

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2023



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The financial statements cover Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited as a consolidated entity consisting of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during the financial year ended 31 December 2023. The registered office and principal place of business of CERA and its controlled entities is:

Level 10 200 Victoria Parade East Melbourne VIC 3002

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the functional and presentation currency of CERA.

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on 2 May 2024 in accordance with a resolution of directors. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.



Directors' Report

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity consisting of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited (ABN 72 076 481 984, referred to as the 'parent entity' or 'CERA'), Centre for Eye Research Australia Foundation (ABN 24 684 029 499, referred to as 'CERA Foundation') and Cerulea Pty Ltd (ABN 97 665 999 762, referred to as 'Cerulea') collectively referred to as the 'consolidated entity' for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited during the financial year and at the date of this report:

Director	Date of appointment	Date of resignation
Mr Simon Coates Brewin	22 Aug 2017	
Professor Peter Fook Meng Choong AO	1 Jan 2023	
Professor Robert Andrew Cuthbertson AO	1 Jun 2017	
Ms Suwanee Dharmalingam	1 Sep 2019	
Ms Christine Elizabeth Edwards	25 Feb 2015	24 Feb 2024
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	20 Feb 2013	
Professor Darren James Kelly	31 Oct 2019	
Ms Nuala Kilgallon	19 Mar 2020	
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	11 Feb 2019	
Ms Wendy Kathryn Miller	15 Aug 2016	
Mr Duncan John Greaves Peppercorn*	1 Feb 2024	
Dr Sergio Darren Bruno Scrofani*	25 Feb 2024	

^{*}Director appointments after the end of the financial year.

The following persons were directors of CERA Foundation Ltd, being the trustee for the Centre for Eye Research Australia Foundation, during the financial year and at the date of this report:

Director	Date of appointment	Date of resignation
Ms Suwanee Dharmalingam	1 Sep 2019	
Ms Christine Elizabeth Edwards	26 Feb 2015	
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	24 Mar 2018	
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	11 Feb 2019	
Ms Wendy Kathryn Miller	13 Dec 2017	

Directors were in office for the entire year unless otherwise stated.



Directors' Report

Qualifications, Experience and Special Responsibilities of Directors

Simon Coates Brewin

Qualifications B Bus, Grad Dip HSM, MBL, GAICD

Experience and expertise Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Deputy Chair and Director, Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital (RVEEH)

Chair, Primary Care and Population Health Committee, RVEEH

Member, Finance Committee, RVEEH

Member, Quality and Safety Committee, RVEEH Deputy Chair, Uniting AgeWell (Vic and Tas) Chair, Governance Committee, Uniting AgeWell

Director, Guardian Network

Member, DPV Health Community Engagement Committee

Peter Fook Meng Choong AO

Qualifications MBBS, MD FRACS, FAOrthA, FAAHMS, MAICD

Experience and expertise Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Ltd [appointed 1 Jan 2023]

Sir Hugh Devine Professor of Surgery, St Vincent's Hospital Melbourne

Head, Department of Surgery, University of Melbourne

Associate Dean, Innovation and Enterprise, Faculty of Medicine Dentistry and

Health Sciences, University of Melbourne

Honorary Clinical Professor, University of Wollongong

Adjunct Professor, School of Aerospace, Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering, Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology University

Fellow, Australian Academy of Health & Medical Science

Fellow, Royal Australasian College of Surgeons Fellow, Australian Orthopaedic Association

Robert Andrew Cuthbertson AO

Qualifications BMedSci, MBBS, PhD FTSE FAHMS

Experience and expertise Non-Executive Director, CSL Limited

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Member, Nominations and Appointments Committee, Centre for Eye

Research Australia Limited [appointed 1 Aug 2023]

Director, Grattan Institute

Enterprise Professor, Faculty of Medicine, Dentistry and Health Sciences,

University of Melbourne

Deputy Chancellor, University of Melbourne Council



Directors' Report

Suwanee Dharmalingam

Qualifications

B. Comm (Accounting and Finance) LLB (UNSW)

Experience and expertise

Senior Portfolio Manager, Leyland Private Asset Management

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Director, CERA Foundation Ltd

