Broadcasting Service (SBS) Australia. Warren has been recognised for his community, government and business achievements with an Honorary Doctorate from Southern Cross University, a Centenary Medal and made an officer of the Order of Australia. Warren has more than 40 years' experience working in the public, private and community sectors and is committed to regional and Indigenous economic development.
Special responsibilities:	Remuneration Committee

Information on directors (continued)

Name: Title: Qualifications: Experience and expertise:	Andrew Penfold AM, FAICD Executive Director Bachelor of Laws (Hons) and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors Andrew is the Executive Director of AIEF and sits on the National Apology Foundation for Indigenous Australians (NAFIA) Board. Andrew established AIEF after spending five years working on a fulltime, voluntary basis as Founder and Chairman of the St Joseph's College Indigenous Fund and a range of other non-profit and charitable organisations. A former lawyer and investment banker with 20 years' experience working in leading international firms in Sydney, London and Hong Kong, in 2014 Andrew was appointed a Member of the Order of Australia for significant service to the Indigenous community. Andrew participated in the Indigenous Australia stream of the Australia 2020 Summit and received a Leadership Award from the Prime Minister at the Australian Davos Connection in 2008. He was also one of the 2009 True Leaders in the annual Australian Financial Review Boss Magazine award, was a finalist for Australian of the Year in 2010 and was nominated by The Australian for its Australian of the Year award in 2012. In 2013 Andrew received the inaugural NSW Human Rights Award, assuming the role of NSW Human Rights Ambassador, and an Order of Merit from the Australian Institute of Company Directors, the highest award issued by the organisation. In the same year he received the 2013 Community Alumni Award and the 2013
•	organisation. In the same year he received the 2013 Community Alumni Award and the 2013 Chancellor's Award for Excellence from the University of Technology, Sydney, becoming a member or the UTS Luminaries.
Special responsibilities:	Remuneration Committee and Investment Committee.

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the Foundation's Board of Directors and of each board committee held during the financial year ended 31 March 2021, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board		Investment Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held
Carlie-Ann Bender	3	3	-	-		(-
Robert Coombe	3	3	3	4	1	1
Gregory Cooper	3	3	4	4	-	
Michelle Gray	3	3		-	-	-
Helen McCabe	3	3	-		-	-
Emily Hill	3	3	-	••• •••	-	1 11 0
Andrew Penfold	3	3	4	4	1	1
Warren Mundine	2	3	1	a)	1	1

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the relevant committee.

Contributions on winding up

In the event of the Foundation being wound up, members are required to contribute a maximum of \$10 each.

The total amount that members of the Foundation are liable to contribute if the Foundation is wound up is \$40, based on 4 current ordinary members.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 60-40 of the Australian Charities and Notfor-profits Commission Act 2012 (ACNC Act) is set out on the following page.

This report is made in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the ACNC Regulation 2013.

On behalf of the directors

Nyúnggai Warren Mundine AO Non-Executive Chairman

29 April 2021

Andrew Penfold AM, FAICD

Executive Director

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Tel: +61 2 9251 4100 Fax: +61 2 9240 9821 www.bdo.com.au Level 11, 1 Margaret St Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY KIERAN GOULD TO THE DIRECTORS OF AUSTRALIAN INDIGENOUS EDUCATION FOUNDATION

As lead auditor for the audit of Australian Indigenous Education Foundation for the year ended 31 March 2021, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Keens and

Kieran Gould Director BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Sydney, 29 April 2021

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Financial report For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

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General information

The financial report covers Australian Indigenous Education Foundation as an individual entity. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is Australian Indigenous Education Foundation's functional and presentation currency.

The financial report covers the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

The financial report consists of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and the directors' declaration.

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation is a not-for-profit unlisted company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 2, Suite 2A 2-12 Foveaux Street Surry Hills NSW 2010

A description of the nature of the Foundation's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial report.

The financial report was authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 29 April 2021.

