

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited

ABN 41 075 948 444

Report for the six months period ended 30 June 2018

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited

ABN 41 075 948 444

A company limited by guarantee, domiciled in the State of Victoria in Australia.

The company is incorporated in Australia.

The registered office is: 130 Little Collins Street
Melbourne
Victoria 3000
Australia

Auditor: Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
550 Bourke Street
Melbourne
Victoria 3000
Australia

Custodian & Administrator: Northern Trust Corporation
Level 47, 80 Collins Street
Melbourne
Victoria 3000
Australia

Directors' Report

The directors' present their report on the financial statements of the UCA Cash Management Fund Limited (the "Company") for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (the "reporting period"). The prior year comparatives covers a 12 month period of 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017. The Company has no share capital since it is incorporated as a company limited by guarantee.

Directors

The following directors held office at the date of this report and have held office throughout the period (except where indicated) and up to the date of this report.

K Allchin	Non-Executive Director
J Bell	Non-Executive Director
M Browning	Executive Director – <i>Appointed 5 February 2018</i>
D Cousins	Non-Executive Director – Chairperson Chairperson – Remuneration & Nomination Committee
L Mann	Non-Executive Director – Chairperson, Investment Committee
T McCredden	Non-Executive Director
F Pearse	Non-Executive Director
M Walsh	Executive Director – <i>Retired 28 February 2018</i>
D Watson	Non-Executive Director – Chairperson – Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee
G Wilson	Non-Executive Director – <i>Retired 1 July 2018</i>

General Information

UCA Enhanced Cash Portfolio is the investment portfolio which operates within the legal entity UCA Cash Management Fund Limited. Investment in the Company is available to Uniting Church congregations, organisations and agencies and other not-for-profit organisations with a religious, educational or charitable purpose that are registered as Tax Concession Charities. The Company seeks to operate at a low cost and to provide both competitive returns to investors and an annual grant to The Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania. All investments are made within the ethical investment guidelines of the Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania.

The Company is exempt from the fundraising, managed investment and licensing provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001* under Class Order 02/184 as extended by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Instrument 2016/813. The Company has been accordingly registered by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. The Company is also exempt from the *Banking Act 1959* by virtue of APRA Banking Exemption No 1 of 2006.

Principal activities

The Company's principal and continuing activities during the period consisted of:

- (a) Providing an investment medium for congregations, programs, presbyteries and agencies of The Uniting Church in Australia; and
- (b) Providing an investment medium for other non-profit organisations with a religious, charitable or educational purpose.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Company's activities during the period.

Company Constitution/Investment Strategy

The Company is structured to provide a higher interest yield than traditional cash management trusts.

The Company may hold short term money market securities, discount securities, securities that are issued and guaranteed by the Commonwealth or any state or territory government, corporate debt and cash at bank. The Company may also hold longer dated securities including debentures, corporate bonds, preference shares, convertible preference shares, commercial mortgages and community impact loans.

Investor funds are intended to be accepted into the Company for a reasonable period of time. The Company is not designed for use as an 'overnight' money market operation.

Results

Net operating profit of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2018 was \$8,497,000 (2017: \$21,243,000) prior to distributing \$9,039,000 (2017: \$18,106,000) to investors.

Review of Operations

Funds under management decreased by 0.9% during the period to \$718,065,000 at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$724,514,000). Interest was distributed to investors at the rate of 2.60% per annum at 30 June 2018 and 2.50% per annum at 31 December 2017.

The total management fee and expense recovery charged during the reporting period was \$2,507,000 (2017: \$5,050,000) which is calculated at 0.70% per annum (2017: 0.70%) of the net funds under management at the end of each month. The management fee comprised of the following; operating costs of the Company were \$1,842,000 (2017: \$3,218,000) and a grant of \$665,000 (2017: \$1,832,000) was paid to The Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania during the period ended 30 June 2018. The grant is a contribution to the mission of the Church and forms part of the management fee.

Significant changes in state of affairs

During the period the Company resolved to change its financial year end from December to June.

In the Directors' opinion, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the period not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters subsequent to the end of the six months reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2018 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future years.

Likely developments and expected results

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of operations of the Company has not been included in this report because the directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

Environmental Regulation

The Company is not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Information on Directors

Ms Katherine Allchin GAICD, BBus – Marketing

Non-executive Director. She has more than 25 years' experience in the financial services industry, and extensive knowledge in both the retail and institutional funds management space. Her career also includes the building of a number of successful financial services businesses from start-up organisations.