Deputy Chair, Audit Finance and Risk Committee, Centre for Eye Research

Australia Limited

Non-Executive Director and Member, The Diplomacy Training Program (DTP)

Member, Finance, Audit and Risk Committee DTP

Member, Fundraising Committee DTP

Member Responsible Investment Association Australasia

Member Financial Advice Association of Australia

Tax (financial) adviser under the Tax Agent Services Act 2009

Christine Elizabeth Edwards

Qualifications

B App Sc, Post Grad Cert Public Sector Management, M Health Admin, GAICD,

Post Grad Cert Editing and Publishing

Experience and expertise

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited [resigned 24 Feb 2024]

Director, CERA Foundation Ltd

Director, Health Recruitment Plus, Tasmania

Public Health and Disaster Committee, Rural Regional and Remote Committee, Inclusion Committee - Australasian College for Emergency

Medicine

Assessment Committee, Australian Medical Council Fellow, Australian Institute of Managers and Leaders

Associate Fellow, Australasian College of Health Service Management

Olivia Paige Hilton

Qualifications

BBus (Mkt) Hons

Experience and expertise

General Manager, Restacking the Odds, Murdoch Children's Institute

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Chair, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited [appointed March 2018] Chair, Nominations and Appointments Committee, Centre for Eye Research

Australia Limited

Member, Audit Finance and Risk Committee, Centre for Eye Research

Australia Limited

Chair, CERA Foundation Ltd

Director, Chuffed.org



Directors' Report

Darren James Kelly

Qualifications

BAppSc (MedLabSc) PhD FASN

Experience and expertise

Director and Executive Chair, OccuRx Pty Ltd

Director and CEO, Certa Therapeutics

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited Director, Cerulea Pty Ltd [appointed 25 Aug 2023]

Director, Enlighten Imaging Pty Ltd

Director, Kelair Pty Ltd Director, Carbonback (NFP)

Entrepreneur in Residence (Venture Partner), Brandon Bio Catalyst

Director, TianLi Biotech Pty Ltd

Chair, Cincera Therapeutics, Scientific Advisory Board

Professional Fellow, University of Melbourne

Nuala Kilgallon

Qualifications

B Comm (Hons) FCA

Experience and expertise

Group Financial Controller, Virgin Australia

Treasurer, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Chair, Audit Finance and Risk Committee, Centre for Eye Research Australia

Limited

Keith Robert Graham Martin

Qualifications

MA BM BCh DM MRCP FRCOphth FRANZCO FARVO FAAPPO ALCM

Experience and expertise

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Director, CERA Foundation Ltd

Chair, Cerulea Pty Ltd [appointed 23 Feb 2023]

Member, Audit Finance and Risk Committee, Centre for Eye Research

Australia Limited

Member, Nominations and Appointments Committee, Centre for Eye

Research Australia Limited

Managing Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Ringland Anderson Professor and Head of Ophthalmology, University of

Melbourne

Honorary Senior Research Fellow, University of Cambridge Honorary Professor of Ophthalmology, University of Sydney

Director, Enlighten Imaging Pty Ltd

Director, Mirugen Pty Ltd

President, Australia and New Zealand Glaucoma Society



Directors' Report

Wendy Kathryn Miller

Qualifications

BA LLB (Melb)

Experience and expertise Head of Corporate Legal, AustralianSuper

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Director, CERA Foundation Ltd

Duncan John Greaves Peppercorn

Qualifications

MA(Hons)

Experience and expertise Chief Operating Officer, Partners in Performance

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Sergio Darren Bruno Scrofani

Qualifications

BSc (Hons), PhD, MBA, GAICD

Experience and expertise Principal, Poplar Advisory Pty Ltd

Director, Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Director, Burnet Institute Director, FinCap Pty Ltd

Company Secretary

The following persons held the position of Company Secretary throughout the financial year:

- Ms Leah Borsboom LLB (Hons), GAICD
- Mrs Fiona George BBus, CPA, GAICD 20 January 2023 to 6 March 2024 (parental leave cover)