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue			
Government funding of scholarships		8,000,000	12,000,000
Government establishment grant		2,000,000	3,000,000
Donations for scholarships		5,741,031	5,157,033
Investment earnings	3	2,786,473	1,083,409
Other revenue	3	861,097	978,531
Total revenue		19,388,601	22,218,973
	_		
Expenses			
Scholarship distributions	4	(8,278,631)	(10,418,191)
Operating and other expenses		(2,568,342)	(2,669,804)
Total expenses	4	(10,846,973)	(13,087,995)
Surplus before income tax expense		8,541,628	9,130,978
Income tax expense	_		
Surplus after income tax expense for the year	-	8,541,628	9,130,978
Other comprehensive income			
Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other			
comprehensive income financial assets, net of tax	_	999,000	289,000
Total other comprehensive income for the year	_	999,000	289,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	9,540,628	9,419,978

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Statement of financial position As at 31 March 2021

Assets Current assets	16,718,340 40,000,000	44,693,733
	40,000,000	44 693 733
	40,000,000	44 693 733
Cash and cash equivalents 5		1 1,000,1 00
Other financial assets 6	700 405	32,300,000
Trade and other receivables 7	726,185	548,992
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 8	39,387,022	11,080,977
Total current assets	96,831,547	88,623,702
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment 9	82,881	99,979
Intangible Assets 10	86,568	244,139
Right-of-use Asset 11	254,579	434,282
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive 12 income	1,999,000	1,000,000
Total non-current assets	2,423,028	1,778,400
Total assets	99,254,575	90,402,102
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables 13	1,590,893	2,128,193
Employee Liabilities 14	419,894	304,530
Lease Liability 15	188,343	176,852
Total current liabilities	2,199,130	2,609,575
Non-current liabilities		
Employee benefits 14	54,143	143,509
Lease Liability 15	82,901	271,244
Total non-current liabilities	137,044	414,753
Total liabilities	2,336,174	3,024,328
Net assets	96,918,401	87,377,774
Equity		
Retained surplus	95,115,401	86,573,774
Reserves 20	1,803,000	804,000
Total equity	96,918,401	87,377,774

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Statement of changes in equity For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Reserves \$	Retained Surpluses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 April 2019	515,000	77,442,795	77,957,796
Surplus after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	- 289,000	9,130,978 -	9,130,978 289,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	289,000	9,130,978	9,419,978
Balance at 31 March 2020	804,000	86,573,773	88,377,773
Balance at 1 April 2020	804,000	86,573,773	88,377,773
Surplus after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	- 999,000	8,541,628 -	8,541,628 999,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	999,000	8,541,628	9,540,628
Balance at 31 March 2021	1,803,000	95,115,401	96,918,401

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Statement of cash flows For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from donations and contributions Receipts from government grants Scholarship distributions Receipts from other activities Payments to suppliers and employees Investment earnings Finance Costs Paid		5,539,960 11,500,000 (8,131,517) 956,668 (4,434,525) 1,507,452 (14,563)	5,325,493 16,500,000 (10,443,120) 982,588 (3,424,088) 2,535,519 (19,955)
Net cash from operating activities	18	6,923,475	10,451,409
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets Payments for additional term deposits Payments for investments Redemptions of Investments Net cash from (used in) investing activities		(22,014) - (7,700,000) (27,000,000) - - (34,722,014)	(3,018) (83,958) 9,800,000 - 7,178,091 16,891,115
Cash flows from financing activities Lease principal repayments Net cash used in financing activities		(176,854) (176,854)	<u>(165,889)</u> (165,889)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(27,975,393)	27,176,635
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		44,693,733	17,517,098
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	16,718,340	44,693,733

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

In the directors' opinion, the Foundation is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 (ACNC Act)* and various state legislation including the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 requirements to prepare and distribute financial statements to the members of Australian Indigenous Education Foundation. The directors have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of Australian Indigenous Education. For the purposes of preparing the financial report, the Foundation is a not-for-profit oriented entity.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of Accounting Standards AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1031 'Materiality', AASB 1048 ' Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures'.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Foundation's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Foundation is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Foundation: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Donations

Donations are recognised at the time the donation is made.

Grants

Grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the Foundation satisfies the performance obligations stated within the funding agreements.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the Foundation is eligible to retain the contribution, the grant will be recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until those conditions are satisfied.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Volunteer services

The Foundation has elected not to recognise volunteer services as either revenue or other form of contribution received. As such, any related consumption or capitalisation of such resources received is also not recognised.