Ms Jane Bell B Ec, LLB, LLM, FAICD

Non-executive Director. She is a banking and finance lawyer with 30 years' experience in senior roles in leading law firms, financial services and corporate treasury operations gained living in Australia, UK, Canada and USA. Since 2002, she has held a number of directorship positions, and is currently a non-executive Director of Biomedical Research Victoria, Monash Health, Jessie McPherson Private Hospital, Chair of the Advisory Group of the Melbourne Genomics Health Alliance, and Trustee of the RSYLTC Foundation.

Mr Mathew Browning BSc F Fin – Appointed 5 February 2018

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer. He is the former General Manager of The Myer Family Company (MFCo). He has over 25 years' experience in financial services, property and professional services, in roles across Australia, Asia and the UK.

Dr David Cousins AM PhD

Non-executive Director. He is an economist and Adjunct Professor with the Centre for Regulatory Studies, Faculty of Law, Monash University. He currently has a statutory role with the NSW Emergency Services Levy Insurance Monitor and is Deputy Chair of the Australian Government Migrant Worker Task Force. Previous positions have included Director of Consumer Affairs Victoria, Commissioner of the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission, and Chairman and Member of the Prices Surveillance Authority. He has worked in private consulting as a Director of KPMG Consulting. He is an active member of The Uniting Church in Australia.

Mr Lindsay Mann BA, FIAA, GAICD

Non-executive Director. He is a Fellow of the Actuaries Institute and brings 40 years financial services experience to the role. He has held a number of senior executive positions in funds management, wealth management and life insurance across Asia, Australia and New Zealand. Since retiring as Regional Head, Asia, of First State Investments in 2010, he has been a Non-executive Director for a number of investment companies and funds in Asia and Australia. He is currently a director of ASX listed companies WAM Capital Limited and WAM Leaders Limited and is a member of the Audit and Risk Committees of both of those companies. He is a member of Glen Waverley congregation of The Uniting Church in Australia.

Mr Terry McCredden B Com (Honours)

Non-executive Director. He has undertaken management courses at Wharton Business School USA and London Business School. He is a former CEO of UniSuper and Telstra Super. He is Chairman of Infradebt, an infrastructure debt manager and is an independent director on the MLC Super board. He is also a member of an international advisory board for DC Placement Advisers Ltd based in Munich, Germany. He serves on the Finance and Investment Committee of the University of Divinity and is Chair of the Leadership Group of Northern Community Church of Christ, his local church.

Ms Fiona Pearse B. Ec. MBA FCPA FAICD

Non-executive Director. She has extensive commercial, financial and tax expertise gained from a broad career spanning almost two decades at ASX-listed, global companies BHP Billiton and BlueScope Steel. She has served in a number of non-executive positions, including as non-executive director of City West Water, a \$2 billion water utility, and as an Advisory Board member to a fintech in Stone & Chalk, developing leading-edge governance, risk and compliance software for the financial services sector. She is currently a non-executive director of Scotch College, one of Australia's leading boys' schools, and of World Vision Australia, the largest charity in Australia. She holds a Senior Executive MBA; she is a Fellow of CPA Australia and is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Mr Michael Walsh M Com – Retired 28 February 2018

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer. He is the former Risk Manager, Head of Responsible Investment Research and Interim Chief Executive Officer of Hunter Hall International Limited. He has over 40 years combined business and financial services experience and possesses more than 15 years in the responsible investment sector as a consultant, publisher, director and senior executive. He is a Non-executive Director of Smallco Investment Manager Limited.

Mr David Watson B Com FCA GAICD

Non-executive Director. David has been a Chartered Accountant since 1983. David was a Partner at Deloitte for 20 years, specialising in providing assurance, transaction and advisory services to fast growing mid cap ASX companies and large private companies primarily in the manufacturing, retail and services industries. David retired from Deloitte after 33 years in May 2013 (at which time Deloitte was the auditor of the Company).

Ms Gayle Wilson MBus Marketing, Grad Dip Marketing, Dip T - Retired 1 July 2018

Non-executive Director. Formerly a director of Merrill Lynch and Citigroup, the CEO of Berndale Securities Ltd, and the first female CEO of a corporate member of the ASX. Within the not-for-profit sector, she was also a former member of the Finance and Investment Committee of the Brotherhood of St Laurence.

Directors' shareholdings

No director holds shares in the Company.

