# Country and Outback Health Incorporated

ABN 74 919 613 078

# Annual Report - 30 June 2017

raip of real action setion sets provide reported for a lab. A to be a set \$0000 knowledge

# Country & Outback Health Inc. Board Report 30 June 2017

The board present their report, together with the financial statements, on the incorporated association for the year ended 30 June 2017.

#### **Board Members**

The following persons were members of the board of the incorporated association during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Mr John Gross Mr Richard Elkhoury Dr Scott Lewis Mr Craig Farrow Dr Melanie Considine (resigned 16 November 2016) Ms Lee Martinez (appointed 21 June 2017)

In accordance with Section 35(5) of the Associations Act 1985, the board hereby states that during the financial period ended 30 June 2017:

The board members are paid a sitting fee for the meetings they attend to cover their time and any minor outgoings incurred.

Apart from the above:

- a. No officer of the Association
  - No firm of which an officer is a member; and No body corporate in which an officer has a substantial financial interest has received or become entitled to receive benefit as a result of a contract between the officer, firm or corporate body and the Association.
  - b. No officer of the Association has received directly or indirectly from the Association any payment or other pecuniary value.

#### Objectives

The short-term objective of the incorporated association is to provide high quality health care and related services to all people residing in regional and remote areas of South Australia.

The long-term objective is to continue to the overall health of individuals residing in regional and remote South Australia.

#### **Principal activities**

During the financial period the principal continuing activities of the incorporated association were promoting the prevention or control of diseases in human beings, which incorporates mental health services, drug and alcohol services and chronic disease care services.

#### Performance measures

The incorporated association measures its performance in terms of achievement of strategic and financial objectives on the quality of services provided to all individuals living in remote and regional South Australia.

On behalf of the officers

Gross Chairman

18 October 2017

#### Country & Outback Health Inc. Contents 30 June 2017

# Contents

Statement of profit or loss	3
Statement of financial position	4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Statement of cash flows	6
Notes to the financial statements	8
Boards' declaration	13
Independent auditor's report to the members of Country & Outback Health Incorporated	14

# **General information**

The financial statements cover Country & Outback Health Incorporated as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Country & Outback Health Incorporated's functional and presentation currency.

Country & Outback Health Incorporated is a not-for-profit incorporated association, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are:

# **Registered office**

Principal place of business

12 Chapel St Port Augusta SA 5700 12 Chapel St Port Augusta SA 5700

A description of the nature of the incorporated association's operations and its principal activities are included in the board report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 18 October 2017.

# Country & Outback Health Inc. Statement of Profit or Loss For the period ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017	2016 \$
Revenue	3	<b>\$</b> 8,031,162	ې 7,285,496
Revenue	·	0,000,000	-,,
Expenses			
Staff costs		4,594,892	4,269,921
Third party contractors		703,644	1,350,230
Travel & accommodation		210,903	214,570
Conferences & training		116,138	23,430
Communications and ICT		339,019	339,227
Program expenses		167,641	231,808
Rent		360,503	249,223
Depreciation		100,248	8,078
Other expenses and a contraction of		682,512	605,102
·		7,275,500	7,291,589
Current year surplus / (deficit)		755,662	(6,093)
Income tax expense			-
Net current year surplus / (deficit)		755,662	(6,093)

# Country & Outback Health Inc. Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2017

		Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivaler	nts	4	1,901,681	584,211
Trade and other debtors		5	265,842	584,330
Other Assets		6	Real offering a	45,108
TOTAL CURRENT ASS	ETS		2,167,523	1,213,649
			Reduct of	1. A.
NON-CURRENT ASSET	S			
Property, plant and equi	pment	7	256,400	54,516
TOTAL NON-CURRENT			256,400	54,516
TOTAL ASSETS			2,423,923	1,268,165
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payable	s	8	569,212	451,024
Grants received in advan			24,333	174,933
Unexpended funding			430,397	188,815
Employee Benefits		9	548,230	401,491
Other		11	25,000	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIAE	BILITIES		1,597,172	1,216,263
NON-CURRENT LIABIL	ITIES			
Employee Benefits		10	77,182	57,995
TOTAL NON-CURRENT	LIABILITIES		77,182	57,995
TOTAL LIABILITIES			1,674,354	1,274,258
			749,569	(6,093)
NET ASSETS				(0,000)
EQUITY				
Retained Surplus / (Defic	cit)		749,569	(6,093)
TOTAL EQUITY			749,569	(6,093)

# Country & Outback Health Inc. Statement of Changes in Equity For the period ended 30 June 2017

	Retained Surplus / (Deficit)	Total
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2015	et auf Sch	
Net deficit for the year	(6,093)	(6,093)
Balance at 30 June 2016	(6,093)	(6,093)
Net surplus for the year	755,662	755,662
Balance at 30 June 2017	749,569	749,569

.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

#### Country & Outback Health Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the period ended 30 June 2017

,

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers		8,183,124	6,856,898
Payments to suppliers and employees		(6,579,448)	(6,535,213)
Interest received	19.35	15,926	19,201
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	15	1,619,602	340,886
Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Payment for property, plant and equipment	7	(302, 132)	(62,594)
Net Cash Outflow from Investing Activities	nera ro <u>t r</u>	(302,132)	(62,594)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
Proceeds on transfer of employee leave provisions		ente i de la E	305,919
Net Cash Inflow from Financing Activities	_	-	305,919
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents		1,317,470	584,211
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		584,211	,
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the financial year	4	1,901,681	584,211

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes  ${}_{6}^{6}$ 

# Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements are special purpose financial statement prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirement of the Associations Incorporations Act SA (1985). The board has determined that the association is not a reporting entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where stated specifically, current valuations or non-current assets. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the incorporated association's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the incorporated association and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### Sales revenue

Events, fundraising and raffles are recognised when received or receivable.