Income tax

As the Foundation is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Scholarship distributions

Scholarship distributions include the Annual Pathways Support Amount (APSA), incorporating the costs of that part of the scholarship provided to support completion of students' studies and transition to a sustainable career, determined on a per head basis.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

The Foundation has receivables at year end and under the standard there are new impairment requirements which use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognise an allowance.

Trade and other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for impairment under an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Office equipment	3-5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Lease term

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the Foundation. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Foundation expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities.

The Foundation has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Intangible Assets

Software

Software is initially recognised at cost. It has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Software has an estimated useful life of between one and three years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Foundation prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in current liabilities in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in current and non-current liabilities, depending on the unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. The liability is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

The Foundation classifies its financial assets into one of the categories discussed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss immediately. Other than trade and other receivables and trade and other payables, the Foundation's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The Foundation does not have any assets held for trading nor does it voluntarily classify any financial assets as being at fair value through profit or loss.

The Foundation has strategic investments in listed securities which are not accounted for as subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities. For those investments, the Foundation has made an irrevocable election to classify the investments at fair value through other comprehensive income rather than through profit or loss as the Foundation considers this measurement to be the most representative of the business model for these assets. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value through other comprehensive income reserve. Upon disposal any balance within fair value through other comprehensive income reserve is reclassified directly to retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment, in which case the full or partial amount of the dividend is recorded against the associated investments carrying amount.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the assets ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is depreciated replacement cost of an asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an asset class, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is debited against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Foundation's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Fundraising activities

As a charitable institution, Australian Indigenous Education Foundation has requirements under the following state legislation:

ACT – Charitable Collections Act 2003 NSW – Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 SA – Charitable Purposes Act 1939 QLD – Collections Act 1966 VIC – Fundraising Act 1998 SA – Collections for Charitable Purposes Act 1939 WA – Charitable Collections Act 1946 TAS – Collections for Charities Act 2001

These acts prescribe the manner in which fundraising raising appeals are conducted, controlled and reported. During the current and previous financial periods, Australian Indigenous Education Foundation did not incur any direct expenditure whilst undertaking fundraising activities that require further financial disclosure.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is current when: it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Foundation determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and definite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Long service leave provision

As discussed in note 1, the liability for long service leave is recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the consolidated entity estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are consolidated entity's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrence of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The consolidated entity reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, or not exercise a termination option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

	2021	2020
Note 3. Revenue	\$	\$
Investment earnings		
Investment earnings in corporate account	72,856	409,694
Investment in government corporate account	47,539	1,282
Investment earnings in private reserve fund	106,733	124,175
Investment earnings in government scholarship fund	306,117	132,760
Investment earnings in scholarship fund	2,253,228	415,498
	2,786,473	1,083,409
Other revenue - revenue from contracts with customers		
Fees received	751,097	937,275
Other income	110,000	41,256
	861,097	978,531
Note 4. Expenses		
•	2021	2020
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Scholarship distributions	-	
Scholarship distributions Education fees and related costs	-	
	\$	\$
Education fees and related costs	\$ 6,225,739	\$ 8,325,874
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount <i>Expenses</i>	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount <i>Expenses</i> Education fees and related costs	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631 6,225,739	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191 8,325,874
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount <i>Expenses</i> Education fees and related costs Employee benefits expense	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount <i>Expenses</i> Education fees and related costs Employee benefits expense Superannuation expense	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631 6,225,739 3,391,487	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191 8,325,874 3,334,828
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount Expenses Education fees and related costs Employee benefits expense Superannuation expense Office expenses	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631 6,225,739 3,391,487 284,464	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191 8,325,874 3,334,828 244,898
Education fees and related costs Annual Pathways Support Amount <i>Expenses</i> Education fees and related costs Employee benefits expense Superannuation expense	\$ 6,225,739 2,052,892 8,278,631 6,225,739 3,391,487 284,464 716,641	\$ 8,325,874 2,092,317 10,418,191 8,325,874 3,334,828 244,898 758,345

Note 5. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	82	500
Scholarship fund cheque account	1,929,127	15,753,784
Scholarship fund savings account	4,856,633	538,864
AIEF corporate cheque account	2,513,276	9,068,855
AIEF corporate savings account	470,972	2,763,457
AIEF corporate government savings account	1,364.00	241,825
AIEF scholarship fund segregated account	4,352,715	5,364,798
AIEF term deposit cheque account	88	88
AIEF Reserve Savings Account	1,241,846	163,095
Government scholarship fund cheque account	1,343,077	10,708,838
Government scholarship fund savings account	9,160	89,629
	16,718,340	44,693,733