Directors' Report

Meeting of Directors for Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, 13 meetings of directors (including Committees of the Board) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	_	Meetings attended	
Mr Simon Coates Brewin	5	5	
Professor Peter Fook Meng Choong AO	5	4	
Professor Robert Andrew Cuthbertson AO	5	5	
Ms Suwanee Dharmalingam	5	4	
Ms Christine Elizabeth Edwards	5	4	
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	5	5	
Professor Darren James Kelly	5	3	
Ms Nuala Kilgallon	5	5	
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	5	5	
Ms Wendy Kathryn Miller	5	4	

Audit, Finance and Risk Committee	Meetings eligible to attend	Meetings attended	
Ms Suwanee Dharmalingam	5	4	
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	5	5	
Ms Nuala Kilgallon	5	5	
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	5	4	

Nominations and Appointments Committee	Meetings eligible to attend	Meetings attended
Professor Robert Andrew Cuthbertson AO	2	2
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	3	3
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	3	3



Directors' Report

Meeting of Directors for CERA Foundation Limited

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, five meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

Board of Directors	Meetings eligible to attend	Meetings attended
Ms Suwanee Dharmalingam	5	4
Ms Christine Elizabeth Edwards	5	4
Ms Olivia Paige Hilton	5	4
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	5	5
Ms Wendy Kathryn Miller	5	4

Meeting of Directors for Cerulea Pty Ltd

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, three meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

Board of Directors	Meetings eligible to attend	Meetings attended	
Professor Keith Robert Graham Martin	3	3	
Professor Darren James Kelly	1	1	

Principal Activities and Strategic Objectives

The principal activity of CERA during the financial year was medical research in the field of ophthalmology. The institute conducts eye research across the full spectrum from laboratory-based basic science and stem cell research through genetics and clinical research, to translational and population-based studies. CERA conducts eye research with real-life impact; translating to better treatments, earlier diagnosis, health education and disease prevention, and unravelling the causes of eye disease through genetics.

CERA aims to save sight and change lives by conducting innovative eye research that makes a difference to patient's lives, and to eliminate the major eye diseases that cause vision loss and blindness and to reduce their impact in the community.

Members' Guarantee

The Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$100 subject to the provisions of the company's constitution.

At 31 December 2023, the collective liability of members was \$700.



Directors' Report

Review of operations

The Net Loss of the consolidated group for the financial year ending 31 December 2023 was (\$15,960) (2022: \$2,210,626 Net Loss).

CERA has launched a transformational campaign to create integrated research facilities to tackle blindness. Significant fit-out works commenced in 2023 to construct the new Eye Clinical Trial Centre and Genetic Engineering Research Hub, alleviating current infrastructure and space constraints. Both fit-out works will be completed in 2024. These fit-out works are funded by external investors and philanthropic donations. The Genetic Engineering Research Hub will be located in our new offices in Victoria Parade, East Melbourne, with the new lease commencing March 2023. The new subsidiary, Cerulea Pty Ltd, is expecting to commence operations in conducting clinical trials from May 2024.

Dividends paid or recommended

As the entities in the group are not-for-profit entities, no dividends were paid or declared during or since the end of the financial year.

Significant changes in state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the entities in the consolidated group during the year.

Events subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matters or circumstance had arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

Environmental matters

The entities are not regulated by any significant regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Insurance of officers

All entities have indemnified their respective directors and executives for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the entities paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the entity against a liability to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.



Directors' Report

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's Declaration of Independence as required under section 60-40 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 is set out on the following page.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director: 🏸

PROF. ANDREW CUTHBERTSON

2 May 2024

Director:

MS. NUALA KILGALLON



Tel: +61 3 9603 1700 Fax: +61 3 9602 3870 www.bdo.com.au Collins Square, Tower Four Level 18, 727 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3008 GPO Box 5099 Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY ELIZABETH BLUNT TO THE DIRECTORS CENTRE FOR EYE RESEARCH AUSTRALIA LIMITED

As lead auditor of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited for the year ended 31 December 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of section 60-40 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Elizabeth Blunt Director