Meetings of Directors

	Meeting of Directors		Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee		Investment Committee		Remuneration & Nominations Committee	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
K Allchin	3	3	2	2	*	*	*	*
J Bell	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	2
M Browning	3	3	*	*	*	*	2	2
D Cousins	3	3	*	*	2	2	2	2
L Mann	3	2	*	*	2	2	*	*
T McCredden	3	2	*	*	2	2	*	*
F Pearse	3	3	2	2	*	*	*	*
M Walsh	1	1	*	*	*	*	*	*
D Watson	3	3	2	2	*	*	*	*
G Wilson	3	3	*	*	2	2	2	1

A = Number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the committee during the reporting period

B = Number of meetings attended

* = Not a member of the relevant committee during the reporting period

Information on Company Secretary

Ms Leeanne Lukaitis B Bus, ASA

Company Secretary. Ms Lukaitis also fills the role of Manager Finance.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

Under clause 4.11.2 of the Regulations of The Uniting Church in Australia, a member of a Church Council or other body responsible for the management and administration of property shall be indemnified against liability for any matter or thing done or liability incurred in the performance of functions as a member thereof except in the case of fraud, criminal act, gross negligence or wilful misconduct.

As at the date of this report, UCA Funds Management Limited has paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the Directors and Officers of the company (as named above) and of any other related body corporate against any liability incurred as such a Director or Officer to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. Due to the confidentiality undertakings of the policy, no further details in respect of the premium or the policy can be disclosed.

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the end of the reporting period, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Company or of any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the rounding off of amounts in the directors' reports and financial statements. Amounts have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.


Auditor's Independence Declaration

Auditor's Independence Declaration as required by section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 7.

This Directors' Report is signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to s.298(2) of the *Corporation Act 2001*.



D Cousins
Director



M Browning
Director

Melbourne
5 December 2018

5 December 2018

The Board of Directors
UCA Funds Management Limited
130 Little Collins Street
MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Board Members,

Independence Declaration - UCA Cash Management Fund Limited

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of UCA Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited for the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report to the Investors of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited (the "Entity") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Entity, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the directors' report for the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of

accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 5 December 2018

Directors' Declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited set out on pages 11 to 29:
 - (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Act 2001*, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
 - (ii) present fairly the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and its performance, as represented by the results of its operations, changes in equity and its cash flows, for the reporting period ended on that date; and
 - (iii) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.295(5) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



D Cousins
Director



M Browning
Director

Melbourne
5 December 2018

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Notes	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest income	4(a)	11,788	24,338
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)	(681)	2,216
Total investment income		<u>11,107</u>	<u>26,554</u>
Expenses			
Management fee	7(a)	2,507	5,050
Other operating expenses		103	261
Total expenses		<u>2,610</u>	<u>5,311</u>
Net operating profit for the reporting period		<u>8,497</u>	<u>21,243</u>
Financing costs attributable to investors			
Interest paid/payable to investors	5	<u>9,039</u>	<u>18,106</u>
Net profit/(loss) for the reporting period		<u>(542)</u>	<u>3,137</u>
Other comprehensive income for the reporting period			
Other comprehensive income for the reporting period		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the reporting period		<u><u>(542)</u></u>	<u><u>3,137</u></u>

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited
Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 June 2018

Statement of Financial Position

		As at	
	Notes	30 June 2018 \$'000	31 December 2017 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10(a)	73,054	143,210
Term deposits		356,000	303,000
Accrued income		4,755	3,545
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss			
Floating rate notes		47,288	37,304
Hybrid securities		76,213	78,099
Mortgage backed securities		780	886
Loans receivable			
Secured mortgages		146,159	135,425
Community impact loans		13,816	23,045
Total assets		<u>718,065</u>	<u>724,514</u>
Liabilities			
Amounts payable to investors:			
External investors		496,750	516,214
Related parties	7(b)	195,324	181,774
Accrued management fee expense		462	479
Interest payable to investors		8,822	8,798
Total liabilities		<u>701,358</u>	<u>707,265</u>
Net assets		<u>16,707</u>	<u>17,249</u>
Equity			
Contributed equity		-	-
Accumulated Reserve	6	16,707	17,249
Total equity		<u>16,707</u>	<u>17,249</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
For the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018