Note 6. Other financial assets

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Government scholarship fund term deposit	10,000,000	-
Scholarship fund term deposit	24,000,000	19,300,000
AIEF corporate term deposit	6,000,000	13,000,000
	40,000,000	32,300,000

Note 7. Trade and other receivables

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Donations receivable	70,000	-
Interest and other receivables	656,185	548,992
	726,185	548,992
Note 8. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Managed investments at fair value through profit or loss	39,387,022	11,080,977

Note 9. Property, plant and equipment

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Plant and equipment - at cost	367,991	361,239
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(285,110)	(261,260)
_	82,881	99,979
Note 10. Intangible Assets		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Computer software - at cost	472,713	472,713
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(386,145)	(228,574)
=	86,568	244,139
Note 11. Right-of-use asset		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Right-of-use asset - at cost	613,985	613,985
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(359,406)	(179,703)
-	254,579	434,282
Note 12. Financial assets at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	2024	2020
	2021 \$	2020 \$
	Ψ	Ψ
Investment – listed companies	1,999,000	1,000,000
Note 13. Trade and other payables		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Trade creditors, accruals and deferrals	105,019	105,563
Education fees and related costs	1,442,912	1,595,166
GST payable	(5,456)	409,023
FBT and PAYG payable	48,418	18,441
-	1,590,893	2,128,193
Note 14. Employee benefits		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
	110.001	304,530
Employee benefits - current	419,894	304,330
Employee benefits - current Employee benefits - non-current	419,894 54,143	143,509

Note 15. Lease liability	2021 \$	2020 \$
	Ŧ	Ŧ
Lease liability - current	188,343	176,852
Lease liability - non-current	82,901	271,244
	271,244	448,096
Note 16. Remuneration of auditors	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Remuneration of BDO Audit of the financial report	22,500	22,500
Additional review of first time adoption of new accounting standards	-	1,000
Other assurance and agreed upon procedures engagements	7,000 13,525	3,500 19,360
GST compliance		
Note 17. Contingent liabilities	43,025	46,360
The Foundation had no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021		
Note 18. Reconciliation of surplus for the year to net cash from operating activities		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Surplus for the year	8,541,628	9,130,978
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	376,386	378,607
Investment (income) expense not received in cash	(1,306,044)	340,296

Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	(177,193)	269,983
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	(537,300)	261,721
Increase in employee benefits	25,998	69,824
Net cash from operating activities	6,923,475	10,451,409

Note 19. Commitments

Under the contracts the Foundation enters into with its educational partners, the Foundation will continue to provide funding for an agreed number of scholarship places on an ongoing basis. However, this is dependent upon having sufficient funds, as determined by the Foundation, and a mechanism for the Foundation to be able to reduce the number of places.

The amount payable each year this is dependent upon several variables including changes in the number of scholarship places, the projected annual increase in school fees, the amount of ABSTUDY received by the schools, the amount of parental contributions and the students' incidental expenses. Based on the level of scholarship distributions in the current year, the Foundation estimates that its total commitment to maintain the Foundation's scholarship program over the next five years is approximately \$46,500,000.

Note 20. Reserves

Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve

The reserve recognises increments and decrements in the fair value of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets. At the reporting date, it was determined that a gain in the fair value of the equity investment existed due to an increase in the market price of the shares. At the reporting date the balance of reserves is \$1,803,000 (2020: \$804,000).

Note 21. Events occurring after the reporting date

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 March 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Foundation's operations, the results of those operations, or the Foundation's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 22. Departmental trading statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the financial year ended 31 March 2021