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Melbourne, 2 May 2024



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
REVENUE	Note	\$	\$
Operating revenue			
Federal and State government grants		6,837,714	6,211,357
Clinical trials, LEDS and contract research		6,355,826	6,279,298
Donations and bequests		4,151,199	3,554,537
Philanthropic and other grants		2,101,022	1,641,294
	-	19,445,761	17,686,486
Investment revenue			
Investment income		1,259,163	1,228,642
Franking credit refunds		243,297	340,913
Realised and unrealised investment gains		1,665,212	· ·
Royalty income		9,087	3,721
		3,176,759	1,573,276
Other revenue			
Other income	3	431,594	747,925
		431,594	747,925
TOTAL REVENUE	84	23,054,114	20,007,687
EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	4(a)	14,285,131	13,701,287
Consulting and collaboration expenses		2,486,704	2,327,730
Depreciation and amortisation		1,648,699	661,083
Medical and research costs		1,253,796	989,283
Finance and investment costs	4(b)	809,148	171,737
Travel and entertainment		601,860	421,529
Operating expenses		587,729	459,495
IT expenses		458,678	359,016
Occupancy costs		371,362	14,629
Professional Fees		252,503	174,568
Advertising and Publication costs		168,831	233,277
Other expenses	4(c)	145,633	178,197
Realised and unrealised investment losses		₩ 8	2,526,482
TOTAL EXPENSES		23,070,074	22,218,313
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	61	(15,960)	(2,210,626)
Income tax expense		#ĕ	1816
PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER INCOME TAX		(15,960)	(2,210,626)
Other Comprehensive Income, net of income tax	20 <u>-</u>	•	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(15,960)	(2,210,626)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.





Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
ASSETS	Note	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,122,588	1,962,714
Trade and other receivables	6	1,300,272	1,380,737
Prepayments		167,754	211,849
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,590,614	3,555,300
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets	7	32,034,872	30,892,618
Property, plant and equipment	8	7,151,513	1,598,704
Right of Use assets	9	11,070,155	139,417
Trade and other receivables	6 _	120,931	206,791
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		50,377,471	32,837,530
TOTAL ASSETS		53,968,085	36,392,830
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	4,189,274	1,556,848
Employee Benefits	11	2,356,502	2,275,738
Revenue received in advance		548,517	2,031,706
Lease Liability	12	943,949	252,461
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	9-	8,038,242	6,116,753
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee Benefits	11	204,808	157,744
Lease Liability	12	10,539,210	*
Borrowings	13 _	5,083,452	<u> 2</u>
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	N=	15,827,470	157,744
TOTAL LIABILITIES	o -	23,865,712	6,274,497
No. of the Control	::=	02 11 12 11 12	-
NET ASSETS	-	30,102,373	30,118,333
FOURTY			
EQUITY		100	100
Contributed equity	ow.w	100	100
Reserves	14	19,352,402	17,774,040
Retained earnings	:a -	10,749,871	12,344,193
TOTAL EQUITY	=	30,102,373	30,118,333

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.





Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity As at 31 December 2023

	Contributed Equity	Retained Earnings	Research Reserve	Innovation Fund Reserve	General Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2023	100	12,344,193	12,118,967	5,650,072	5,001	30,118,333
Profit for the year	250	(15,960)	ie:	. 	5.	(15,960)
Transfers to and from reserves	355	(1,578,362)	1,397,901	180,461	ā	.e.c
Balance at 31 December 2023	100	10,749,871	13,516,868	5,830,533	5,001	30,102,373
Balance at 1 January 2022	100	15,634,709	10,728,314	5,960,838	5,001	32,328,962
Loss for the year	: * :	(2,210,626)	363	•	-	(2,210,626)
Transfers to and from reserves, rounding		(1,079,890)	1,390,653	(310,766)	-	(3)
Balance at 31 December 2022	100	12,344,193	12,118,967	5,650,072	5,001	30,118,333