Statement of Cash Flows

		For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
	Notes		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest income		10,577	26,239
Proceeds from sale of financial assets		47,835	57,596
Payments for the purchase of financial assets		(111,012)	(47,480)
Management fees paid		(2,524)	(4,619)
Other operating expenses paid		(103)	(213)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	10(b)	<u>(55,227)</u>	<u>31,523</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Investor applications received		261,304	492,140
Investor redemptions paid		(273,040)	(439,186)
Interest paid to investors		(3,193)	(9,308)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(14,929)</u>	<u>43,646</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(70,156)</u>	<u>75,169</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period		<u>143,210</u>	<u>68,041</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the reporting period	10(a)	<u><u>73,054</u></u>	<u><u>143,210</u></u>

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity
For the six months reporting period ended 30 June 2018

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share Capital \$'000	Accumulated Reserve \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	-	14,112	14,112
Net profit/(loss) for the year	-	3,137	3,137
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	3,137	3,137
Balance at 31 December 2017	-	17,249	17,249
Net profit/(loss) for the reporting period	-	(542)	(542)
Other comprehensive income for the reporting period	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the reporting period	-	(542)	(542)
Balance at 30 June 2018	-	16,707	16,707

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Note 1: General Information

(a) General information

This general purpose financial report covers the legal entity of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited (the "Company"). The registered office is 130 Little Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

The Company does not guarantee an income stream or return on capital.

(b) Investors

Related investors include UCA Funds Management Limited, UCA Growth Fund Limited, Uniting Ethical Australian Equities Trust, Uniting Ethical Enhanced Cash Trust, Funeral Fund and the Ministers Home Endowment Fund, which are managed by UCA Funds Management Limited. External investors represent Uniting Church bodies and other not-for-profit organisations. Investor funds are generally available within 24 hours and are therefore classified as financial liabilities.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report of the Company, comprising the financial statements and notes hereto complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets held at fair value with changes in fair value recognised through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The Company's year end has been changed from December to June. Thus the current reporting period is for the six months ended 30 June 2018.

(b) Investment income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, management of the Company estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(c) Financial assets

Classification

Certain financial instruments are designated at fair value through profit or loss. These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's documented investment strategy.

Measurement

Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. Transaction costs on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date without any deduction for future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at bid prices. In the absence of quoted values financial assets are valued by other financial institutions using appropriate redemption yields.

(d) Loans receivable

Receivables comprise loans and secured mortgages advanced to congregations and other Church organisations. They are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are valued at the amount provided less any principal repayments adjusted for the amortised cost using the effective interest rate and impairment losses.

Interest income is accrued at the balance sheet date from the date of last payment, using the effective interest method.

(e) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call at banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(g) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates its functional currency. This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Company operates. The Australian dollar is also the Company's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Company does not isolate the portion of gains or losses on securities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which are due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(h) Interest paid to investors

The Company pays interest to investors at the rate determined by the Board. Interest is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Interest is payable to investors on 30 June and 31 December.

(i) Income tax

UCA Cash Management Fund Limited is exempt from Income Tax under Section 50-5 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

(j) Goods and services tax (GST)

Where applicable, GST incurred by the Company, that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, has been recognised as part of the expense to which it applies. Receivables and payables are stated with any applicable GST in their value.

The amount of any GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included as a receivable or payable in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

(k) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Company has applied the following standards for the first time for the six month reporting period commencing 1 January 2018:

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments
- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(l) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There have not been any critical accounting judgements or estimations made in the six months reporting period.

(m) Comparative period

The comparative period is for the twelve months from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017.

(n) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Comparative figures disclosed in the financial statements have been restated to align the treatment of cash and cash equivalents and term deposits with the current period. Term Deposits with maturities of less than 3 months at the balance sheet date but greater than three months from the date of acquisition amounting to \$135,000,000 in 2017 have been reclassified as Term Deposits. The restatement did not have an impact on the operating profit of the Company in the current or prior periods.

Note 3: Company Commencement

The Company commenced operating in July 1985 to provide a low cost financial product to tax concession charities and not-for-profit organisations. On 11 October 1996 UCA Cash Management Fund Limited was created as the legal entity to manage the UCA Enhanced Cash Portfolio.