#### Grants and Donations

Grants and donations are recognised when the entity obtains control over the funds, which is generally at the time of receipt.

If conditions are attached to the grant that must be satisfied before the association is eligible to receive the contribution, recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

#### Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

#### Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

#### Income tax

As the incorporated association is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

#### Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the incorporated association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the incorporated association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and carried at nominal value less any provision for impairment.

# Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Office equipment

3-5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the incorporated association. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

#### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the incorporated association prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

#### Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

# Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

# Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

# New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the incorporated association for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2017. The incorporated association has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

# Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

# Estimation of useful lives of assets

The incorporated association determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

#### Employee benefits provision

As discussed in note 1, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Note 3:	Revenue and Other Income		
	Project Funding	7,663,196	7,064,272
	Interest Received	15,926	19,201
	Yorketown Trust Dristribution	240,126	171,814
	Other Income	111,914	30,209
		8,031,162	7,285,496
Note 4:	Current assets - cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	2,900	2,100
	Cash at bank	1,847,220	542,111
	Term deposit account	51,561	40,000
		1,901,681	584,211
	aguerno's		
Note 5:	Current assets - trade and other receivables	05 000	440 607
	Trade Debtors	25,008	410,607
	Other Debtors	240,205	173,723
	GST Receivable	629	-
		265,842	584,330
Note 6:	Current assets - other		
	Prepayments	-	45,108
		-	45,108
No.44 7.	Non automatic presents plant of class of an another sectors and a sector of the sector		
Note 7:	Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment	364,726	62,594
	Office Equipment - at Cost	(108,326)	(8,078)
	Less Accumulated Depreciation		54,516
		256,400	04,010

# Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial period are set out below:

	Carrying Amount at 1 July 2016	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation Expense	Carrying Amount at 30 June 2017
Office Equipment	54,516	302,132	-	(100,248)	256,400
	54,516	302,132		(100,248)	256,400

went displetered high a state of the second st

		2017	2016
		\$	\$
		with solar hands for the second	1.2
Note 8:	Current liabilities - trade and other payables		
	Trade Payables	432,427	358,223
	Accruals	136,785	90,325
	GST Payable	-0.75	2,476
		569,212	451,024
Note 9:	Current liabilities - employee benefits		
Note 5.	Annual Leave	440,028	325,970
	Long Service Leave	108,202	75,521
	Long Service Leave	548,230	401,491
	[6] J. S. Harrison, and M. S.		
Note 10:	Non-current liabilities - employee benefits		
	Long Service Leave	77,182	57,995
		77,182	57,995
	and the second sec		
Note 11:	Current liabilities - other		
	Northern SA Regional Alliance	25,000	-
		25,000	-

# Note 12. Contingent liabilities

Country and Outback Health Inc (COBH) have a bank guarantee in place to cover the lease for office premises in Port Augusta.

Apart from the above, COBH had no other contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2017.

Note 13:	Operating Lease Commitments	2017	2016
	Being for rent of office and motor vehicles:	\$	\$
	Payable - minimum lease payments -not later than 12 months -between 12 months and 5 years	381,307 303,861 685,168	

# Note 14. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2017 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the incorporated association's operations, the results of those operations, or the incorporated association's state of affairs in future financial years.

. . . .

Note 15:	Reconciliation of surplus after income tax to net cash from operating activities	2017 \$	2016 \$
	Operating surplus/(deficit) after income tax expense for the year	755,662	(6,093)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	100,248	8,078
	Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
	Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	318,488	(584,330)
	Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	45,108	(45,108)
	Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	209,170	814,772
	Increase/(Decrease) in employee benefits	165,926	153,567
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	25,000	1 1 1
	Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	1,619,602	340,886

## Country & Outback Health Inc. Boards' Declaration 30 June 2017

The members of the board have determined that the incorporated association is not a reporting entity and this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the members of the board the financial statements as set out on page 3 to 12:

- 1. Presents fairly the financial position of Country & Outback Health Inc. as at 30 June 2017 and its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. At the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe that Country & Outback Health Inc. will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is in accordance with a resolution of the board members and signed for and on behalf of the board by:

John Gross

Chairman

18 October 2017



#### **RSM Australia Pty Ltd**

Equinox Building 4, Level 2, 70 Kent Street, Deakin ACT 2600 GPO Box 200, Canberra ACT 2601

> T +61(0) 2 6217 0300 F +61(0) 2 6217 0401

> > www.rsm.com.au

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF

## COUNTRY AND OUTBACK HEALTH INCORPORATED

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a special purpose financial report, of Country and Outback Health Incorporated, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and boards' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects the financial position of Country and Outback Health Incorporated as at 30 June 2017, and its performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Note 1 to the financial statements and the Associations Incorporation Act (SA) 1985.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of Country and Outback Health Incorporated in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist Country and Outback Health Incorporated to meet the requirements of Associations Incorporation Act (SA) 1985. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the applicable legislation and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

14

RSM Australia Pty Ltd is a member of the RSM network and trades as RSM. RSM is the trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction.

RSM Australia Pty Ltd ACN 009 321 377 atf Birdanco Practice Trust ABN 65 319 382 479 trading as RSM

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation



In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <u>http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# **RSM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD**

Canberra, Australian Capital Territory Dated: 19<sup>th</sup> October 2017 R Miller Director