Consolidated Statement of Cashflows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	\$	\$
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-		
Receipts from customers, partners, donors and grantors		21,453,275	20,217,187
Payments to suppliers and staff salaries		(20,911,619)	(18,979,272)
Investment income		1,617,462	1,529,614
Finance costs		(809,148)	(171,737)
Interest received	_	91,966	55,133
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,441,936	2,650,925
CASHFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(5,918,005)	(1,194,687)
Proceeds for disposal of property, plant and equipment		14,385	(#)
Net payments for financial assets		210,158	(379,146)
Proceeds from sale of investment in associate	20	316,723	311,372
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(905,323)	(290,350)
Proceeds from Breakthrough Victoria Investment	_	5,000,000	3-6
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,282,062)	(1,552,811)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		159,874	1,098,114
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,962,714	864,600
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	5	2,122,588	1,962,714



For the year ended 31 December 2023

1 Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB"), the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and associated regulations and the Corporations Act 2001 as appropriate for not-for-profit entities. The directors have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of the consolidated entity.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss.

b) New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

d) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2.

e) Parent entity information

In accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only.

f) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited ('parent entity') as at 31 December 2023 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'consolidated entity'.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the consolidated entity has control. The consolidated entity controls an entity when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

g) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss.

h) Revenue Recognition

The entity recognises revenue as follows:

Grant revenue

Grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when CERA satisfies the performance obligations stated within the funding agreements. If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before CERA is eligible to retain the contribution, the grant revenue will be recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability until those conditions are satisfied. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit and loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Commercial income

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised over time as the services are rendered based on the contracted rate.

Philanthropic income

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Investment revenue

Investment revenue, including dividends and trust income, are recognised when the consolidated entity's right to receive payment is established.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

i) Income Tax

The consolidated entity is exempt from income tax as a charitable institution under subsection 50-5 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

j) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) where it is then recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the ATO is included in Other Receivables or Other Payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from or payable to the ATO is presented as operating cash flows.

k) Current and Non-Current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the Statement of Financial Position based on current and noncurrent classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period, or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is either expected to be settled in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

m) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days. The consolidated entity has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

n) Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the consolidated entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit or a derivative or designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

o) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Furniture and Fittings	5 years
Medical Equipment	5 years
Motor Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Computer software	5 years

The residual values, useful life and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets, whichever is shorter.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Assets not ready for use at the reporting date have been capitalised and will be transferred to Leasehold Improvements at a future point in time in which they become ready for use and will be depreciated in on a straight-line basis over their expected useful life.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the consolidated entity. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and disposal proceeds are taken to profit and loss.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The consolidated entity determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

p) Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, net of any lease incentives received, initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the consolidated entity expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The consolidated entity has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit and loss as incurred.

q) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

r) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries (including non-monetary benefits), annual leave and long service leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

s) Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The redeemable note exhibits the characteristics of a liability and is recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position, net of transaction costs. The corresponding interest on the redeemable note is expensed to profit or loss.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs than at entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

t) Lease Liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the consolidated entity's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

u) Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and assumes that the transaction will take place either in the principal market, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2 Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that management believe to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include historical collection rates.

Employee benefits provision

As discussed in Note 1(r), the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases and inflation have been taken into account.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrence of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Recognition of grant revenue

Determining revenue recognition of grant revenue involves judgements and estimates in order to identify performance obligations to assess whether the revenue is to be recognised at a point in time or over time as an associated estimate of the satisfaction of performance obligations.

3 Income

Profit before Income Tax includes the following specific income.

	2023	2022
Other Income	\$	\$
Salaries Recovered	136,419	328,150
Student Completion payments	125,000	70,000
Rent Recovery	113,540	127,785
Minor Reimbursements	28,912	(= 0)
Profit on Sale of Assets	13,077	
Conference Registration fees	9,941	6,666
Speaker Fee Income	4,069	3,720
Insurance Claim settlements	636	211,604
Total Other Income	431,594	747,925



For the year ended 31 December 2023

4 Expenses

Profit before Income Tax includes the following specific expenses.