Note 4: Investment Income

(a) Interest income

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Cash and short term deposit at call	1,319	3,071
Term deposits	4,248	7,836
Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss	2,617	5,075
Loans receivable	3,604	8,356
	<u>11,788</u>	<u>24,338</u>

(b) Net gain/(loss) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Net realised gain/(loss)	127	(408)
Net unrealised gain/(loss)	(808)	2,624
Net realised and unrealised gain/(loss)	<u>(681)</u>	<u>2,216</u>

Note 5: Interest Paid to Investors

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Interest paid	217	9,308
Interest payable	8,822	8,798
Total for the reporting period	<u>9,039</u>	<u>18,106</u>

Note 6: Accumulated Reserve Reconciliation

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
The accumulated reserve comprises the following:		
Opening accumulated reserve balance	17,249	14,112
Net profit/(loss) for the reporting period	(542)	3,137
Closing accumulated reserve balance	<u>16,707</u>	<u>17,249</u>

This amount represents interest income and unrealised changes in fair value of financial assets not yet allocated to investors. The amount held meets the objective of holding a portion of the Company's assets, before adjustments, in unallocated assets to investors, which could be used to compensate for any fall in market value of securities or any loss arising from impaired loans. The Company may hold the financial assets giving rise to the unrealised losses arising from fair value to maturity. In this event the unrealised losses will reverse and not crystallise.

Note 7: Related Parties

(a) Management Fee

The management fee is paid to UCA Funds Management Limited and comprises a share of the cost of operating UCA Funds Management Limited and a contribution to The Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania. The management fee is not to exceed 1% per annum of the net value of the funds under management. UCA Funds Management Limited operating cost component of the management fee is based on the actual cost of operations. The management fee expense is recorded on an accruals basis.

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
UCA Funds Management Limited operating costs	1,842	3,218
Contribution to The Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania	<u>665</u>	<u>1,832</u>
	<u>2,507</u>	<u>5,050</u>

(b) Investments in UCA Cash Management Fund Limited

UCA Funds Management Limited, UCA Growth Fund Limited, Uniting Ethical Australian Equities Trust, Uniting Ethical Enhanced Cash Trust, Funeral Fund and the Ministers Home Endowment Fund invest their cash holdings in UCA Cash Management Fund Limited.

The sole member of UCA Cash Management Fund Limited is UCA Funds Management Limited.

(b) Investments in UCA Cash Management Fund Limited (continued)

Funds Invested	As at	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	31 December 2017 \$'000
UCA Funds Management Limited	2,078	578
UCA Growth Fund Limited	52,297	37,313
Uniting Ethical Australian Equities Trust	2,576	2,035
Uniting Ethical Enhanced Cash Trust	127,690	131,237
Funeral Fund	4,679	4,754
Ministers Home Endowment Fund	6,004	5,857
	<u>195,324</u>	<u>181,774</u>

(c) Interest paid/payable

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Interest paid/payable to related entities:		
UCA Funds Management Limited	15	15
UCA Growth Fund Limited	548	1,073
Uniting Ethical Australian Equities Trust	30	78
Uniting Ethical Enhanced Cash Trust	1,656	3,268
Funeral Fund	60	124
Ministers Home Endowment Fund	77	152
Total	<u>2,386</u>	<u>4,710</u>

(d) Key Management Personnel Compensation

The Company has no employees. All Directors are employed by UCA Funds Management Limited in the current reporting period, in the prior period the Directors and employees were employed by the Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania.

(e) Directors

The names of the persons who were the directors of the Company at any time during the period and up to the date of this report were:

K Allchin	Non-Executive Director
J Bell	Non-Executive Director
M Browning	Executive Director – <i>Appointed 5 February 2018</i>
D Cousins	Non-Executive Director – Chairperson
	Chairperson – Remuneration & Nomination Committee
L Mann	Non-Executive Director – Chairperson, Investment Committee
T McCredden	Non-Executive Director
F Pearse	Non-Executive Director
M Walsh	Executive Director – <i>Retired 28 February 2018</i>

(e) Directors (continued)

D Watson	Non-Executive Director Chairperson – Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee
G Wilson	Non-Executive Director – <i>Retired 1 July 2018</i>

Directors' remuneration is paid by UCA Funds Management Limited, which in turn provides management services to UCA Cash Management Fund Limited, UCA Growth Fund Limited, UCA Funds Management Limited, Uniting Ethical Australian Equities Trust, Uniting Ethical Enhanced Cash Trust, Funeral Fund and Ministers Home Endowment Fund.

The remuneration of the executive director and non-executive directors of UCA Funds Management Limited is set out in the following table:

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$
Income paid or payable to directors of the Company by the Company and related parties		
Short-term employee benefits	276,805	460,248
Other long-term benefits	2,049	25,869
Total	<u>278,854</u>	<u>486,117</u>

Short term employee benefits include director fees, executive salary, superannuation, accrued annual leave and sick leave entitlements.