Revenue Government funding of scholarships 10,000,000 - - - 2,000,000 8,000,000 Investment establishment grant Donations 141,335 1,816,662 467,169 880,344 (518,937) 2,786,473 Donations - 5,231,168 500,000 9,863 - 5,741,031 Annual Pathways Support Amount - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - - Other revenue - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - - Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses Cost contribution Scholarship distributions Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (8,278,631) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - - Deficit before income tax expense (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,588,341) Income tax expense - - - - <		Government Scholarship Fund \$	Private Scholarship Fund \$	Private Reserve Fund \$	Corporate Account \$	Departmental Eliminations \$	Total Foundation \$
Government establishment grant - - - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Investment earnings 141,335 1,816,562 467,169 880,344 (518,937) 2,786,473 Donations - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - 5,741,031 Annual Pathways Support Amount - - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - Other revenue - - - 1,744,186 (883,089) 861,097 Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,568,341) Operating and other expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,234) 5,454,918 (10,846,973) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense	Revenue						
Investment earnings 141,335 1,816,562 467,169 880,344 (518,937) 2,786,473 Donations - 5,231,168 500,000 9,863 - 5,741,031 Annual Pathways Support Amount - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - Other revenue - - 1,744,186 (883,089) 861,097 Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses Cost contribution (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) - 8,541,628 Income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		10,000,000	-	-	-	(2,000,000)	, ,
Donations - 5,231,168 500,000 9,863 - - 5,741,031 Annual Pathways Support Amount Other revenue - - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - - - - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) -		-	-	-	, ,		
Annual Pathways Support Amount Other revenue - - - 2,052,892 (2,052,892) - - Total revenue - - - 1,744,186 (883,089) 861,097 Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses Cost contribution (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - Scholarship distributions (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - - Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - - (2,528,831) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,568,341) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense - - - - - - - - Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets - - - - - -		141,335	, ,	,	,	(518,937)	
Other revenue - - 1,744,186 (883,089) 861,097 Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses Cost contribution (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - Scholarship distributions (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (8,278,631) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,568,341) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,234) 5,454,918 (10,846,973) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense -		-	5,231,168	500,000		-	5,741,031
Total revenue 10,141,335 7,047,730 967,169 6,687,286 (5,454,918) 19,388,601 Expenses Cost contribution Scholarship distributions Operating and other expenses (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,258,341) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,234) 5,454,918 (10,846,973) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense -		-	-	-	, ,		-
Expenses Cost contribution (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - Scholarship distributions (7,318,432) (960,200) - - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses - - (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,568,341) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,234) 5,454,918 (10,846,973) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense - - - - - - - Other comprehensive income Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets - </td <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>007 400</td> <td></td> <td>(, ,</td> <td></td>	•	-	-	007 400		(, ,	
Cost contribution (2,028,267) (1,078,879) (294,879) - 3,402,026 - Scholarship distributions (7,318,432) (960,200) - - (8,278,631) Operating and other expenses - (4,621,233) 2,052,892 (2,568,341) Total expenses (9,346,699) (2,039,079) (294,879) (4,621,234) 5,454,918 (10,846,973) Deficit before income tax expense 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628 Income tax expense - - - - - - - Other comprehensive income Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets -	l otal revenue	10,141,335	7,047,730	967,169	6,687,286	(5,454,918)	19,388,601
Income tax expense	Cost contribution Scholarship distributions Operating and other expenses	(7,318,432)	(960,200)	-		2,052,892	(2,568,341)
Other comprehensive income Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	Deficit before income tax expense	794,636	5,008,650	672,290	2,066,052	-	8,541,628
Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year 794,636 5,008,650 672,290 2,066,052 - 8,541,628	Gain on the revaluation of fair value through	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	_
		794,636	5,008,650	672,290	2,066,052	-	8,541,628

Note 22. Departmental trading statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2020