4(a) Superannuation	2023 \$	2022 \$
Hay super annuacion		, —
Contributions to superannuation funds on behalf of employees	1,241,259	1,127,194
	1,241,259	1,127,194
•		
	2023	2022
4(b) Finance and Investment costs	\$	\$
Lease Interest and Finance charges	567,734	15,425
Bank Charges	8,293	8,183
Investment Fees	153,289	147,667
Interest Expense	79,832	462
Total Finance and Investment costs	809,148	171,737
	2023	2022
4(c) Other Expenses	\$	\$
Insurance	94,759	60,588
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets, purchase of low cost assets	38,275	73,730
Motor Vehicle expenses	12,599	14,438
Royalty disbursements	340	29,441
Total Other Expenses	145,633	178,197



For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	2,116,663	1,956,590
Petty Cash and other Deposits	5,925	6,124
	2,122,588	1,962,714

6 Trade and Other Receivables

	Note	2023	2022
CURRENT		\$	\$
Trade receivables		753,869	729,253
Provision for expected credit loss		(908)	(44,060)
		752,961	685,193
Sundry Debtors		196,894	3 5
GST receivable		276,483	44,021
Franking credits receivable		70,491	268,372
Accrued Income		3,443	64,368
Funds held in escrow from sale of investment	20	(Et	318,783
		1,300,272	1,380,737
NON-CURRENT			
Sundry Debtors		120,931	206,791
	-	120,931	206,791



For the year ended 31 December 2023

7 Financial Assets

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
- Cash	3,867,661	2,967,700
- Australian Equities	15,544,030	15,874,268
- International Equities	5,451,251	5,077,628
- Fixed Interest - Domestic	4,538,033	4,463,617
- Fixed Interest - International	952,421	1,445,923
- Property Trusts	483,211	453,805
- Alternative assets - Defensive	736,131	178,784
Convertible note at amortised cost	462,134	430,893
	32,034,872	30,892,618

All financial assets have been valued based on their quoted market prices in active markets.

8 Property, plant and equipment

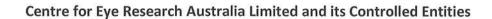
	Medical	*********						
	Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Computer Equipment	Computer Software	Furniture and Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Assets not ready for use	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 31 December 2023								
Balance at the beginning of the year	645,767	13,047	132,855	52,045	37,327	4,195	713,468	1,598,704
Add Additions	307,162		57,969		980	38,356	5,517,734	5,922,201
Less Disposals - cost	*	(875,743)	185	0.	(Fe)	(29,114)	*	(904,857)
Less Disposals - accum. depreciation		875,743	180		-	24,918	-	900,661
Less Depreciation expense	(243,109)	(1,495)	(82,150)	(27,423)	(3,537)	(7,482)		(365,196)
Balance at the end of the year	709,820	11,552	108,674	24,622	34,770	30,873	6,231,202	7,151,513
Year ended 31 December 2022								
Balance at the beginning of the year	496,761	14,973	109,096	79,468	33,877	10,018	ē	744,193
Add Additions	372,382	5	102,167	::#:	6,670	=	713,468	1,194,687
Less Depreciation expense	(223,376)	(1,926)	(78,408)	(27,423)	(3,220)	(5,823)		(340,176)
Balance at the end of the year	645,767	13,047	132,855	52,045	37,327	4,195	713,468	1,598,704





For the year ended 31 December 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
MEDICAL EQUIPMENT		
At cost	5,145,151	4,837,989
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,435,331)	(4,192,222)
	709,820	645,767
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS		
At cost	725,871	1,601,614
Less accumulated depreciation	(714,319)	(1,588,567)
	11,552	13,047
COMPUTER EQUIPMENT		
At cost	933,897	875,929
Less accumulated depreciation	(825,223)	(743,074)
	108,674	132,855
COMPUTER SOFTWARE		
At cost	500,359	500,359
Less accumulated depreciation	(475,737)	(448,314)
	24,622	52,045
FURNITURE and FITTINGS		
Atcost	47,334	46,354
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,564)	(9,027)
	34,770	37,327
MOTOR VEHICLES		
Atcost	38,356	29,114
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,483)	(24,919)
	30,873	4,195
Assets not ready for use	6,231,202	713,468
Total Property, plant and equipment	7,151,513	1,598,704