Other long-term benefits include accrued long service leave entitlements.

There are no post-employment benefits, termination benefits or share-based payments applicable.

(f) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly during the financial period. During the reporting period, no director held an account in the Company (2017: nil).

Note 8: Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and loan receivables.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management strategies seek to minimise potential adverse effects of market movements on the Company's financial performance.

Financial risk management is the responsibility of the Director Investments. This responsibility is discharged having regard to policies approved by the Board of Directors. Compliance with Board policies is monitored by the Board's Investment Committee and reported to the Board of Directors quarterly.

The objectives of the Company are to provide an income stream to investors and to provide competitive returns.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the Company's investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market values. The Company manages this risk by:

Diversification of investments within specified limits for individual asset classes. Hence the Company invests in a mix of fixed and floating interest rate securities. The strategic asset allocation as outlined in the investment policy is as follows:

	2018 Tactical Range %	2018 Strategic Allocation %	2018 Actual Allocation %	2017 Actual Allocation %
Cash and cash securities*	20-90	25	29.2	38.5
Fixed interest securities	10-60	35	37.6	28.0
Hybrid securities	0-15	10	10.8	11.0
Secured mortgages	0-25	20	20.5	19.2
Community impact loans	0-15	10	1.9	3.3

The universe of securities available for investment is restricted by the ethical investment policy of The Uniting Church in Australia, Synod of Victoria and Tasmania. UCA Funds Management invests within the ethical guidelines of The Uniting Church in Australia Synod of Victoria and Tasmania. This may have an impact on market risk.

The Church avoids investments in companies whose products, services or practices cause injustice and suffering, infringe human rights or cause unacceptable damage to the natural environment.

The Director Investments monitors the Company's investments with the aid of a specialised software package as well as other resources which can facilitate the identification of investments that do not meet the investment guidelines. A report is presented to the Board of Directors regularly which monitors the compliance of investments with the Uniting Church's ethical investment guidelines. The Board has also established policies and procedures for voting on significant matters at annual general meetings of companies in which the Company invests. The Voting Register is available on our website.

The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

*Cash and cash securities outlined in the Investment Policy includes term deposits with a maturity date less than 90 days from the end of the reporting period.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company's interest-bearing assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Company's assets are a mixture of fixed and floating rate interest bearing investments. Its liabilities are all at a fixed interest rate. The risk of fluctuations in interest rates is limited to the income payable to investors. The possible mismatch in interest rates (between earning at a floating interest rate and paying a fixed interest rate) is monitored by calculating a weighted average running yield, which is assessed on a monthly basis. To mitigate the possible mismatch, the Company has the ability to change the interest rate paid to investors at any time during the reporting period. The table in note 8 (e) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease in interest rates on the Company's net assets.

Interest rate risk is managed by focusing on the duration of the Company's investments. The policy is to limit interest rate risk by restricting the investments to an average duration of between 0 and 1 year. During the reporting period, in which official interest rates remained unchanged, the duration of the Company's investment has been less than the benchmark duration of 0.75 years. In addition the yield of the Company is measured six monthly. The Board, through its Investment Committee, monitors these measures quarterly.

The Company's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate risk (continued)

The interest rate risk disclosures have been prepared on the basis of the Company's direct investments and not on a look-through basis.

The table below sets out the Company's exposure to interest rate risks:

2018	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non- interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	63,054	10,000	-	73,054
Term deposits	-	356,000	-	356,000
Accrued income	-	-	4,755	4,755
Financial assets held at fair value through profit & loss				
Floating rate notes	47,288	-	-	47,288
Hybrid securities	76,213	-	-	76,213
Mortgage backed securities	780	-	-	780
Secured mortgages	2,340	143,819	-	146,159
Community impact loans	10,768	3,048	-	13,816
Total	200,443	512,867	4,755	718,065

2017	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non- interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	143,210	-	-	143,210
Term deposits	-	303,000	-	303,000
Accrued income	-	-	3,545	3,545
Financial assets held at fair value through profit & loss				
Floating rate notes	37,304	-	-	37,304
Hybrid securities	78,099	-	-	78,099
Mortgage backed securities	886	-	-	886
Secured mortgages	2,332	133,093	-	135,425
Community impact loans	19,225	3,820	-	23,045
Total	281,056	439,913	3,545	724,514

The weighted average interest earned on investments for the period ended 30 June 2018 was 3.31% (2017: 3.32%).