Revenue Government funding of scholarships 15,000,000 - - - (3,000,000) 12,000,000 Investment establishment grant Donations 132,760 415,498 124,175 558,409 (147,433) 1,083,410 Donations - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - 5,157,033 Annual Pathways Support Amount - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - 5,157,033 Total revenue - - 1,840,999 (862,468) 978,531 Total revenue - - - 2,092,317 2,292,317 - Scholarship distributions (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Total expenses - - - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses - - - - - - - - -		Government Scholarship Fund \$	Private Scholarship Fund \$	Private Reserve Fund \$	Corporate Account \$	Departmental Eliminations \$	Total Foundation \$
Government establishment grant Investment earnings - - - 3,000,000 - 3,000,000 Investment earnings 132,760 415,498 124,175 558,409 (147,433) 1,083,410 Donations - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - 5,157,033 Other revenue - - 1,840,999 (862,468) 978,531 Total revenue 15,132,760 4,998,372 624,175 7,565,885 (6,102,218) 22,218,973 Expenses (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense - - - - -	Revenue			·			
Investment earnings 132,760 415,498 124,175 558,409 (147,433) 1,083,410 Donations - 4,582,874 500,000 74,159 - 5,157,033 Annual Pathways Support Amount - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - Other revenue - - 1,840,999 (862,468) 978,531 Total revenue - - - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (9,423,859) (994,332) - (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses - - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses - <td< td=""><td>Government funding of scholarships</td><td>15,000,000</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>(3,000,000)</td><td>12,000,000</td></td<>	Government funding of scholarships	15,000,000	-	-	-	(3,000,000)	12,000,000
Donations - 4,582,874 500,000 74,159 - 5,157,033 Annual Pathways Support Amount - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - Other revenue 15,132,760 4,998,372 624,175 7,565,885 (6,102,218) 22,218,973 Expenses (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense 2,682,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 9,130,978 Income tax expense - - - - - - - Other comprehensive income - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•	-	-	-		-	
Annual Pathways Support Amount Other revenue - - 2,092,317 (2,092,317) - Total revenue - - 1,840,999 (862,468) 978,531 Total revenue 15,132,760 4,998,372 624,175 7,565,885 (6,102,218) 22,218,973 Expenses (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Operating and other expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense 2,682,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 9,130,978 Income tax expense - - - - - - - Other comprehensive income Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets -	5	132,760		,	,	(147,433)	
Other revenue - - 1,840,999 (862,468) 978,531 Total revenue 15,132,760 4,998,372 624,175 7,565,885 (6,102,218) 22,218,973 Expenses Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (9,423,859) (994,332) - (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses - - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense - - - - - - - Income tax expense -		-	4,582,874	500,000		-	5,157,033
Total revenue 15,132,760 4,998,372 624,175 7,565,885 (6,102,218) 22,218,973 Expenses Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (9,423,859) (994,332) - (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (130,87,995) Deficit before income tax expense 2,682,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 - 9,130,978 Income tax expense -		-	-	-			-
Expenses Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (9,423,859) (994,332) - (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense 2,682,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 - 9,130,978 Income tax expense - - - - - - - Other comprehensive income - - - - - - - Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>004.475</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-	-	004.475			
Cost contribution (3,026,552) (756,976) (136,976) - 3,920,505 - Scholarship distributions (9,423,859) (994,332) - (89,396) 89,396 (10,418,191) Operating and other expenses - - (4,762,122) 2,092,317 (2,669,805) Total expenses (12,450,411) (1,751,308) (136,976) (4,851,518) 6,102,218 (13,087,995) Deficit before income tax expense 2,682,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 - 9,130,978 Income tax expense - <td>lotal revenue</td> <td>15,132,760</td> <td>4,998,372</td> <td>624,175</td> <td>7,565,885</td> <td>(6,102,218)</td> <td>22,218,973</td>	lotal revenue	15,132,760	4,998,372	624,175	7,565,885	(6,102,218)	22,218,973
Income tax expense	Cost contribution Scholarship distributions Operating and other expenses	(9,423,859)	(994,332)	-	(4,762,122)	89,396 2,092,317	(2,669,805)
Other comprehensive income Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	Deficit before income tax expense	2,682,349	3,247,064	487,199	2,714,367	-	9,130,978
Gain on the revaluation of fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Gain on the revaluation of fair value through		-		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year 2,082,349 3,247,064 487,199 2,714,367 - 9,130,978	Total comprehensive income for the year	2,682,349	3,247,064	487,199	2,714,367	-	9,130,978

Note 22. Departmental trading statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021