For the year ended 31 December 2023

9 Right-of-use assets

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Property Right-of-use	W	
At cost	11,913,758	242,634
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,221,090)	(121,650)
	10,692,668	120,985
Computer Equipment Right-of-use		
At cost	893,330	350,212
Less accumulated depreciation	(515,843)	(331,780)
	377,488	18,432
Total Right of Use Assets	11,070,155	139,417

10 Trade and Other Payables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade payables	870,448	742,148
Accrued expenses	3,230,266	667,165
Employee liabilities	88,560	147,535
	4,189,274	1,556,848



For the year ended 31 December 2023

11 Employee Benefits

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Provision for Annual Leave	1,353,259	1,286,496
Provision for Long Service Leave	1,003,243	989,242
	2,356,502	2,275,738
NON-CURRENT		
Provision for Long Service Leave	204,808	157,744
	204,808	157,744

12 Lease Liabilities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Lease Liability	943,949	252,461
	943,949	252,461
NON-CURRENT		
Lease Liability	10,539,210	970
	10,539,210	5.
Future lease payments are due as follows:		
- Within one year	1,568,988	252,461
- One to five years	7,805,350	3=
- More than five years	5,524,186	(#)
	14,898,524	252,461

CERA has a new property lease for premises at 200 Victoria Parade, East Melbourne which commenced on 1 March 2023 for a term of 10 years, with an option to extend. The company also commenced a new lease for computer equipment during the year, with a lease term of 3 years.

Additions to Right-of-Use assets during the year was \$12,214,241 representing the value of the new leased assets, and depreciation charged to profit or loss was \$1,283,503.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 Borrowings

2023	2022
\$	\$
5,000	*
5,078,452	(4)
5,083,452	(4)
	\$ 5,000 5,078,452

During 2023, a Margin Lending facility was established with NAB with a limit of \$6 million to be used for funding fit-out works at 200 Victoria Parade. At 31 December 2023, the undrawn balance of the facility was \$5.95 million. Interest is charged monthly on this facility, with an interest rate at balance date of 8.0%. There is no termination date on this facility, and it is secured with CERA's investment portfolio held with JB Were.

Cerulea entered into a Redeemable Note Deed with Breakthrough Victoria (ACN 647 784 772) in May 2023 for a \$10 million investment into the establishment of Cerulea's clinical trials space. Under the agreement, Breakthrough Victoria has the right to convert their investment into equity after 10 years (May 2033). The \$10 million is to be provided to Cerulea in tranches, and at the end of 2023 a total of \$5 million had been received by Cerulea. Interest is accrued on this facility at a current interest rate equivalent to the TCV 10-year bond rate plus 50 basis points.

14 Reserves

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
RESEARCH UNITS RESERVE		
Opening balance	12,118,967	10,728,314
Transfers In/(Out)	1,397,901	1,390,653
	13,516,868	12,118,967
INNOVATION FUND RESERVE		
Opening balance	5,650,072	5,960,838
Transfers In/(Out)	180,461	(310,766)
	5,830,533	5,650,072
GENERAL RESERVE		
Opening balance	5,001	5,001
	5,001	5,001
Total Reserves	19,352,402	17,774,040



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Research Units Reserve

The Research Units Reserve records the total carried forward funds of the research units available for future research.

Innovation Fund Reserve

The Innovation Fund Reserve supports research that has the potential to build pipeline of projects with commercial potential. This will support the consolidated entity's innovation agenda and build capability in this critical area.

General Reserve

This reserve records the funds set aside for funding of the consolidated entity's central corporate services, future strategic projects for the future, and the unallocated reserves of the consolidated entity. This reserve is the consolidation of the Research Support/Central Reserve, the Strategic Funding Reserve and the General Reserve.

15 Contingent Liabilities

The consolidated entity had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

16 Commitments

Centre for Eye Research Australia Ltd (CERA) entered into a construction agreement in June 2023 with Arete Australia for the construction of fit-out works at 200 Victoria Parade and Level 7, 32 Gisborne Street, East Melbourne. The construction works for both sites are anticipated to be completed by June 2024.

The consolidated entity had no other commitments as at 31 December 2023.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

17 Key management personnel

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity is set out below. Directors of CERA and CERA Foundation are not paid director fees.