(a) Market risk (continued)**(i) Interest rate risk (continued)**

The table below analyses the Company's financial assets into their relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at balance date to the contractual maturity date.

2018	Maturity analysis				
	3 months or less \$'000	4 to 12 months \$'000	1 to 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	73,054	-	-	-	73,054
Term deposits	-	356,000	-	-	356,000
Accrued income	4,755	-	-	-	4,755
Financial assets held at fair value through profit & loss					
Floating rate notes	-	-	9,983	37,305	47,288
Hybrid securities	-	-	-	76,213	76,213
Mortgage backed securities	-	-	-	780	780
Secured mortgages	9,161	26,413	110,585	-	146,159
Community impact loans	-	-	3,338	10,478	13,816
Total	86,970	382,413	123,906	124,776	718,065

2017	Maturity analysis				
	3 months or less \$'000	4 to 12 months \$'000	1 to 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	143,210	-	-	-	143,210
Term deposits	-	303,000	-	-	303,000
Accrued income	3,545	-	-	-	3,545
Financial assets held at fair value through profit & loss					
Floating rate notes	-	-	-	37,304	37,304
Hybrid securities	45,558	-	-	32,541	78,099
Mortgage backed securities	-	-	-	886	886
Secured mortgages	11,181	20,739	103,505	-	135,425
Community impact loans	-	-	10,115	12,930	23,045
Total	203,494	323,739	113,620	83,661	724,514

The table in section note 8 (e) summarises the impact of increases/decreases in official interest rates on the Company's net assets at 30 June 2018. The analysis is based on the assumption that official interest rates increased/decreased by 75 basis points (2017: 75 basis points) with all other variables held constant and that the Company's cash and fixed interest securities and loans moved according to the historical correlation with official interest rates.

(ii) Price risk

The Company is not materially exposed to other price risk.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or in part. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties, together with the respective credit limits, are approved, and
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties.

The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Company is the carrying value of these assets on the Statement of Financial Position.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, and financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

The Company invests in cash and cash equivalents and financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, which have an investment grade as rated by a well-known rating agency. For unrated assets a credit analysis is conducted for each investment and approved by the Director Investments.

Investment by rating category:

Rating	2018	2017
AAA	-	1%
AA-	49%	58%
A+	15%	-
A	2%	-
A-	4%	18%
BBB+	30%	-
BBB	-	23%
Total	100%	100%

The ratings of each of the financial assets are measured against updates issued by Standard & Poor's and Moody's credit rating agencies.

(ii) Secured mortgages

These loans are secured by a registered first mortgage over commercial property. The Company does not lend against owner-occupied residential property. Loans are limited to 66% of the value of the property as ascertained by a valuation issued by a licensed property valuer or by reference to the land value detailed on the most recent municipal rates notice. Loans are provided for fixed terms not exceeding five years. Borrowers are required to demonstrate their ability to service the loan. This is assessed by analysis of the interest cover, normally provided by the rental income from the secured property. Where appropriate, borrowers provide personal guarantees and rental redirections in favour of the Company.

The Board, through its Investment Committee, also analyses the loan portfolio by sector (commercial, retail or industrial) and by geographic location to ensure adequate diversity of security properties. This is monitored regularly by the Director Investments and reported to the Board annually. The Company is not permitted to make loans to one entity (or related entities) which exceed 5% of the value of the investment portfolio without the approval of the Investment Committee.

During the reporting period and the prior period the Company has not experienced any losses due to impairment. The risk of losses is mitigated by the conservative lending practices outlined above.

As at 30 June 2018 there were no loans that were past due and payable or impaired (31 December 2017: nil).

For the reasons outlined above the Directors believe that the Company's exposure to credit risk in relation to the secured mortgages is very limited.

(b) Credit Risk (continued)

(iii) Community impact loans to church bodies

Loans are normally provided for terms of up to fifteen years on a principal and interest basis, with a variable (floating) or fixed interest rate. Borrowers are required to demonstrate their ability to service the loan. This is assessed by analysis of the interest cover, normally provided by operating cash flow and, in some cases, assisted by government grants.

Interest payments are monitored regularly; arrears are measured monthly and reported to the Investment Committee quarterly.

During the reporting period and the prior period, the Company has not experienced any losses due to impairment. The risk of losses is mitigated by the conservative lending practices outlined above.

As at 30 June 2018 there were no loans that were past due and payable or impaired (31 December 2017: nil).