Note 22. Departmental trading statement of m	Government Scholarship Fund	Private Scholarship Fund	Private Reserve \$	Corporate Account \$	Departmental Eliminations \$	Total Foundation \$
Assets	Ŧ	÷			Ţ	
Current assets				/		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,352,238	11,138,474	1,241,846	2,985,781	-	16,718,339
Other financial assets	10,000,000	24,000,000	-	6,000,000	-	40,000,000
Trade and other receivables	88,608	282,660	105,857	202,527	-	679,652
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		21,342,794	-	18,044,228	-	39,387,022
Total current assets	11,440,846	56,763,928	1,347,703	27,232,536	-	96,785,012
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	-	-		169,449	-	169,449
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	306,568	-	306,568
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fair Value through other comprehensive income financial assets	-	-	1,999,000	-	-	1,999,000
Total non-current assets	-	-	1,999,000	476,018	-	2,475,018
Total assets	11,440,846	56,763,928	3,346,703	27,656,564	-	99,260,030
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	1,442,910	-	-	230,324	-	1,673,233
Employee benefits	-	-	-	531,351	-	531,351
Total current liabilities	1,442,910	-	-	761,675	-	2,204,585
Non-current liabilities						
Employee benefits				54,143		54,143
Other Non-current Liabilities	-	-	-	82,901	-	82,901
Total non-current liabilities	-	-	-	137,044	-	137,044
Total liabilities	1,442,910	-	-	898,719	-	2,341,628
Net assets	9,997,936	56,763,928	3,346,703	26,809,835	-	96,918,402
Equity						
Retained surpluses	9,203,300	51,755,277	871,414	24,743,783	_	86,573,774
Current Year Earnings	794,636	5,008,650	672,290	2,066,052	_	8,541,628
Reserve		-	1,803,000	2,000,002	-	1,803,000
	9,997,936	56,763,928	3,346,703	26,809,835	-	96,918,402
Total equity						

31 March 2020

Note 22. Departmental trading statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020

	Government Scholarship Fund \$	Private Scholarship Fund \$	Private Reserve \$	Corporate Account \$	Departmental Eliminations \$	Total Foundation \$
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	10,798,466	21,657,447	163,095	12,074,725	-	44,693,733
Other financial assets Trade and other receivables	-	18,800,000 216,854	500,000 12,318	13,000,000 267,830	-	32,300,000 497,002
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	216,854 11,080,977	12,310	207,030	-	497,002 11,080,977
Total current assets	10,798,466	51,755,277	675,414	25,342,555		88,571,712
	10,790,400	51,755,277	075,414	20,342,000	-	00,071,712
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	-	-		99,979	-	99,979
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	311,664	-	311,664
Other	-	-	-	486,271	-	486,271
Fair Value through other comprehensive income financial assets	-	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Total non-current assets	-	-	1,000,000	845,925	-	1,830,390
Total assets	10,798,466	51,755,277	1,675,414	26,172,945	-	90,402,102
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	1,595,166	-	-	623,383	-	2,218,549
Employee benefits	-	-	-	391,026	-	391,026
Total current liabilities	1,595,166	-	-	1,014,026	-	2,609,575
Non-current liabilities						
Employee benefits				143,509		143,509
Other Non-current Liabilities	-	-	-	271,244	-	271,244
Total non-current liabilities	-	-	-	414,753	-	414,753
Total liabilities	1,595,166	-	-	1,429,162	-	3,024,329
Net assets	9,203,300	51,755,277	1,675,414	24,743,783	-	87,377,774
Faulty						
Equity Retained surpluses	6,520,951	48,508,214	384,215	22,029,415	-	77,442,795
Current Year Earnings	2,682,349	3,247,064	487,199	2,714,367	_	9,130,979
Reserve	_,00_,010		804,000	_,,	-	804,000
Total equity	9,203,300	51,755,277	1,675,414	24,743,783	-	87,377,774
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Australian Indigenous Education Foundation Directors' declaration

In the directors' opinion

- the Foundation is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared in order to meet the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and various state legislation;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-forprofits Commission Act 2012, Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013, the Australian Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the Foundation's financial position as at 31 March 20201 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Foundation will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the ACNC Regulation 2013 on behalf of the directors by:

Nyunggai Warren Mundine AO Non-Executive Chairman

29 April 2021

Andrew Penfold AM, FAICD Executive Director



Level 11, 1 Margaret St Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Australian Indigenous Education Foundation

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Australian Indigenous Education Foundation (the Foundation), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Australian Indigenous Education Foundation, is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Foundation's financial position as at 31 March 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Basis of accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Foundation's financial reporting responsibilities under the ACNC Act. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Foundation's annual report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.



Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibilities for the Financial Report

The directors of the Foundation are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the requirements of the ACNC Act. The directors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the entity is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (<u>http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx</u>) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

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Kieran Gould Director Sydney, 29 April 2021