2023	2022
\$	\$
1,445,599	1,429,741
1,445,599	1,429,741
155,000	141,913
155,000	141,913
1,600,599	1,571,654
	\$ 1,445,599 1,445,599 155,000

18 Auditors Remuneration

During the financial year, the following fees were paid or payable for audit services provided:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial Audit services (BDO Audit)	54,000	45,000
	54,000	45,000



For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 Related Party transactions

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 20.

Transactions with Related Parties

University of Melbourne (UoM)

The amount payable to UoM includes payments for provision of services and salary transfer costs for which UOM have incurred costs, or made payments, on behalf of the consolidated entity.

CERA recovered \$10,768 (2022: \$167,451) from UoM during the year in relation to salary expenses (including superannuation) paid to CERA employees who were engaged to work on UoM projects. Conversely, CERA paid \$647,893 (2022: \$699,146) to UOM during the year in relation to in salary expenses (inclusive of superannuation) paid to UoM employees who were engaged to work on CERA projects.

Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital (RVEEH)

The RVEEH provides working space and clinical facilities to CERA under an occupancy agreement. CERA provides support and resources to the RVEEH in its role as an international leader in ophthalmology teaching and research.

Receivables from and payable to related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Current Receivables		*
Trade Receivable from UoM	54,090	63,547
Trade Receivable from RVEEH	38,991	88,020
	93,080	151,567
Current Payables	,	
Trade Payable to UoM	238,727	138,443
Trade Payable to RVEEH	1,168	19,254
	239,895	157,697



For the year ended 31 December 2023

20 Interests in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiary in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1.

		Ownershi	p Interest
Name	Principal place of business / Country of Incorporation	2023	2022
CERA Foundation Ltd, as trustee for the Centre for Eye Research Foundation	Australia	100%	100%
Cerulea Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	n/a

21 Interests in associates

Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Information relating to associates that are material to the consolidated entity are set out below.

Name		Ownership Interest	
	Place of Incorporation	2023	2022
Mirugen Pty Ltd	Australia	20%	20%

On 16 March 2021, a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement was signed by the CERA Board for the sale of shares held in CERA Technologies Pty Ltd (trading as "Oculo"). At the time, CERA owned 53,067 shares (17.23%) of the total shares issued. The total proceeds from the sale was \$3,132,506, of which settlement sums were received in 2021 to the value of \$2,494,940 and \$311,372 in 2022. The final 10% remaining in escrow was paid to CERA in May 2023.

Mirugen Pty Ltd was established in 2022 as a biotechnology start-up, receiving seed funding from Australia's national biotech incubator CUREator. CERA's ownership in this entity is 20%, with the value of Net Assets at 31 December 2023 of \$6,040 and Share Capital of \$10.





For the year ended 31 December 2023

22 Events after the reporting period

The fit-out works for the new Eye Clinical Trial Centre in the Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital were completed in March 2024. Clinical trials are anticipated to commence under the new fully owned subsidiary of CERA, Cerulea Pty Ltd, from early May 2024.

The new Genetic Engineering Research Hub will grow our discovery science programs and will operate from our new state-of-the-art purpose-built laboratories at 200 Victoria Parade, East Melbourne. The fit-out of these labs are anticipated to be completed in May/June 2024. The lease for these premises is anticipated to be finalised at the same time.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 December 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the consolidated entity's operations.



Directors' Declaration

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 10 to 34, comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Act 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- b) the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors pursuant to subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulations 2022.

Director:

PROF. ANDREW CUTHBERTSON

Director:

MS. NUALA KILGALLON

2 May 2024



Tel: +61 3 9603 1700 Fax: +61 3 9602 3870 www.bdo.com.au Collins Square, Tower Four Level 18, 727 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3008 GPO Box 5099 Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited (the registered entity) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Centre for Eye Research Australia Limited, is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2022.*

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Directors' Report but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of responsible entities for the Financial Report

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the ACNC Act, and for such internal control as the responsible entities determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, responsible entities are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar3.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Elizabeth Blunt

Director

Melbourne, 2 May 2024