For the reasons outlined above the Directors believe that the Company's exposure to credit risk in relation to the loans to church bodies is limited.

(c) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will experience difficulty in either realising assets or raising sufficient funds to satisfy commitments to investors. Cash flow risk is the risk that the future cash flows derived from holding financial instruments will fluctuate. The risk management guidelines adopted are designed to minimise liquidity and cash flow risk through:

- Ensuring that there is no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments, and
- Applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counterparty or market.

Liquidity risk is measured and monitored regularly by analysis of securities and loans and the Company's asset allocation. Liquidity risk is reported quarterly to the Board through its Investment Committee.

(d) Fair value measurement

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities at the balance sheet date approximated their fair values as all financial assets and liabilities not fair valued are short-term in nature.

	Amount at 30 June 2018 \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss				
Floating rate notes	47,288	-	47,288	-
Hybrid securities	76,213	47,923	28,290	-
Mortgage backed securities	780	-	780	-
Total	124,281	47,923	76,358	-

(d) Fair value measurement (continued)

	Amount at 31 December 2017 \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss				
Floating rate notes	37,304	-	37,304	-
Hybrid securities	78,099	78,099	-	-
Mortgage backed securities	886	-	886	-
Total	116,289	78,099	38,190	-

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Quoted market price represents the fair value determined based on quoted prices on active markets as at the reporting date, without any deduction for transaction costs.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered active but values are based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified with Level 2. These include the floating rate notes and mortgage backed securities that trade in markets that are not considered active but the underlying asset values are based on quoted market prices.

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that included inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(e) Sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the impact of increases/decreases in interest rates on the Company's assets attributable to investors at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017:

2018	Impact on operating profit/loss and net assets attributable to investors		
	Carrying Amount	Interest Rate Risk	
		-75bps	+75 bps
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	73,054	(473)	473
Term deposits	356,000	-	-
Accrued income	4,755	-	-
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss			
Floating rate notes	47,288	(355)	355
Hybrid securities	76,213	(572)	572
Mortgage backed securities	780	(6)	6
Secured mortgages	146,159	(1,096)	1,096
Community impact loans	13,816	(104)	104
Total increase/(decrease)	718,065	(2,606)	2,606

(e) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

2017	Impact on operating profit/loss and net assets attributable to investors		
	Carrying Amount	Interest Rate Risk	
		-75bps	+75 bps
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	143,210	(1,074)	1,074
Term deposits	303,000	-	-
Accrued income	3,545	-	-
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss			
Floating rate notes	37,304	(280)	280
Hybrid securities	78,099	(586)	586
Mortgage backed securities	886	(6)	6
Secured mortgages	135,425	(17)	17
Community impact loans	23,045	(144)	144
Total increase/(decrease)	724,514	(2,107)	2,107

Note 9: Auditor's Remuneration

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 30 June 2017
	\$	\$
<i>Audit Services</i>		
Audit of financial report	20,000	20,000
	20,000	20,000

The auditor of the Company is Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. The audit fees were paid by UCA Funds Management Limited, on behalf of the Company.

Note 10: Note to Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes deposits held at call with a financial institution and amounts which are readily convertible to cash. Cash at the end of the six months reporting period comprises the following cash and cash equivalents:

(a) Reconciliation of Cash (continued)

	As at	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	31 December 2017 \$'000
Cash at bank	9,904	11,861
Short term deposit at call	53,150	131,349
Fixed term deposits (with maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition)	10,000	-
Total cash & cash equivalents	73,054	143,210

(b) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) for the period to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	For the reporting period 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 \$'000	For the reporting period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 \$'000
Net profit/(loss) for the reporting period	(542)	3,137
Interest paid/payable to investors	9,039	18,106
Decrease/(increase) in accrued income	(1,210)	1,899
(Decrease)/increase in expenses payable	(17)	479
Decrease/(increase) in term deposits	(53,000)	7,000
Decrease/(increase) in financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	(7,992)	(5,776)
Decrease/(increase) in loans receivable	(1,505)	6,678
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(55,227)	31,523

(c) Non-cash financing activities

During the period interest payments to investors totalling \$5,822,000 (2017: \$9,877,000) were satisfied through the reinvestment plan.

Note 11: Events occurring after balance sheet date

There were no other matters or significant events that have occurred since balance sheet date which would impact on the financial position of the Company disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2018, or the results and cash flows of the Company for the six months reporting period ended on that date.

Note 12: Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets and liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2018 or at 31 December 2017.